

Annual General Meeting

MEETING
5 October 2023 14:00

PUBLISHED
29 September 2023

Agenda

| <i>Location</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Owner</i> | <i>Time</i> |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Shrewsbury Town Football Club, SY2 6ST | 5/10/23 | | 14:00 |
| 1. Welcome and Apologies | | Tina Long, Acting Chair | 14:00 |
| 2. Minutes of the AGM 29th November 2022 | | Tina Long, Acting Chair | |
| 3. Chair's introduction | | Tina Long, Acting Chair | |
| 4. Guest Speaker | | Mark Donovan and Volunteers | 14:10 |
| 5. Chief Executive's review of 2022/23 | | Patricia Davies | 14:30 |
| 6. Our 2022/23 Quality Account and forward look | | Clair Hobbs | 14:50 |
| 7. Our 2022/23 financial performance and annual accounts | | Sarah Lloyd | 15:05 |
| 8. Questions and comments | | | 15:15 |
| 9. Conclusion | | | |

1. Welcome

2. Minutes of

3. Chair's

4. Guest

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MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

HELD VIRTUALLY VIA MS TEAMS

AT 2.00PM ON TUESDAY 29 NOVEMBER 2022

PRESENT

Chair and Non-Executive Members

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Ms. Nuala O’Kane | (Chair) |
| Ms. Tina Long | (Non-Executive Director) |
| Ms. Cathy Purt | (Non-Executive Director) |

Non-Executive Attendees

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ms. Jill Barker | (Associate Non-Executive Director) |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|

Executive Members

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Ms. Patricia Davies | (Chief Executive) |
| Ms. Sarah Lloyd | (Director of Finance) |
| Ms. Angie Wallace | (Chief Operating Officer) |
| Ms. Clair Hobbs | (Director of Nursing) |
| Ms. Shelley Ramtuhul | (Company Secretary/Director of Governance) |

In Attendance

| | |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Mrs. Lucy Morris | (Minute Taker) |
|-------------------------|----------------|

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| The Rt Hon Anne Milton | Guest Speaker |
|-------------------------------|---------------|

Staff, Partners and Members of the Public

Approximately 70

1. Welcome and apologies

On behalf of the Board Ms O’Kane welcomed all present to the AGM.

Apologies were received from Mr. Harmesh Darbhanga (Non-Executive Director), Ms. Alison Sargent (Non-Executive Director), Mr. P Featherstone (Non-Executive Director), Dr. Mahadeva Ganesh (Medical Director).

2. Minutes of the AGM held on 4 November 2021

The minutes of the last AGM were received and approved.

3. Chair’s introduction

Reflecting on last year, Ms O’Kane noted the Guest Speaker, Mark Brandreth, attended the 2021 AGM to talk about the Shropshire Telford and Wrekin Integrated Care System (ICS). Ms O’Kane confirmed the ICS was now established and is a statutory body and encourages teamwork and collaboration.

Ms O’Kane wished to personally thank every member of ShropCom staff for their continued hard work and paid particular thanks to the guidance and leadership of the Trust Board members. Ms O’Kane said that the Trust’s previous Medical Director, Jane Povey, had now left the Trust to take up another position in the ICS, and thanked her for her contributions. Dr Ganesh was welcomed back as the current Medical Director.

Ms O’Kane acknowledged that ShropCom has made some remarkable achievements, and given the Trust is the smallest provider Trust within our ICS, she wanted to acknowledge the contributions that the Trust makes, along with Partners, towards the health and wellbeing of the communities we serve.

4. Guest Speaker / Award Presentation

Ms O’Kane proceeded to welcome the Rt Hon Anne Milton, as this year’s Guest Speaker.

Anne started her career as a District Nurse in East London and gave an inspirational talk about her career and the importance of community health services. Anne was an MP for Guildford from 2005-2019, and was the Minister of State for Skills and Apprenticeships from 2017-2019.

Anne explained how she is now working with the Purpose Coalition that was set up by the Rt Hon Justine Greening, Former Secretary of State for Education, Transport and International Development. As a member of the Purpose Coalition, ShropCom have won a Purpose Health Coalition Award, in recognition of the great work being carried out to meet the Levelling Up Goal 8: Good Health and Wellbeing. The award was regarding the role ShropCom played in the vaccination programme and about the valuable insight that was gained into the hard to reach communities that were being vaccinated.

Anne presented the virtual award and expressed her heartfelt thanks to ShropCom staff for all the work that is being done. said it had been a pleasure working with Ms Davies and congratulated the Trust on the award and said she was looking forward to continuing to work with ShropCom in future. It is hoped that Anne will visit Shropshire in the near future.

Ms O’Kane thanked Anne for giving up her time to attend the AGM and for presenting the Award. She said it was a pleasure and it is important, as a Trust, that we share the coalition work with partners and promoting it more.

Ms Davies said that working with the coalition had allowed ShropCom to think differently about community interactions, how we can influence both as an organisation and as a health service. The experience of working with healthcare coalition has been really powerful. ShropCom will be continuing its membership due to the value gained from this. Ms Davies also expressed her thanks to Anne for being an advocate for community services and public health.

5. Chief Executive’s review of 2021/22

Ms Davies’ presentation included an outline of who we are and the population we serve, the services we provide, a review of 2021/22, this year’s (2022/23) priorities, and our Ambition.

In terms of the population we serve, the key facts were detailed:

- Population – 500,000
- 1,346 Sq miles
- The Trust employs approximately 1,600 people
- 750,245 community contacts
- Spent £97.3m in delivering services
- 85% of care is delivered in peoples’ homes
- 15% of care is delivered across over 100 sites including 4 community hospitals

Ms Davies described the broad range of services provided by ShropCom, across 5 key areas, including:

- Urgent Care & Specialist Services
- Adults
- Children and Families
- Vaccination Service

- Corporate / Support Services

Ms Davies paid tribute in particular to the corporate and back-office functions and recognised the importance of all the support received from all teams who all contribute to the quality of care provided.

In relation to achievements and celebrations, Ms Davies highlighted some of these, including:

- 61% response rate to the national national survey and ShropCom were the best in the country in terms of community provider response.
- ShropCom were the first Community Trust to become a member of the All Purpose Coalition.
- ShropCom are a regional lead in research.
- ShropCom are on track for delivering RTT and non RTT performance.
- Shropcom have won a plethora of awards, including the Goal 8: Good Health and Wellbeing award, as presented by the Rt Hon Anne Milton.

Ms Davies outlined the 2021/22 strategic priorities and highlighted some of the key achievements, including:

- Achievement of 97% compliance in the national 2 hour response time (against a target of 95%) – this was the highest response rate in the region.
- Funding was received following a successful bid from the system to invest expand rapid response services, targeted case management and expansion of the respiratory service.
- ShropCom were nominated for 3 Nursing Times Awards.
- Community Hospital model enhancement with a focus on rehabilitation and sub-acute care. Ms Davies congratulated the community hospital teams on this phenomenal achievement. From November 2021 the length of stay has reduced from 28 days to 13 and increased occupancy levels from 65% to an average of 95%.
- ShropCom has been the lead providers for the vaccination service, since October 2021 and has been very successful in ensuring good uptake across the system and has regularly been one of the best performing systems both regionally and nationally. Continuing into this year, all residents in our care homes have now been vaccinated and we have the highest level of the delivery of the covid vaccine in the over 65's. Ms Davies noted the phenomenal achievement of being able to deliver 16,000 boosters between 12th and 24th December 2021
- ShropCom were commended nationally in relation to targeting people in the highest levels of inequality. 3 vaccination buses that go out, and we are making every contact count by providing public health, health promotion and targeted support to the hard to reach communities.

Ms Davies gave an overview of the ShropCom Staff Survey 2021 and noted that ShropCom had the highest community provider response rate in the country (61%).

Over the past year, teams and staff have achieved several achievement or awards. Ms Davies highlighted the awards and achievements across the year, including:

- ShropCom People's Awards 2021
- Long Service Awards
- 35 Chairs Awards
- Research Team Awards

Looking forward to 2022/23, Ms Davies highlighted the key strategic priorities for this year:

- Caring for our Communities

- Looking after our people
- Managing our resources

Ms Davies explained the key focus is around virtual wards and delivering care in people's homes. ShropCom are working on a target of 249 beds being in place by December 2023, breaking this down to having 50 in place by December 2022 and 200 in place by April 2023.

For recruitment and retention, which Ms Davies said is the biggest priority for the Trust, and looking after staff, she said there is a phenomenal amount of work taking place and linking with universities, colleges and schools, and apprenticeships to bring new staff into the Trust. We have taken on 12 international recruits, starting with the Trust by the end of December.

ShropCom are looking at how we can support the workforce and manage resources more effectively through the investment in digital systems and technology. The Trust is prioritising the management of delivery of services within the Estate and working with other partners, and the Trust's Green Plan. The Trust have invested in solar panels and which is already paying dividends in terms of fuel efficiency across the Trust.

Ms Davies spoke about the Trust's 2022/23 Priorities, plan on a page and highlighted some of the key areas of focus currently, which were:

- The key focus is on workforce – building on our community of fabulous folk through international recruitment, 'grow local' approaches with schools, colleges and universities, expansion of apprenticeships, through new models and approaches to care delivery with partners.
- Phase 2 of the Local Care Programme focused on expanding our integrated rapid response and urgent care services and position ourselves as the main provider of mobile health care
- On target to achieve the national requirement for backlog clearance across RTT pathways and applying the same approach to non RTT pathways to reduce wait times across all services
- Roll out the successful CYP integrated pilot in run jointly with Shropshire LA Oswestry to North Shrewsbury and clear trajectory for expansion across the county.
- Completion of the Cultural engagement and leadership programme across the organisation.
- 5 year strategy kicked off with the view to have this work completed in line with system strategy by the end of March 2023

Ms Davies spoke about the Trust's key ambitions to focus on over the next 12 months:

To be a key system player within STW ICB and play our part in building strong communities where everyone thrives by:

- Building on what staff have told us to make ShropCom an employer of choice and great place to work
- Empower our staff by expanding our workforce, through skills enhancement and new ways or working with partners and communities
- Embrace the role we play in the system as an anchor institution that provides employment opportunities for our local communities
- To be an 'integrator' of services and resources that 'wraps' around communities to support and empower
- In doing so, be an innovator that provide excellent care at the heart of our communities

Ms O'Kane thanked Ms Davies for her presentation and for her strong leadership that she has given to ShropCom over the past 12 months and beyond.

6. Our 2021/22 Quality Account and forward look

Ms Hobbs reflected on the previous year and reminded those present that the quality accounts were halted as part of the response to managing and releasing resources to cope with the pandemic. She said she was very proud to share the achievements and said this is a testament to the wonderful staff and teams at Shropcom. Ms Hobbs wished to acknowledge and thank all staff for their ongoing support, tireless dedication and the superb work that continues today and has kept going throughout the pandemic challenges.

Ms Hobbs spoke about the 9 quality improvement priorities from 2021/22 and highlighted some of the overall achievements within each priority and these were detailed in the presentation slides.

Ms Hobbs went on to explain the key quality priorities looking forward to 2022/23, recognising that last year's 9 priorities were ambitious, Ms Hobbs said has demonstrated how they have been achieved. There are 3 key priorities for 2022/23, to allow for a concentrated effort to get maximum impact in the right areas moving forward.

The key 3 priorities for 2022/23 are:

- 1) Looking after our staff
- 2) Patient safety and reducing avoidable harm
- 3) Improve the end of life experience for our patients and loved ones

To conclude Ms Hobbs said that she was extremely proud of the staff at Shropcom and their achievements in very challenging times during 2021/22. The Trust remain committed to providing staff with an environment to thrive and to promote exceptional care and compassion to our patients.

On behalf of the patients and communities, Ms O'Kane thanked Ms Hobbs and her staff, and said there was a huge amount of work to be very proud of.

7. Our 2021/22 financial performance and annual accounts

Ms Lloyd informed those present and for information, that the full set of annual accounts is published with the Trust's Annual Report which is published on the website.

In terms of the financial headlines, Ms Lloyd said the Trust has an excellent track record in terms of delivering our financial position and are very proud of this. Ms Lloyd was pleased to report that it has been another great year, and all of the targets have been delivered, as follows:

- Surplus
- Capital investment
- Efficiency
- Cash balance

Ms Lloyd said that this was important as it provides the Trust with financial stability for the future. She said it was important to note that External Audit, who independently review the Trust's accounts, and have given an unmodified opinion and they have also identified no weaknesses in our value for money arrangements.

Ms Lloyd provided an overview of the Trust's financial performance over the last year. She explained that the Trust's income totalled £99.64m with a total expenditure of £97.25m with a surplus of £2.39m. The income was received mainly from CCG Commissioners:

- NHS England - £10.2m
- Local Authorities - £7.5m
- NHS Providers - £1.5m
- Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin CCG - £74.8m
- Other - £5.6m

How we spent our income:

- Staff - £64.3m
- Expenditure on clinical supplies - £14.2m
- Costs of providing premises - £8.5m
- Services received from other NHS providers - £3m
- Other - £7.3m

Ms Lloyd spoke about the expenditure due to our response to Covid-19. The Trust spent more in its response to covid last year and the key reason was that it became the lead provider for the system wide vaccination programme and which incurred costs and delivering a countywide testing service. We also continued to incur other costs, e.g. additional staffing, staff absences and investment in some social distancing measures.

Ms Lloyd noted that workforce costs totalled £64.3m. There was an increase in agency spend last year, by approximately £230K compared to the previous year, which was partly due to the vaccination programme, but also in relation to keeping the community hospital staffing levels safe and because we were seeing an increase in vacancies across our community nursing teams. There is a real focus on the recruitment and retention of our workforce because we want to attract staff into the Trust.

Referring to the Cost Improvement Programme, Ms Lloyd report the Trust delivered savings in excess of target. The Trust delivered nearly £1.8m of efficiencies. The key areas of focus were around procurement, estates and travel savings. Ms Lloyd said that none of the cost improvement schemes and efficiencies are able to move forward until a Quality Equality Impact Assessment has been undertaken, which ensures there are no adverse consequences associated with progressing a scheme and the Trust do not enact a scheme until that has been carried out.

The Trust spent £4.6m on capital during the year, which Ms Lloyd noted was a substantial increase compared to previous years. This allowed the Trust to make welcome investments in our physical environment and invest in sustainability as part of our Green ambitions:

- Refurbishment and upgrading of our premises
- Medical and hospital equipment purchases
- Solar panels and LED lighting
- Digital technology

Looking forward into 2022/23, Ms Lloyd acknowledged the very challenging economic environments. Despite this, ShropCom to date is delivering its financial plan and continue to do so. We are continuing to invest in our workforce and innovate to develop and transform community care for our population. We remain committed to working with partner organisations to deliver seamless, high quality care.

Ms O’Kane thanked Ms Lloyd and the talented team for the comprehensive report and her continued effective and efficient stewardship of the funds.

8. Questions and answer session

There were no questions.

9. Conclusion

Ms O’Kane thanked the Executives for their comprehensive contributions and said it was encouraging to see how well we are doing, and gives her enormous pride to see the high levels of

performance which is exceeding objectives and expectations. She thanked everyone for their contributions and thanked the staff for everything that they do, whose support is appreciated by the patients and community we serve.

On a personal note, Ms O’Kane acknowledged this meeting to be her final AGM after being the Trust Chair for nearly 4 years. She said that she has loved every moment of working with everyone and that it has been a privilege to Chair the organisation and she has been grateful for the opportunity she was given to serve the community in such a way. Finally, Ms O’Kane acknowledged the enormous progress that has been made and said the Trust are on the right path to continue with the transformation that is underway.

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Shropshire Community Health
NHS Trust

Annual Report and Accounts 2022/23



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Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust

Annual Report and Accounts 2022/23

Presented in accordance with the NHS Group Accounting Manual 2022/23
pursuant to the Companies Act 2006

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About this document

This document fulfils the Annual Reporting requirements for NHS trusts.

Copies of this document are available from our website at www.shropscommunityhealth.nhs.uk, by email to shropcom.communications@nhs.net, or in writing from: Chief Executive’s Office, Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust, Ptarmigan House, Shrewsbury Business Park, Shrewsbury, SY2 6LG

If you would like this report in a different format, such as large print, or need it in a different language, please contact our Patient Advice and Liaison Service who can arrange that on 0800 032 1107 or email shropcom.customerservices@nhs.net.

Foreword

Welcome from the Acting Chair

It is my great pleasure to welcome you to our Annual Report and Accounts for 2022/23.



I had the privilege of taking over as Acting Chair in February this year following Nuala O’Kane stepping down from the role. Nuala was with the Trust for eight rewarding years four of which as Chair and was a highly respected and valued member of the Trust. Her breadth of experience has provided an invaluable insight into the health needs of the local community and how the Trust can address these through its strategies and care planning.

Nuala will be missed, and it is an absolute privilege to take over the reins from her and be Chair of ShropCom.

Over the last year much of our focus has been on partnership working with all partners in the Shropshire Telford and Wrekin System. We have been working closely across the system to develop services that keep people in their own homes wherever possible and welcomed the formation of the NHS Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin ICB in July 2022. I am looking forward to the potential of the work underway for Place and Neighbourhoods as we go into this next year.

The Local Care Programme has been progressing at an impressive pace during this time. Our Virtual Ward service was launched in September 2022 and as of March 2023 had achieved the milestone of 100 patients using the service. I am very much looking forward to watching the service develop and continue to provide care and support for our local communities.

We have had a keen focus on recovering services post Covid, whilst also continuing to keep our patients, communities and staff safe and well. Our vaccination service has continued with their excellent work and delivered successful booster campaigns that have helped towards keeping the most vulnerable in our communities safe.

There is an incredible wealth of talented staff here at ShropCom and because of this we have seen lots of our staff being nominated for and receiving national awards throughout the last year. I am positive these accolades will keep coming over the year ahead and I look forward to celebrating the future successes of our fantastic workforce.

Since taking up the Chair role I have started joining the induction programme for new staff and I have visited several sites and services which I will be continuing to do so going forward.

I would like to say a huge personal thank you to every member of our staff for all your hard work and dedication - I am very much looking forward to working with you all.

I hope you enjoy this Annual Report and Accounts and I look forward to your continued support in 2022/23. If you would like to look at things in a bit more detail. Most of this information can also be found on our website at www.shropscommunityhealth.nhs.uk

Tina Long, Acting Chair

Performance Report

Performance Overview

The first section of the Annual Report and Accounts provides an overview of our performance over the last 12 months. This is a summary of who we are, what we do and how we have performed against our objectives during the year.

Chief Executive's Review of the Year

The last year has been one that has given us much to be proud of when it comes to the achievements and successes of our staff and the programmes of work being delivered across the Trust. Alongside being a year that has seen us work through a number of challenges

One of our key focuses over the last 12 months has been the work we have been doing to develop partnership working and new models of care across all clinical professional groups. The Virtual Ward programme, led by ShropCom, has seen us working closely with colleagues in the ICB, SaTH and Primary Care. We launched Virtual Wards in September 2022 with 5 patients on the caseload and in March 23 we reached the milestone of 100 patients using the Virtual Ward service. An amazing achievement and great example of working together with our system partners to improve patient care.

2022 also saw us teaming up with local healthcare partners on the Integrated Discharge pilot. The pilot ran for 6 weeks resulting in many patients being able to return home with the right support, within hours of being told they were able to be discharged. A huge improvement in supporting people to leave hospital as soon as safely possible, and to the right place of care.

Continuing with building on our partnership working, there was also lots to celebrate in terms of a focus on reducing health inequalities – an initiative we are working on with the Shropshire Local Authority. As part of this work the ShropCom led Brighter Futures Network Events with children's services has been highlighted throughout 2022 as an area of good practice and this model of care is now being rolled out across Shropshire. Again, bringing teams across organisations together with a clear focus on the needs of a community.

All shining examples of how our success here at ShropCom reflects the success of the system. And the value in working together to combine our expertise to meet the needs of the residents across STW. 90% of ShropCom staff are residents within STW therefore, working together to develop and deliver these services is incredibly personal to us all.

We have a wealth of talent here at ShropCom and growing our workforce of fabulous folk has been a top priority for us throughout 2022. Over the last 12 months we have developed several exciting initiatives to attract people to ShropCom as a rewarding place to work and have welcomed several talented new colleagues to the Trust - Including the recruitment of our first cohort of international recruits. We are continually looking to the future of our workforce and how we grow and keep talent. To this end our Golden Ticket programme has been launched with us being able to award our first Golden Tickets.

The Board and I recognise that our Trust and its achievements reflects the community of fabulous folk that work here at ShropCom. And it has therefore, been incredibly inspiring to see individuals and their teams being nominated for key national awards, ShropCom Star Staff Awards and to receive national interest in

Performance Report

the work we are doing.

Another proud moment of 2022 for us and our members of staff was our signing of the Armed Forces Covenant. We have several reservists, veterans and families of serving members of the military at ShropCom, so the signing is incredibly important to us, and we are looking forward to the work this will involve.

Looking to the future we have started to take the learnings of the last year and use these to make positive steps forward in continuing to shape ShropCom as a great place to work. And I am looking forward to seeing these developments progress over the coming year.

I am incredibly proud of our staff here at ShropCom - and there is a lot to be proud of! I continue to feel privileged, both as a practicing clinician and as CEX, to work with everyone at ShropCom and across the STW system.

Thank you,

Patricia Davies, Chief Executive

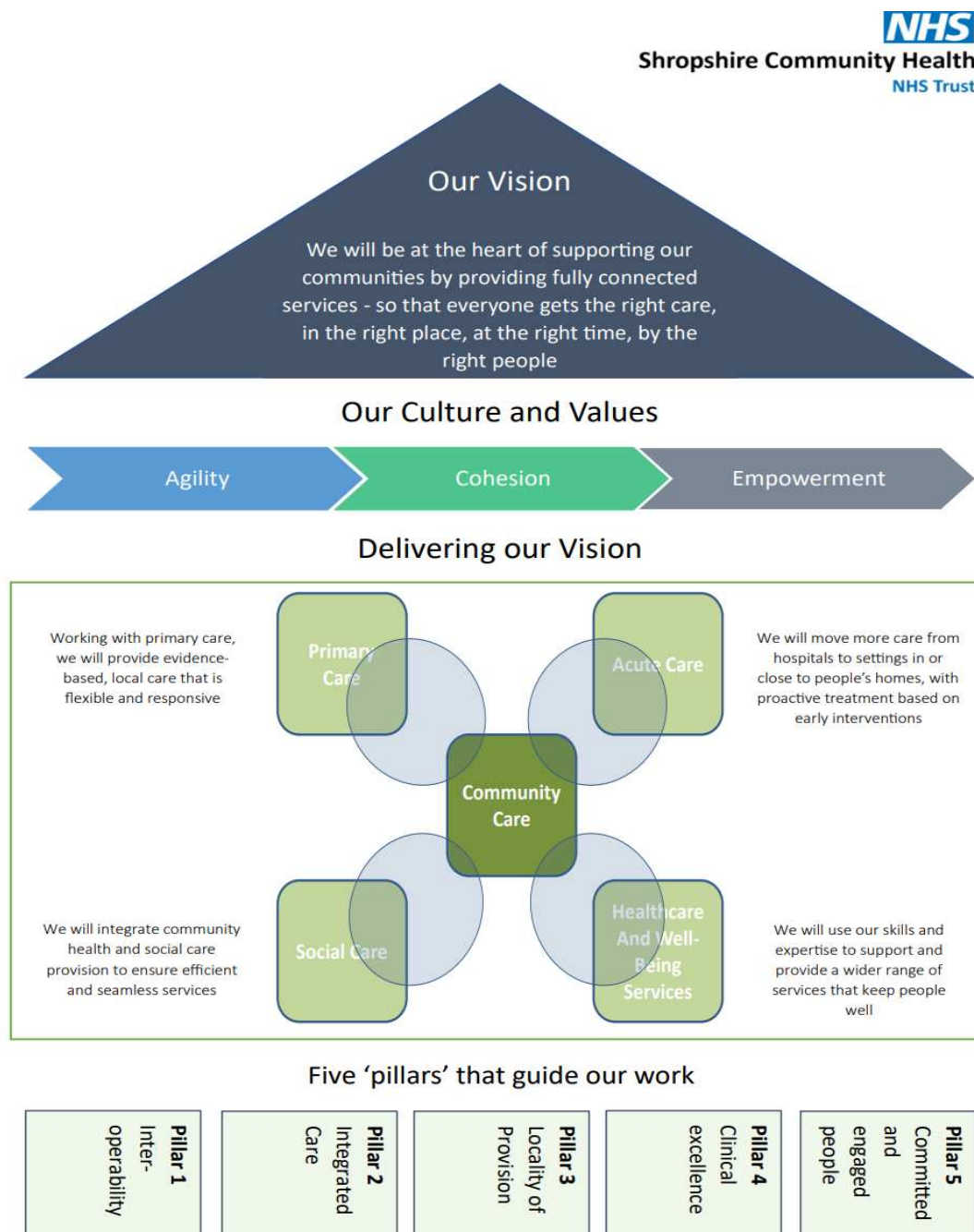
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Performance Report: Performance Overview

Our Vision and Values

Our Vision and Values set out our ambitions and the core set of behaviours and beliefs that guide us in what we say and do.

These were developed following a lot of work with our staff and stakeholders to make sure we got them right, and we have continued to work together to embed them into our everyday work and develop a shared culture.



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Performance Report: Performance Overview

Introducing Shropshire Community Health

Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust provides community-based health services for adults and children in Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin, and some services in surrounding areas too.

We specialise in supporting people’s health needs at home and through outpatient and inpatient care.

Our focus is on prevention and keeping people out of crisis so that they can receive the care and support they need at, or as close to home as possible.

NHS community services may not always be as visible to the public as the larger acute hospitals, but they play a vital role in supporting very many people who live with ongoing health problems. This is especially important in a large area such as ours, with increasing numbers of elderly people and others, including children and young people, with long-term health conditions.



Most of our work is with people in their homes, in community centres and clinics. A very small number of people also receive inpatient care in our community hospitals.

Good community health services prevent the need for some patients to be admitted to hospital, including those with chronic conditions such as diabetes, asthma, chest disease, arthritis, hypertension, osteoporosis and stroke. People have told us that we should help patients manage their own condition and stay healthy enough not to have to spend time in hospital, unless they really need to. This is especially important as we continue to care for an ageing population. We also have community teams that specifically work with patients who need additional or short-term care and support to help them return home from hospital as quickly as possible, or to avoid being admitted in the first place.

We work as a pivotal partner within the Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin integrated care system. We know that high quality community services are vital to helping people to live well within their own homes.

Key Facts:

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Organisation formed in 2011 | Serve a population of almost 500,00 | Employee circa 1600 staff | Spent £105.1m delivering services |
| Provide services from more than 75 sites | | | |

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Performance Report: Performance Overview

Who we are and what we do

The Trust was established on 1 July 2011 by the Secretary of State for Health under the provisions of the National Health Service Act 2006.

We provide a wide range of community health services to about 497,000 adults and children in their own homes, local clinics, health centres, GP surgeries, schools and our community hospitals in Bishop’s Castle, Bridgnorth, Ludlow and Whitchurch.

We realise that it can be confusing to know who is who in the ever-changing world of the National Health Service (NHS), so it may be helpful to explain the various local NHS bodies and where we fit.

We are part of the Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin Integrated Care System. As a provider of community NHS services, we receive most of our income from the Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin Integrated Care Board (ICB), the organisation responsible locally for buying (commissioning) a wide range of health services for patients. Our ICB became a statutory body from 1 July 2022. In 2022/23 our total income for the year was £106.0 million. You can find out more about how we get and spend our money in the Directors Report and Annual Accounts.

The ICBs buy services from organisations that deliver care to patients – often referred to as “providers”. These are generally either acute services (main hospital services) or community services such as community nursing, children and young people’s services and community hospitals. They work with a range of partners including other NHS organisations, the local authorities, patient and service user groups and the voluntary sector.

We provide community services across the county, and work closely with the other providers (The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust, The Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust and Midland Partnership NHS Foundation Trust) and many other organisations to care for the population of Shropshire.

While our services are varied, many of them deliver care and treatment for children and adults, including frail elderly people, who live with long-term illnesses or disabilities and want to maintain as normal a life as possible at home. We are committed to helping them maintain independence and a good quality of life. Services such as our community respiratory team, specialist diabetes nursing service, continence service, and community paediatric nurses are just some of the teams who deliver that. We also provide palliative care to help people achieve the best quality of life towards the end of their life.



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Our Services

The services we deliver can be broken down into three main areas, as illustrated in the tables below.

We have two Service Delivery Groups (SDGs) managing the clinical services that provide direct care and support for our patients - one for Adults and one for Children and Families. Then, wrapped around our frontline staff, we have a range of corporate and support services.

Within the Urgent Care Service Delivery Group, we have successfully established the Virtual Ward; Virtual wards allow patients to get the care they need at home safely and conveniently, rather than being in hospital. This enhances the Rapid Response services that was established in SCHT in 2022. The NHS is increasingly introducing virtual wards to support people at the place they call home, including care homes and Shropcom has successfully established support into care homes via VW.

From January 2023 SCHT took control of Integrated Discharge Team (IDT) in a joint venture with SaTH and have redesigned clinical delivery model and business case is currently going through ICB. IDT is part of the Local Care Transformation Plan.



Adult SDG

- Community Hospitals
- Minor Injury Units
- Integrated Community Services
- Inter-Disciplinary Teams
- Long-Term Conditions & Frail Elderly
- Diabetes
- Tissue Viability
- Continence Services
- Shropshire Wheelchair Service
- Rheumatology
- Physiotherapy
- Podiatry
- Advanced Primary Care Services
- Prison Healthcare
- Diagnostics, Assessment and Access to Rehabilitation and Treatment (DAART)



Children and Families SDG

- Health Visitors
- Children's Therapy Services
- Community Children's Nurses
- School Nurses
- Family Nurse Partnership
- Child Development Centres
- Safeguarding
- New Born Hearing Screening
- Child Health and Audiology
- Community Paediatrics
- Immunisation and Vaccination
- Dental Services



Corporate/Support Services

- Finance
- Workforce/HR
- Organisational Development
- IT and Informatics
- Hotel Services
- Administration Support
- Business Development
- Performance
- Complaints and PALS
- Emergency Planning
- Patient Experience and Involvement
- Assurance (non-clinical)
- Quality
- Communications and Marketing

You can find out more about our full range of services on our website at www.shropcommunityhealth.nhs.uk

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How we are funded and how we spend our money

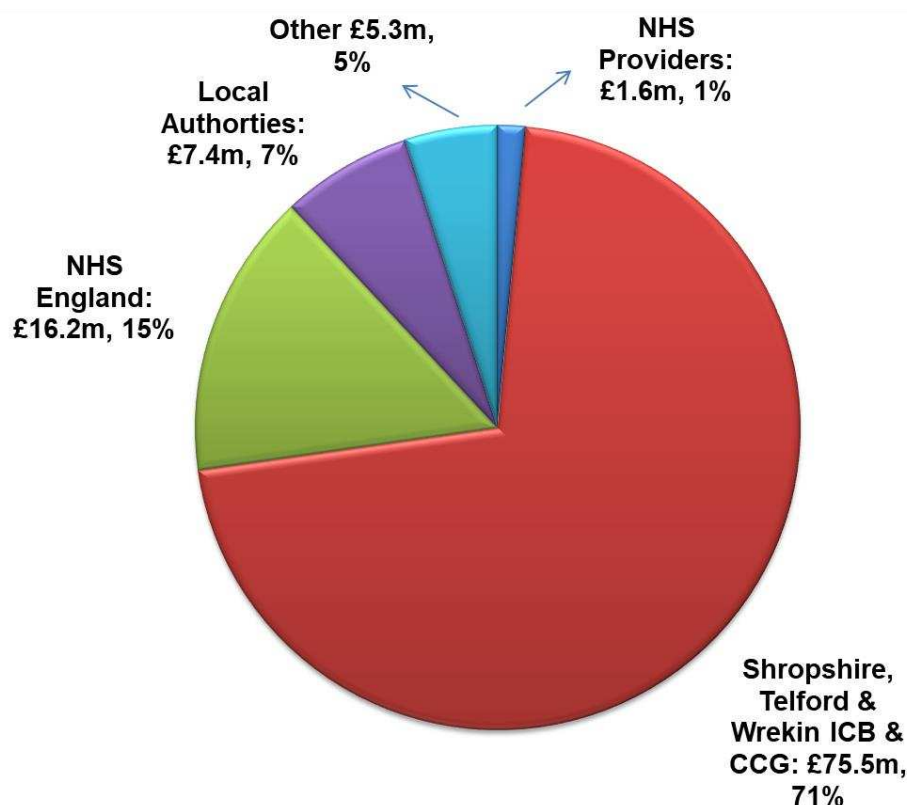
This section provides a very brief overview of how our finances are managed. You can find out more about our finances in the [Remuneration Report](#) and the [Annual Accounts](#).

We receive most of our income from NHS commissioners, including Integrated Care Boards, NHS England, and Local Health Boards in Wales as well as from Local Authorities.

Our commissioners purchase healthcare services from us covering all age groups, including health visiting, district nursing, dentistry, rehabilitation, inpatient care at our community hospitals, outpatient appointments and prison healthcare. We work closely with our health and social care partners to prevent unnecessary hospital admissions and support early discharge where appropriate to do so.

For the 2022/23 financial year the Trust's total income was £106.0 million and most of this came from Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin ICB, with additional income received from organisations including NHS England and Local Authorities. As in previous years, much of the Trust's income was in the form of block contract arrangements.

The chart below shows where we get our money from:



The income we receive is used to fund the services we provide, the most significant element of which is to pay our people. In 2022/23 we spent about £105.1 million delivering services. Overall spend has been summarised into four main areas below:

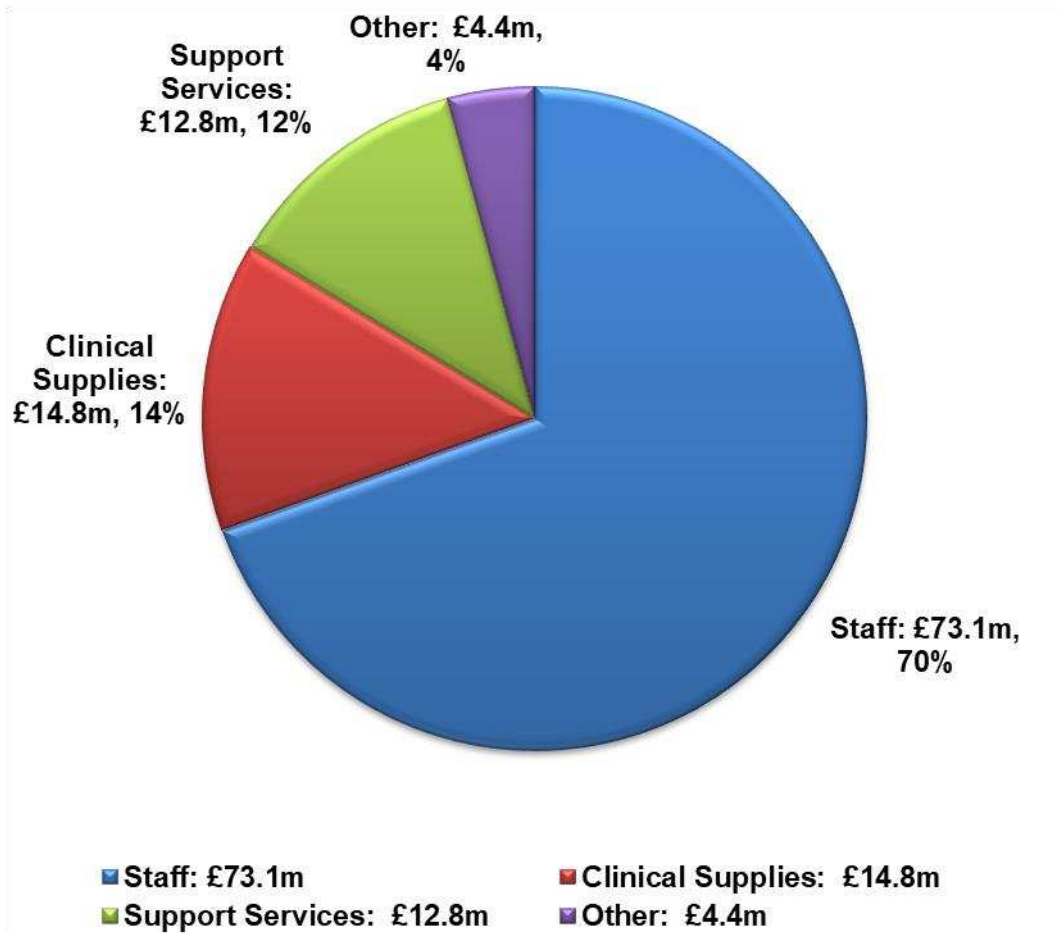
- Our People** – this includes those who provide direct care (e.g., nurses, therapists, doctors, dentists, and healthcare assistants) as well as those people providing essential support (e.g., catering, cleaning, administration, technical, HR and finance).

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- **Clinical Supplies** – such as drugs and dressings that are directly related to providing health care.
- **Support Services** – this refers to supporting services such as postage, telephones and staff training; non-clinical supplies (e.g., uniforms, linen, food and transport), and accommodation (e.g., rent, rates, water, gas and electricity).
- **Other** – other essential costs such as depreciation, finance charges and our contribution to NHS Resolution risk-pooling schemes, including the Clinical Negligence Scheme for Trusts (CNST).

The chart below illustrates how we use the money we are given to provide services:



2022/23 Financial Results

Overall, in 2022/23 the Trust achieved a retained surplus of £833,000. This was larger than planned, mainly due to vacancies resulting in pay costs being lower than expected during the year.

The Trust is pleased to have again met all statutory financial duties for the year.

A more detail review of our finances can be found in the Annual Accounts section of this report.

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2022/23: A Performance Summary

It has been another challenging year, which has left us with plenty to celebrate whilst continuing to learn and improve.

We are an organisation with a strong track record of delivering against our key objectives and targets, and most significantly in the year just gone:

- The Trust has maintained its rating of Good overall for its services, working with the CQC to assess ourselves against the regulator’s standards
- We met our planned financial targets
- We continued to successfully deliver our Covid Vaccination Service
- Developed & strengthened joint partner working across the system on several programmes of work including Virtual Ward, addressing health inequalities and the successful delivery of the IDT Pilot
- Launched the Virtual Ward programme with 5 patient bed at launch and achieved 100 patients using the VW service by March 23
- The Trust and staff have been recognized with a series of national awards and work of the Trust recognized nationally
- The Trust signed the Armed Forces Covenant
- We have had a real focus on recruitment and retention, welcoming new colleagues including our first cohort of international recruits. And have issued our first wave of Golden Tickets.

Key Challenges, Issues and Risks

- **Demand Exceeds Capacity:** Inability to restore activity levels to that provided pre-Covid resulting in increasing waiting times and poor patient experience. Potential for regulatory and system scrutiny and loss of reputation
- **Potential for patient harm due to waiting times:** Inability to restore activity levels to that provided pre-Covid resulting in increasing waiting times and poor patient experience
- **External pressures impact on capacity (wider system escalation or rising pandemic levels):** Immediate operational pressures could reduce focus and prioritisation of the transformative work required to deliver new pathways. Differing priorities of partner organisations
- **Costs exceed plan:** Escalation within system oversight framework and increased regulatory scrutiny, inability to invest, loss of opportunity to transform services
- **Recruitment challenges:** Inability to meet safe staffing requirements, reliance on agency, impact on delivery, reduction in standards of care / patient experience

Performance and Managing Risk

Our Board is responsible for the corporate governance of the organisation by maintaining the quality and safety of care, setting the direction and standards, and ensuring that the necessary systems and processes are in place to deliver the objectives. The Trust’s structures, systems and processes are key to ensuring that standards are upheld.

The Trust recognises the importance of effective risk management and our Board Assurance Framework (BAF) details risks and controls related to all areas of quality, safety and financial. A Corporate Risk Register is also held within the Trust for risks that are trust-wide but are not assessed as high enough to be on the BAF and are mainly operational risks that will be a contributory factor to the level of risk for entries on the BAF.

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Risk is considered at every Board Meeting and monitored down through the committees that report directly to the Board and through the services and teams throughout the organisation.

Performance is monitored to assure both our Board and our commissioners and regulators that the services we are delivering are of high quality and meets the needs of our local population.

We monitor our performance against clear Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), which are aligned with workforce indicators, safer staffing metrics, patients and carer feedback, audit results, complaints and Patient and Advice

Service (PALS) information and staff feedback.

The Trust has measures in place to address fraud, bribery and corruption, and security management issues. This includes the provision of Local Counter Fraud and Security Management Specialists.

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Our Priorities

We are committed to continuing to improve the quality of our services and to continue to work in partnership with colleagues from across the health and care economy to develop and embed new models of care. These commitments, and the challenges described above, have shaped our transformation programme and our Strategic Priorities. For 2023/24 we have identified the following priorities underpinned by our longer-term vision and values.

| Strategic Objective | Strategic Priority and delivery schemes | Milestones and Outcomes | Timeframe |
|--------------------------|---|--|-----------|
| Looking After Our People | Invest in our workforce addressing existing gaps ensuring a compassionate and inclusive culture for all staff. | | |
| | Develop and implement a 5-year workforce plan and a development programme that builds strong leadership and increases our training and apprenticeship opportunities to support a reduction in vacancies and ensure a workforce fit to meet the demands of our patients and progress the implementation of Healthroster. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To progress new ways of working through digital innovation for people processes, improved ESR data quality, expanding our recording of role specific essential training and workforce reporting. Recruitment and Retention improvement plan will be delivered, our time to hire will improve and reliance on agency staffing will reduce. Implementation of Healthroster. To maximise CPD funding and opportunities for educational development, talent management and apprenticeship approaches to support specialist skills, roles, and career pathways, including new roles and flexible employment models for our services. Develop career pathways, succession plans and strategic workforce plans for key roles and services. We will grow our bank to provide an increased and agile flexible workforce. | Q4 |
| Looking After Our People | Aligned to the NHS People Plan and Promise and linked closely to the cultural development work: identify and implement actions to improve staff experience and engagement, including those identified in our Staff Satisfaction Improvement Plan. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our staff will have had the opportunity to attend staff engagement listening events and inform Trust actions to improve staff experience. | Q1 |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our staff satisfaction improvement plan will be finalised. | Q2 |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National Self-Assessment Toolkits will have been completed for all available workstreams to inform actions. | Q3 |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our employee relations climate will be transformed to develop a high performing workforce supported by implementation of Just and Learning culture principals and our Civility and Respect programme will be delivered. | Q4 |

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| Strategic Objective | Strategic Priority and delivery schemes | Milestones and Outcomes | Timeframe |
|---------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved health & wellbeing of our workforce and reduced sickness absence. Retention improvement plan will be delivered, and we will be retaining more of our workforce. We will have implemented the 6 EDI High Impact Actions and RACE Code, and commenced actions identified from national EDI improvement plan. Our WDES and WRES metrics will have improved. We will have implemented the actions from our staff satisfaction improvement plan. Our Staff Survey results for 2023 will have improved, demonstrating a more satisfied and engaged workforce. | |
| | <p>Recognise and celebrate success and learning from success across all services.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise awareness of the Trusts Programmes of work and their successes through regular celebratory internal and external communications and campaigns as detailed on the annual Communications PR schedule. Raise the profile of the Trust, staff and Community Health through regular creative comms campaigns and activity with media and across social media channels. Highlight our services and staff achievements at a series of events/awards throughout the year including the trust Star Staff Awards, Chairs Awards, and national award submissions. Engage regularly with staff to ensure Trust communications are effective and staff feel supported and promoted with the correct communications tools. The Comms team will be carrying out a Staff Comms stock-take and Comms Clinics at several different bases to provide staff with the opportunity to touch base with them re: their comms needs/challenges and carry out upskilling with staff. Celebrate and promote the successes of our staff through utilising the relevant national awareness days as detailed on the Comms Calendar. Throughout the year there are several key dates relevant | <p>Q1-Q4</p> |

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| | | to the Trust and staff. For example – International Nurse’s Day, Maternal Mental Health Week, NHS 75th anniversary, Armed Forces Day – all of which will be used to celebrate and recognise our staff and their work. | |
| Caring For Our Communities | Embed a culture of continuous quality improvement ensuring robust systems are in place and actions identified for priority areas. | | |
| | Implement and embed the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) across the Trust | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with Patient Safety Standards with a ratified Patient Safety Plan and Patient Safety Incident Response Policy in place. | Q3 |
| | Continue to deliver quality improvements, identifying learning needs, and supporting staff to enhance pressure ulcer management and reduce inpatients falls. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Roll out of PURPOSE T pressure ulcer risk assessment as advised by NHSE by November 2023 for all community areas including children’s services. Achievement of Commissioning for Quality and Innovation (CQUIN) 12 ‘Assessment and documentation of pressure ulcer risk’ in community hospitals. Standardisation of pressure relieving equipment with associated pathways to support clinical decision making which will be proactively supported by new in post Tissue Viability equipment Coordinator. Bespoke training programmes for high-risk teams to look at themes from Root Cause Analysis (RCA’s) and improvement measures. Pressure Ulcer Champions to be developed in all clinical areas to promote pressure ulcer prevention and management advice. Roll out of simple assistive technology for falls prevention across our bed bases. Complete evaluation of complex visual assistive technology for falls prevention and proceed to complete capital bid proposal if evaluation supportive of implementation. Achieve and sustain ≥95% compliance with the use and interpretation of lying and standing BP recording and interpretation. Complete revision of SCHAT Falls guidelines in line with national best practice and PSIRF. Review and revision of SCHAT Enhanced Supervision Policy. | Q3 |
| | | | Q4 |
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| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full implementation of revised SCHAT Falls guidelines. • Full implementation of SCHAT Enhanced Supervision Policy. • Achieve and sustain ≥95% compliance with mandatory falls prevention training for our inpatient teams. • Reduce mean incidence of falls across Q1 and Q2 to ≤6 per 1000 Occupied Bed Day. • Reduce incidence of repeated falls in the same patient to ≤ 1 patient per month. • Reduce annualised mean incidence of falls to ≤6 per 1000 Occupied Bed Days. • Reduce harm from falls, reducing number of serious incidents relating to falls to ≤2 in 2023/24. | |
| | Strengthen our use of patient experience information supported by robust governance processes to ensure that we are listening and improving our services. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review current patient feedback methods used across the Trust. • Ensure a robust programme of Observe & Act is embedded. • Continue to strengthen our relationship with Healthwatch. • Expand digital methods of patient feedback. • Implement a Patient Experience Delivery Group to report into Patient Experience Committee. • Develop robust processes and structures to provide assurance that actions from patient feedback are implemented and shared. • Publicise patient and service user feedback more regularly and robustly for staff, patients and public. • Power of Feedback away day to ensure staff are aware of importance of feedback. | <p>Q1</p> <p>Q2</p> <p>Q3</p> |
| | Develop and embed robust processes to undertake research and identify areas for clinical developments. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To continue to deliver high quality research, reaching all WM Clinical Research Network High Level Objectives and gaining Research Capacity Funding. • To grow the commercially partnered research activity in line with the DoH and NIHR Research Reset programme promoting commercial research. • To continue to grow the Research Champions scheme within the Trust | <p>Q3</p> <p>Q2</p> <p>Q4</p> |

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| Strategic Objective | Strategic Priority and delivery schemes | Milestones and Outcomes | Timeframe |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|
| | | increasing the number of colleagues engaging with the programme. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Achieving Innovation & Improvement funding from the WM Clinical Research Network's annual funding round to grow research buy-in across the Trust. | |
| Tackle the problems of ill health, health inequalities and access to health care using data and analytics to redesign care pathways and measure outcomes | | | |
| Promote uptake of vaccinations to improve health and reduce emergency admissions. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deliver a spring 2023 covid 19 vaccination campaign to the cohorts recommended by Joint Committee on Vaccination and Immunisation (JCVI). To achieve locally agreed uptake targets. Deliver an autumn/winter 2023/24 covid 19 vaccination campaign to the cohorts recommended by JCVI. To achieve locally agreed uptake targets. | Q2 Q4 |
| Further develop health inequalities measures and embed "Making Every Contact Count" for all services. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement Brilliant Brushers programme across increased volume of targeted settings. Increase accessibility to high strength fluoride toothpaste for vulnerable elderly in care home settings. Increased offer of specialist dental care to children in STW. | Q1 – Q4 Q2 Q3 |
| Restore and recover our services tackling the backlog and reduce long waits. | | | |
| Aligned to commissioning intentions increase capacity through improved efficiency and new models of care developing robust capacity plans to deliver predicted demand and reduce waiting lists. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full implementation of Phase 1 of the system wide MSK transformation project (MSST). Reduction to zero 52 week wait patients. Continue to explore further system wide transformation projects (diabetes). Reduction of referral to treatment waiting list backlogs to ensure compliance with the 92% incomplete target. Overall implementation of all aspects of the system wide MSK Transformation project (MSST). | Q1-2 Q4 Q2-3 Q4 |
| Implement system wide outpatient transformation pathways including increasing patient initiated follow ups, advice, and guidance | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation of PIFU across appropriate outpatient services. Continue to provide patients with option of virtual consultations. Work together with the system OP transformation group to look at standardising patient communications. Continue to develop plans to help reduce DNA (missed appointments now) alongside the system OP Transformation group. | Q1 Q2-3 |

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|---------------------|---|---|-------------|
| | Build community care capacity supporting people to stay well and out of hospital. | | |
| | Improve on the integrated discharge team improvements across STW, further reducing the Length of Stay (LoS) for patients with 'No Criteria to Reside', thereby supporting patient flow across STW, and where appropriate move towards an integrated therapy model. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P1 pathways increased use/reduced waiting list. • P2 Pathways: decreased use/reduced waiting list. • Reduced ward LoS for complex discharges (i.e., with ongoing care needs). • Reduction in MFFD numbers. | Q1 |
| | Develop care models for sub-acute and post-acute care based on the needs of our population, making best use of our community bed base capacity and community assets and expand community-based services to provide more care and treatments and prevent hospital attendances. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milestones and outcomes will be developed as part of the phase 2 of the Local Care Transformation Programme LCTP. | Q1-4 |
| | Continue the planned expansion of the Virtual Ward (as part of our sub-acute care model) to enable patients to receive medical care in their home or usual place of residence, supporting improved outcomes and experience for patients and reducing demand on acute hospital beds. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased referrals (Step up & Step down) and bed occupancy in VW according to the agreed System trajectory. • This benefit can be quantified as the reduction of acute beds as a direct result of virtual wards. This can be translated into the number of wards related to this reduction in bed days. This is monetised by applying the cost of a ward. | Q1 |
| | Play an active role in working with system partners to develop person centred and proactive models of care for the most vulnerable patients in our community and ensure that these models are embedded in our community services' and working with system partners to develop | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outcomes/milestones will be set once model is agreed as part of the phase 2 of the Local Care Transformation Programme (LCTP). | Q1-4 |

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| Strategic Objective | Strategic Priority and delivery schemes | Milestones and Outcomes | Timeframe |
|-------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| | neighbourhood models of care, with a clear focus on the alignment of community staff to geographical localities. | | |
| | Develop strong partnerships expanding the range of services provided out hospital settings | | |
| | Seek opportunities to strengthen links with mental health services including Children and young people (CYP) Learning Disability and Autism (LD&A) and Special Education Needs and Disabilities (SEND) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Joint peer supervision forum launched. “Voice of the Child” outcome tool developed. | <p>Q1</p> <p>Q2</p> |
| | Building on the success of "Brighter Futures" programme, expand the programme from pilot testing to wider implementation across Shropshire, Telford, and Wrekin (STW). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Partners will have come together to analyse the successes and outputs of these events to enable the next stage of development. Multiagency offer to support working together for 2023/2024 including expansion to include Telford & Wrekin. | <p>Q1</p> <p>Q2</p> |
| Managing Our Resources | Maximise the potential of digital technologies ensuring a core level of digitisation in every service across systems to transform the delivery of care and patient outcomes | | |
| | Building upon the benefits released through Virtual Assistants, Digital Consent and improved agile working technologies, further extend digital channels to give patients better options to access health and social care services and support patients to manage their own health and care. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This approach will put appointment management online so that patients can see and change upcoming appointments introducing further flexibility in the way patients can manage their own health and care. Expand digital consent and introduce more opportunity through online forms that will add patient related information directly into the clinical record to improve outcomes and enhance the richness of the digital clinical record. | Q3 |
| | Maintain strong systems and processes and strengthen the Trust’s cyber security capabilities working with the Integrated Care System (ICS) to optimise our capabilities in this area. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build on the foundations put in place over recent years to optimise our abilities in this arena, further strengthening our defences in depth and resilience against potential cyber threats. | Q2 |
| | Develop robust digital training plans to up skill our workforce to maximise the potential associated | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work with staff across the organisation to embed a digital first culture, recognising and investing in the skills needed to deliver parity and build the knowledge and | Q4 |

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| | with digital development made to date and connect with the ICS to enable our staff to drive through a digital first approach to delivering care and offer a greater digital choice for how citizens can access and manage health and care services. | understanding to enhance and optimise the digital channels currently available across the organisation and the population we serve. | |
| | Supporting implementation of ICS wide Electronic Prescribing and Medicines Administration (ePMA) for hospitals and community services to reduce medicines related errors, waste and to optimise the use of the system medicines formulary | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support development of business case. Medicines management team included in SCHT Digital meetings. Review all stock lists. Support finalising full business case. | <p>Q1</p> <p>Q3</p> |
| <p>Make the most effective use of our resources moving back to and beyond pre- pandemic levels of productivity reviewing internal processes and reviewing pathways with our partners.</p> | | | |
| | Develop 3-year cost improvement programmes informed by benchmarking intelligence. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review and analyse the benchmarking reports shared with the RPC during 22/23 for CIP opportunities and ensure a focused Trust-wide approach is proposed to avoid duplication of effort. Agree CIP priority areas informed by the Q1 benchmarking intelligence exercise. Agree 3-year CIP targets with Trust Board, STW ICS and NHS England from 24/25 onwards. CIP priority PIDs and Business Cases are developed based on benchmarking intelligence to contribute towards our 3-year CIP targets from 24/25 onwards. | <p>Q1</p> <p>Q2 -3</p> <p>Q4</p> |
| | Develop an Estates Plan, which ensures buildings are safe and fit for purpose, and all associated backlog maintenance requirements are priorities and addressed accordingly. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review current backlog position to provide an update to the annual ERIC returns noting inflationary pressures in year. Review capital programme to identify links to backlog requirement, identify where schemes mitigate against growth of in year Backlog Maintenance (BLM) increases. Provide updates through working groups such as Capital and Estates Group. Draft and issue Space Utilisation and Hybrid working Policy identifying core | Q1 |

Performance Report: Performance Overview

| Strategic Objective | Strategic Priority and delivery schemes | Milestones and Outcomes | Timeframe |
|---------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| | | <p>principles of property usage across the Trust.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work with operational / specialist service leads to identify if site specific differences apply. • Ensure design sign off / handover process is part of any significant works within an area. • Review Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) regimes remain fit for purpose as areas are refurbished. • Review spend activity as reported via CEG to support ongoing review of backlog position. • Review revenue implications of BLM with service providers and any potential new works that fall below the capital allowance. • Review priorities linked to strategic direction of Trust to identify any changes to spend activity. • Review mitigation strategy where capital funding is constrained and link to the Premises Assurance Model Update for September 2023. • Bring in specialist support as required to support service delivery as part of the community services to better understand estate constraints or benefits to enable better management of leased estate. • Ensure schemes comply with latest guidelines/regulations. • Identify derogations noting sign off process. • Review programmes of work for any slippage or where opportunities to divert spend across other areas with identified BLM requirements. • Review revenue expenditure against BLM values and works. • Review external audits to identify gaps in data collection for incurred backlog. • Develop proposals for schemes based around lease renewal schedules to enable services to operate from the right estate. • Review 25% of the estate by floor area to include at least 1 CH hospital such as | <p>Q2</p> <p>Q3</p> <p>Q4</p> |

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| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete the Clean Air Hospitals Framework Tool and produce a Clean Air policy to reduce the air pollution in and around our sites. | |

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Listening to our patients and staff

A key part of driving forward improvement involves giving the people who use and provide our services a chance to tell us what we are doing well and what we need to do better, and making sure we listen to them when they do. It is also important we maintain a healthy cycle of communication by feeding back how this vital information is being acted on.

Compliments and Complaints

The compliments and complaints we receive are another valuable source of feedback about our services that we use to support our improvement plans. Between April 2022 and March 2023, we received 71 formal complaints compared to 91 for the previous year across all our services.

We have procedures in place to ensure we manage any complaints in line with national policy, including the “Principles of Good Complaints Handling” and “Principles of Remedy” set out by the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman. By way of contrast, during the same period (2022/23), we received 567 compliments about our services.

Our Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS) handles a great deal of the contact we have with service users and their families.

In 2022/23 PALS dealt with 144 enquiries, compared to 164 in the previous year. This total also includes queries received by PALS that were unrelated to our services and were signposted to other organisations.

Staff Experience

Our workforce is our most valued asset, and we are committed to ensuring that our people feel valued and can give and receive feedback through several mechanisms.

Our annual Staff Survey and quarterly Pulse Surveys give us an opportunity to understand how engaged our staff are feeling. We are committed to listening to our staff in identifying improvements that will make sure Shropcom is the best place to work and receive care.

We communicate our survey results and listen to ideas for improvement through

local meetings, Trust Brief, the Trust Staff Facebook group and our regular, roving ‘Shropcom Question time.’

The Staff survey results are themed against the 7 elements of the NHS People Promise and there is a score for Morale and Engagement. Our 2022 results have remained mostly static since 2021 with an improvement in only 2 of the People Promise themes which are ‘we are a team’ and ‘we work flexibly.’

We know there are positive correlations between staff engagement and patient experience, and we are determined to improve morale and the working experiences of our staff by listening to our people to identify meaningful actions to support an engaged workforce.

You can find the full NHS Staff Survey 2022 report at www.nhsstaffsurveys.com

The Environment and Sustainability

The Trust remains committed to reducing its environmental impact. This commitment extends to built environment, its purpose and how it is used and operated. The Trust ratified and implemented its Green Plan at the outset of the financial year, April 2022.

2022-23 has been an eventful one and has highlighted the fragility of the energy market and the need to make every kilowatt of energy matter both at work and at home.

The Trust had already begun its journey on improving its resilience with investment into technology such as PV across its freehold estate having completed the installation of 2 major systems which in turn avoided 31 tonnes CO2e being emitted from our estate. It is only right to identify that carbon reduction has been something the NHS has been delivering over previous years as has Shropshire Community Health Trust. Further reductions in consumption of fossil fuels are planned with the introduction of LED lighting replacements across the estate either through capital investment or day to day maintenance operations.

Environmental issues continue to permeate our lives including single use plastics, air pollution,

Performance Report: Performance Overview

drought, flood, warming temperatures and food and energy security. To support a better understanding of how services impact on the environment we have identified areas where we formerly measure and record activities that contribute to our carbon footprint and equally as important where we need to improve. This will enable the Trust to focus on those areas that derive the greater benefits both in terms of carbon reduction but also for financial sustainability.

Our commitment remains to have great places to work in locations we love to visit. To enable use to realise this we will continue to understand the use of the built environment to promote safe and effective estate utilization accessible to patients and staff alike. Patient accessibility which in turn promotes an improved home life balance and therefore a reduction in our carbon footprint supporting the delivery of a sustainable service into the future. Our focus is to have less estate of higher quality that has a lower environmental

impact, is focused on valuing necessary physical interventions for healthcare and demonstrate that we have.

We remain committed to ensuring that the integration of technology will extend into new buildings which will be designed, as a minimum requirement, to meet relevant legislation including energy efficiency.

Refurbishment work will continue the use of technology currently available whilst looking at opportunities to future proof our estate and resilience to ensure we continue reducing our carbon footprint.

During 2022/23 the Trust has invested in understanding its use and operation of its estate to influence its capital Paula, in particular its data capture and those its findings will support strategic decisions around its estate and support its ability to contribute significantly to its Green Agenda.

Saving and Investing

Once again, the Trust was set some challenging financial targets for the year in line with the current NHS financial environment and the wider economic climate in the country. Despite this, we were able manage our finances effectively and finished the year with a retained surplus of £833,000.

We recognise that the clinical and financial sustainability of our organisation is intrinsically linked to the development of new models of care, attracting and retaining staff, and working in close partnership with our health and social care colleagues. This will continue to be a key area of focus in our forward planning.



Patricia Davies Chief Executive 26 June 2023



Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

Directors Report

The Trust Board is responsible for the leadership, management and governance of the organisation and setting the strategic direction.

NHS England (NHSE) appoints all the organisation’s Non-Executive Directors, including the Chair. The Chief Executive is appointed by the Chair and Non-executive Directors. The Executive Directors are recruited by the Chief Executive and supported by the Nominations and Remuneration Committee which is a wholly Non-Executive Director committee. This report provides information about the membership of our Board as of 31 March 2023.



Tina Long, Acting Chair / Non-Executive Director (Term: November 2018 to November 2023)

Tina has over 40 years of experience in clinical and strategic nursing roles. She has worked as Chief Nurse of the Greater Manchester Health and Social Care Partnership until June 2019. Her appointment as a non-executive director brings her full circle, having started her career as a Ward Sister for the old Shropshire Health Authority in 1979. She joined the Trust as a Non-Executive Director in November 2018. Tina is the Chair of the Quality, Equality, and Inclusion Assessment (QEIA) Panel and is the NED champion for Emergency Planning but has been Acting Chair since February 2023.

Attendance: 10 of 12



Harmesh Darbhanga, Non-Executive Director (Term: November 2018 to November 2023)

Harmesh brings a strong background of accountancy and financial management to the role, having spent more than 20 years working in senior roles at Wrexham County Borough Council. He also has extensive experience as a Non-Executive Director, including at The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust. He joined the Trust as a Non-Executive Director in November 2018 and is the Chair of the Audit Committee. Harmesh is also the NED champion for Freedom to Speak Up and Diversity & Inclusion.

Attendance: 11 of 12



Peter Featherstone, Non-Executive Director (Term: November 2018 to November 2025)

Peter has worked in the public sector in a variety of senior strategic development and service improvement roles and is currently Transformation and Service Efficiency Lead, Children’s Services at Oxfordshire County Council.

He joined the Trust as a Non-Executive Director in November 2018. Peter is the Chair of the Resource and Performance Committee and NED champion for Mortality & Learning from Deaths.

Attendance: 9 of 12

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Catherine Purt, Non-Executive Director (Term: July 2021 to June 2024)

Cathy has worked in both the private and public sector and has held Accountable Officer posts at two Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) as well as Executive Director posts in Acute Hospitals. She has also worked for the European Commission in the Middle East, where she specialised in the delivery of healthcare projects to vulnerable communities. Cathy is also a trained chef and works sessionally in a cookery school. Cathy is the NED champion for Workforce and is Chair of the newly formed People Committee

Attendance: 8 of 12



Alison Sargent, Non-Executive Director (Term: Appointed 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024)

Alison has significant experience in public sector and charitable organisations and is experienced in HR, IT, regulatory compliance, risk management and quality assurance services. As company director for Capstone Foster Care, she worked with a small Board, leading the overall strategy and operations of six registered fostering agencies supporting more than 800 children. Alison is currently CEO for Adullam Homes a charitable benefit society supporting those at risk of homelessness and providing support for mental health and addiction issues.

Alison joined Shropcom in 2022 as a Non-Executive Director and is the Trust’s Non-Executive lead for Safeguarding. As an experienced strategic thinker who is passionate about ensuring the most vulnerable people receive the right care and support, Alison brings with her a wealth of experience coupled with fresh ideas and perspectives.

Attendance: 11 of 12



Jill Barker, Associate Non-Executive Director (Term: Appointed 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024)

Jill has worked for over 30 years at Board and senior level in the NHS, predominantly in Community and Mental Health services in North Wales, West Sussex, Surrey, and Berkshire. She has been committed to close collaboration with partner organisations to establish successful admission avoidance services with primary care, local authorities, and acute hospitals. In Berkshire she established an integrated community palliative care service with the local hospice and an integrated Community Mental Health team with the Local Authorities and the voluntary sector.

Jill returned home to Shropshire in 2018 where she originally trained as a physiotherapist. She joined Shropcom in January 2022 and now chairs the Trust’s Quality and Safety Committee and is a member the Audit and People Committees. Jill is passionate about patient care and working with other partners in the system to ensure seamless care to patients.

Attendance: 11 of 12

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Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report



Patricia Davies, Chief Executive. (Appointed April 2021)

Patricia took up the post of Chief Executive for Shropshire Community Trust in April 2021, marking a return to Shropshire, as she grew up in Wolverhampton and began her career as a district nurse in Shrewsbury.

Over the last 20 years Patricia has mainly worked in clinical managerial roles in the acute sector, in community, mental health and latterly the Accountable Officer for CCGs in North Kent and, most recently, in Bedfordshire, Luton and Milton Keynes, where she has led a system transformation programme and successfully brought together the three clinical commissioning groups. Patricia is, however, very proud of the fact that she is still a registered nurse and practices clinically.

Patricia is now keen to look at how the Trust can build on the effective services that already in place across our adult and children’s teams, how the Trust can deliver more integrated services which are wrapped around primary care, and to continue for Shropshire Community Health to maintain its track record as a very forward-thinking organisation.

Attendance: 12 of 12



Angie Wallace, Chief Operating Officer* (Appointed November 2021)

Angie, a nurse by background, was previously the Deputy Chief Operating Officer at The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust (SaTH) and is the Senior Responsible Officer for the Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin Vaccination Programme. Prior to SaTH, Angie held several clinical and managerial posts in both Acute and Community Trusts including most recently Birmingham Community where she was the Director of Operations

Attendance: 11 of 12



Dr Ganesh Mahadeva, Medical Director (Appointed December 2022)

Ganesh is a Consultant Paediatrician by background and has lived in Shropshire for over 23 years, combining clinical work with medical leadership and management roles both locally and as an advisor to the Newborn Hearing programme nationally. He worked as the designated doctor for safeguarding for Shropshire and took strategic and professional lead on all aspects of the health service contribution to safeguarding children across all the providers. He led the New-born Hearing Screening programme for Shropshire and established balance services for children.

Attendance: 3 of 3

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Sarah Lloyd, Director of Finance (Appointed April 2021)

Sarah has extensive experience working in healthcare settings including mental health, commissioning and community services and is a member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. She is an executive board member and is responsible for advising the Board and wider organisation on financial matters including financial governance and stewardship. Sarah is also the Trust lead for Contracting, Procurement, Estates Services, Digital Services, Planning and Counter Fraud.

Attendance: 12 of 12



Clair Hobbs, Director of Nursing (Appointed November 2021)

Clair, a registered nurse, has experience of both acute Trusts and community services. Prior to Shropcom Clair was the Deputy Director of Nursing at Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital (SaTH).

Previous roles have included Ward Manager in Cardiology, Community Matron for long-term conditions, Senior Matron in Adult Community Services across the city of Wolverhampton, and Head of Nursing at New Cross Hospital. She is passionate about improving patient care.

Attendance: 12 of 12



Shelley Ramtuhul, Director of Governance (Appointed October 2022)

Shelley initially joined the Trust on an interim basis in November 2021 as part of a joint arrangement with the Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust before being appointed substantively in October 2022. Shelley is a non-voting member of the Board.

Shelley started her career in legal private practice representing defendants in civil litigation before joining NHS Resolution in 2006 where she represented NHS Trusts across the country. She has since worked in several NHS Trusts with experience of leading a variety of corporate and governance services.

Attendance: 12 of 12

Directors who have left the Trust

Nuala O’Kane was Chair of the Trust until February 2023

Dr Jane Povey, Medical Director until October 2022

*At the time of writing Angie Wallace had left the Trust as Chief Operating Officer but has been included in the report for completeness as she was in post at the end of the financial year.

Each director confirms that as far as he/she is aware there is no information which would be relevant to the auditors for the purposes of their audit report, and of which the auditors are not aware, and has taken “all the steps that he or she ought to have taken” to make himself/herself aware of any such information and to establish that the auditors are aware of it.

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Committee Membership and Attendance

There are several key committees in place that help the Board to manage and monitor the organisation. The committee structure provides information and updates to the Board to contribute to its assessment of assurance.

Quality and Safety Committee

Role and Purpose:

The Quality and Safety Committee oversees the review of quality assurance on all aspects of quality. This includes reviewing information against the five quality domains of caring, responsive, effective, well-led and safety. The primary aim is to ensure the robustness of systems, processes and behaviours, monitor trends, and take action to provide assurance to the Board.

Membership & Attendance:

- **Jill Barker (Chair from Feb 23) (8 of 10)**
Associate Non-Executive Director
- Clair Hobbs (Executive Lead) (9 of 10)
Director of Nursing
- Cathy Purt (5 of 10)
Non-Executive Director
- Tina Long (Chair until Feb 23) (9 of 10)
Acting Chair/Non-Executive Director
- Angie Wallace (5 of 10)
Chief Operating Officer
- Patricia Davies (9 of 10)
Chief Executive
- Dr Jane Povey (0 of 4)
Medical Director (until Nov 22)
- Dr Ganesh Mahadeva (4 of 6)
Medical Director (from Dec 22)
- Shelley Ramtuhul (9 of 10)
Director of Governance

The Chairman, Chief Executive and all other Non-Executive Directors are invited to attend, and other Executive Directors, senior managers, and health professional staff attend for specific items.

Audit Committee

Role and Purpose:

The Audit Committee provides an overarching governance role, including overseeing the adequacy of the Trust's arrangements for controlling risks and being assured that they are being mitigated. To do this, it reviews the work of other governance committees, making sure the systems and controls used are sound.

Membership & Attendance:

- Harmesh Darbhanga (Chair) (5 of 5)
Non-Executive Director
- Peter Featherstone (3 of 5)
Non-Executive Director
- Cathy Purt (4 of 5)
Non-Executive Director
- Alison Sargent (5 of 5)
Non-Executive Director
- Jill Barker (4 of 5)
Associate Non-Executive Director

The Director of Governance is a standing attendee at the Audit Committee. All other Non- Executive Directors (excluding the Chairman) are invited to attend as are the External and Internal Auditors, and the Director of Finance.

Other Executive Directors including the CEO and other senior managers of the Trust are regularly invited to attend meetings of the Audit Committee for specific items.

Resource and Performance Committee

Role and Purpose:

The Resource and Performance Committee has delegated authority from the Board to oversee, co-ordinate, review and assess the financial and performance management arrangements within the Trust. The Committee assists in ensuring that Board members have a sufficiently robust understanding of key performance and financial issues to enable sound decision-making.

Membership & Attendance:

- Peter Featherstone (Chair) (8 of 8)
Non-Executive Director
- Harmesh Darbhanga (6 of 8)
Non-Executive Director
- Alison Sargent (8 of 8)
Non-Executive Director
- Sarah Lloyd (8 of 8)
Director of Finance
- Angie Wallace (5 of 8)
Chief Operating Officer
- Clair Hobbs (2 of 3)
Director of Nursing, Workforce and Clinical Delivery
- Shelley Ramtuhul (6 of 8)
Director of Governance

Other Trust Directors and managers and health professional staff attend for specific items. The members will be supported by the following who will attend when required: Medical Director, Head of Finance, Head of Informatics, Deputy Director of People, Deputy Director of Operations, Deputy Director of Nursing, Head of Development and Transformation, Information Programme Manager.

Nomination, Appointment and Remuneration Committee

Role and Purpose:

The Committee has an overall responsibility in respect of the structure, size and composition of the board and matters of pay and employment and the conditions of service for the Chief Executive, Executive Directors and Senior Managers.

Membership & Attendance

- Nuala O’Kane (Chair until Feb 23) (4 of 4)
Chair
- Tina Long (Chair from Feb 23) (3 of 4)
Acting Chair / Non-Executive Director
- Harmesh Darbhanga (4 of 4)
Non-Executive Director
- Alison Sargent (4 of 4)
Non-Executive Director
- Peter Featherstone (4 of 4)
Non-Executive Director
- Cathy Purt (4 of 4)
Non-Executive Director
- Jill Barker (4 of 4)
Associate Non-Executive Director

The Chief Executive and Director of Governance attend the Committee in an advisory capacity, except where his/her own salary, performance or position is being discussed; on such occasions they must not be present during the meeting.

People Committee

Role and Purpose:

The People Committee has delegated authority from the Board to oversee, co-ordinate, review and assess the workforce strategy and management arrangements within the Trust. The Committee assists in ensuring that Board members have a sufficiently robust understanding of key performance relating to workforce matters to ensure service delivery.

Membership & Attendance:

- Cathy Purt (Chair) (9 of 9)
Non-Executive Director
- Nuala O’Kane (4 of 6)
Chair
- Tina Long (4 of 6)
Acting Chair / Non-Executive Director
- Jill Barker (7 of 8)
Associate Non-Executive Director
- Clair Hobbs (8 of 9)
Director of Nursing & Workforce
- Sarah Lloyd (7 of 8)
Director of Finance
- Angie Wallace (4 of 8)
Chief Operating Officer
- Shelley Ramtuhul (9 of 9)
Director of Governance

Charitable Funds Committee

Role and Purpose:

The Charitable Funds Committee is responsible for managing and monitoring charitable funds held by the Trust on behalf of the Board.

Membership & Attendance:

- Alison Sargent (Chair) 4 of 4
Non-Executive Director
- Nuala O’Kane (Until Feb 23) 1 of 3
Chair
- Sarah Lloyd (4 of 4)
Director of Finance

Other members of staff are invited to attend as required, David Court, Clair Hobbs, Angie Wallace.

You can find more details about our governance structures and committees in the About Us (Who We Are) section of our website at www.shropscommunityhealth.nhs.uk

You can see a register of Board member and attendees’ interests at <https://www.shropscommunityhealth.nhs.uk/foi-lists-and-registers>

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Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of The Accounts

The directors are required under the National Health Service Act 2006 to prepare accounts for each financial year. The Secretary of State, with the approval of the Treasury, directs that these accounts give a true and fair view of the situation of the trust and of the income and expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year. In preparing those accounts, directors are required to:

- apply on a consistent basis accounting policies laid down by the Secretary of State with the approval of the Treasury.
- make judgements and estimates which are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts.
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis and disclose any material uncertainties over going concern

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the trust and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with requirements outlined in the above-mentioned direction of the Secretary of State. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the accounts.

The directors confirm that the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for patients, regulators and stakeholders to assess the NHS trust's performance, business model and strategy.

By order of the Board.



Director of Finance
26 June 2023



Chief Executive
26 June 2023

Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

Statement of the Chief Executive's Responsibilities as the Accountable Officer

The Chief Executive of NHS England has designated that the Chief Executive should be the Accountable Officer to the Trust. The relevant responsibilities of Accountable Officers are set out in the Accountable Officers Memorandum issued by the Chief Executive of NHS England. These include ensuring that:

- there are effective management systems in place to safeguard public funds and assets and assist in the implementation of corporate governance.
- value for money is achieved from the resources available to the trust.
- the expenditure and income of the trust has been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and conform to the authorities which govern them.
- effective and sound financial management systems are in place; and
- annual statutory accounts are prepared in a format directed by the Secretary of State with the approval of the Treasury to give a true and fair view of the situation as at the end of the financial year and the income and expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year.

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I have properly discharged the responsibilities set out in my letter of appointment as an Accountable Officer.

I can confirm that the Annual Report and Accounts are fair, balanced and understandable and that I take personal responsibility for the Annual Report and Accounts and the judgments required for determining that it is fair, balanced and understandable.

As far as I am aware there is no relevant audit information of which the entity's auditors are unaware, and I have taken all the steps that I ought to have taken to make myself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the entity's auditors are aware of that information.



Chief Executive

26 June 2023

Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

Governance Statement

Scope of responsibility

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the NHS trust’s policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and departmental assets for which I am personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to me. I am also responsible for ensuring that the NHS Trust is administered prudently and economically and that resources are applied efficiently and effectively. I also acknowledge my responsibilities as set out in the NHS Trust Accountable Officer Memorandum.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risks of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the policies, aims and objectives of Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The system of internal control has been in place in Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

Management of risk underpins achievement of the Trust’s Strategy and related priorities. Risk management is the responsibility of all staff and imperative to providing safe quality care for patients and staff. Risk plays a key role in informing decision making and is significant for the Trust’s business planning process where public accountability in delivering health services is required.

The Trust Board has overall responsibility for the management of risk. The Board provides leadership by ensuring that the Trust has an effective Risk Management Strategy and clear assurance reporting pathways. The Board monitors strategic risks through bi-monthly review of the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) through receipt of Audit Committee reports providing assurance on the effectiveness of Trust’s internal risk control systems.

All Board Sub-Committees are responsible for monitoring and reviewing risks relevant to their remit including extent to which they are assured by the evidence presented with respect to the management of the risk. Each Committee has responsibility for escalating identified concerns to the Board

The Trust has clear set out roles in its Risk Management Policy in relation to risk management.

- Chief Executive is the accountable officer for the management of risk, responsible for maintaining sound internal control systems that supports the achievement of the Board’s policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding funds and assets.
- The Trust Secretary supports the Chief Executive in the role as accounting officer of the organisation and has responsibility for risk in relation to corporate governance framework, compliance and assurance including the Board Assurance Framework.

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- The Director of Nursing and Workforce and the Medical Director are responsible for ensuring that arrangements are in place to identify, mitigate and monitor risks associated with clinical care and treatment, patient involvement, serious incidents, safeguarding, infection control and professional standards for nursing and allied health professional's staff.
- The Director of Finance has delegated responsibility for risks associated with the management, development and implementation of systems of financial risk management, performance, strategy and estate.
- The Chief Operating Officer has delegated responsibility for risks associated with operational management including overall emergency planning and resilience and business continuity.
- The Director of Nursing and Workforce has delegated responsibility for risk associated with workforce planning, staff welfare, recruitment and retention.
- The Trust Chair and Non-Executive Directors exercise non-executive responsibility for the promotion of risk management through participation in the Trust Board and its Committees. They are responsible for scrutinising systems of governance and have a particular role in this Trust for chairing Board Committees. The Trust provides mandatory and statutory training that all staff is required to complete, in addition new staff attend mandatory induction that encompasses key elements of risk. There are many ways that the organisation seeks to learn from good practice, and this includes incident reporting procedures and debriefs, complaints, claims and proactive risk assessment.

The Board is constituted to consist of the Chair, five Non-Executive Directors, and five voting Executive Directors. During the year the Chair stood down (February 2023) and since this time one of the Non-Executive Directors has been Acting Chair. There have been other regular attendees at the Board:

- An associate Non-Executive Director.
- The Director of Governance.

The Board completed a full Well-Led Developmental Review during 2022/23 which was undertaken by the Good Governance Institute. The findings of the review have been translated into an improvement action plan which is presented to both the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for oversight.

The Board has been supported by the five committees set out above throughout the year and these committees, except the Nominations and Remuneration Committee, provide reports to the Board, following their meetings.

The Board's prime roles are assurance, strategy and developing organisational culture. Its meetings cover comprehensive items on quality, finance and strategy. It receives a governance report at each meeting dealing with risk assessment and the Board Assurance Framework, and corporate governance compliance.

The Board receives reports relating to Finance and Quality at each meeting. These are supported by a performance management framework which highlights to the Board any potential or actual problems in meeting its objectives.

All staff undertake a programme of training related to the risks they encounter with the work they carry out. Managers, supervisors and team leaders attend risk management training, which includes explanation and familiarisation with the Trust's risk management framework, and their roles in using it to identify and mitigate risk. Managers are supported by the Governance Team who provide guidance on all aspects of risk management.

Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is designed to manage risks to a reasonable level, rather than to eliminate all risks; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The purpose of the risk and control framework is to ensure risk is managed at a level that allows the Trust to meet its strategic objectives. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to:

- Identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the organisation's policies, aims and objectives,
- Evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.
- Where risk cannot be prevented to mitigate the consequences, e.g., by putting into place response plans, or provide deterrents e.g., awareness of sanctions relating to fraud.

The Risk Management Policy details the structure for the Trust's risk and control mechanisms. This includes the duties of individuals, groups and committees and the responsibility for the identification of risks, controls, further mitigation control and assurances.

The Quality and Safety Committee has the overall responsibility for the monitoring of the Trust's risk profile as it related to the quality and safety of services and the working environment.

The Resource and Performance Committee considers the detailed work and reports related to finance, business and cost improvements, performance indicators and contract monitoring performance indicators. It identifies any risks associated with these areas and reports these to the Board for inclusion in the risk management framework where it is appropriate to do so. It monitors the effectiveness of any controls in place and the implementation of further controls.

The People Committee has the overall responsibility for all workforce issues and overseeing performance against the workforce metrics. The committee has a particular focus on staffing, recruitment and retention, staff wellbeing, staff development as well as oversight of statutory employment responsibilities.

The Audit Committee, through its work programme, scrutinises the registers and riskmanagement processes, seeking additional assurance where necessary.

The Audit Committee reviews the assurance that the Trust's internal control systems are effective by:

- Reviewing assurances relating to the Board Assurance Framework and Corporate Risk Register.
- Reviewing processes and performance related to Fraud and Security.
- Seeking and reviewing assurances from internal and external auditors.
- Reviewing financial systems.
- Ensuring that there is an effective internal audit function providing appropriate independent assurance to the Trust Board. Reviewing the work and findings of the external auditor.
- Reviewing the findings of other significant assurance functions, both internal and external to the Trust.
- Reviewing the work of other committees within the Trust, whose work can provide relevant assurance to the Audit Committee's own scope of work.
- Requesting and reviewing reports and positive assurances from Directors and managers on the overall arrangements for governance, risk management and internal control.
- Reviewing and approving the Annual Report and financial statements (as a delegated responsibility of the Board) and ensuring that the systems for financial reporting to the Board, including those of budgetary control, are subject to review as to the completeness and accuracy

Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

of the information provided.

The Audit Committee reports to the Board of Directors on an annual basis on its work in support of the Annual Governance Statement, specifically commenting on whether the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) is fit for purpose and governance arrangements are fully integrated.

The Trust's risk management arrangements are set out in the Risk Management Policy. This sets out how risks are identified, assessed and managed through the hierarchy of risk register levels, which are overseen in specific defined ways through the organisation, culminating in the Board overseeing the highest risks to achievement of strategic objectives (the Board Assurance Framework). The Audit Committee reviews and tests assurances with management related to the Board Assurance Framework entries. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board, which reviews the framework entries at each meeting.

Risks are identified through:

- The recording and investigation of incidents, complaints and claims.
- Specific group and committee sessions to identify and analyse risks.
- Clinical, internal and external audit.
- Other work carried out by groups and committees.
- External and internal reports and inspections.
- Other external bodies, e.g., commissioners, CQC.
- Being raised by individual managers and staff.
- Performance Management Framework reports
- Patient feedback

All risks are rated using a 5 by 5 risk matrix. Risk consequences are defined on the matrix using four categories:

- Injury or harm
- Finance
- Service delivery
- Reputation

Dependent on the rating, risks are recorded at four levels:

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| Departmental | Risks that are low level and can be managed locally Risks are monitored at team level, e.g., through team meetings |
| Directorate | Risks of a moderate level that impact on the directorate's service objectives Risks are monitored at divisional/directorate quality groups and are overseen by the Quality and Safety Delivery Group, via a |

Accountability Report: Corporate Governance Report

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| | subgroup which considers the risk in detail. |
| Corporate | Risks that are moderate but Trust-wide and have impact on the Trust's strategic objectives Risks are monitored by the Executive Team and overseen by the Audit Committee. |
| Board Assurance Framework | Significant risks to the Trust's corporate objectives Risks are monitored by the Board |

At each level the overseeing committee considers the risk potential, and the level of control in place, and decides whether a risk can be accepted. The mitigation controls are identified at all risk levels, along with any actions necessary to further control or mitigate the risks. The risk management policy identifies the groups and committees whose responsibility it is to monitor risks at the four levels, the effectiveness of their controls and the implementation of actions to further mitigate the risks. All risks are recorded on Datix, the Trust's risk management software.

Any service change is subject to a full Quality and Equality Impact Assessment (QEIA) process, monitored by the Quality and Safety Committee. This process identifies any risks, and any mitigation or change that needs to be put into place.

The Trust has in place a well-established incident reporting system and culture. All staff use an online form which is submitted to their line manager. Risk staff provide local training to services and have an overview of all incidents. Line Managers investigate the circumstances of all incidents; serious incidents follow a more formal route with Root Cause Analysis investigations which are scrutinised by the Incident Review and Lessons Learned Group. Learning and advice, including encouragement to report are publicised through the Trust's staff communication systems, include the staff newsletter and individual alerts to staff.

The Trust is fully compliant with the registration requirements of CQC.

The Trust has arrangements in place to manage Infection Prevention and Control and the Safeguarding of Children and Vulnerable Adults. These include external partnership arrangements with Local Authorities, Police and Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital Trust.

The Trust has not reported any Never Events during the year 2022/23. The Trust is committed to openness and transparency in its work and decision making. As part of that commitment the trust has published on its website an up-to-date register of interests, including gifts and hospitality, for decision-making staff (as defined by the trust with reference to the guidance) within the past twelve months, as required by the 'Managing Conflicts of Interest in the NHS' guidance.

Board members are required to notify and record any interests relevant to their role on the Board. The register is presented to the Board for review at each meeting of the board or its committees, members are asked to declare any interests in relation to agenda items being considered, abstaining from involvement if required, and advise the Company Secretary of any new interests which need to be included on the register.

Control measures are in place to ensure that all the organisation's obligations under equality, diversity

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and human rights legislation are complied with.

The Trust has recently launched Trusts Green Plan reiterate commitment to driving sustainable development to deliver our strategic objectives, enable delivery of high-quality care, to be the employer of choice and to make the best use of our resources. Plans are being developed to produce an action plan to enable the trust to deliver its zero carbon plans into the future as we transition to a net zero economy across the Shropshire County working collaboratively with our partners in the public sector and the wider Shropshire community.

As an employer with staff entitled to membership of the NHS Pension Scheme, control measures are in place to ensure all employer obligations contained within the Scheme regulations are complied with. This includes ensuring that deductions from salary, employer's contributions and payments into the Scheme are in accordance with the Scheme rules, and that member Pension Scheme records are accurately updated in accordance with the timescales detailed in the Regulations.

Review of economy, efficiency and effectiveness of the use of resources

NHS Trusts are required to deliver statutory and other financial duties. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Trust met these duties, as summarised below, and set out in more detail within the financial statements:

- to break-even on Income & Expenditure – achieved
- to maintain capital expenditure below a set limit - achieved
- to remain within an External Financing Limit (EFL) - achieved

Within this, the Trust faced challenge in delivering the efficiency programme value of £1,565,000 for the year, and whilst many schemes were identified early in the financial year, a low value of schemes remained under development until the end of quarter 3. The target was met in full by year end, with non-recurrent measures replacing in-year shortfalls in recurrent initiatives where required. Whilst this area remains a significant challenge, the Trust's transformational approach to generating and implementing efficiency measures has been revised and strengthened. All efficiency programmes undergo a Quality, Equality Impact Assessment prior to implementation, to ensure that quality of care is not adversely affected.

Checking the correct discharge of statutory functions is managed via the Trust risk management system. No areas of non-compliance have been identified.

The Resource and Performance Committee monitor resources at its monthly meeting and prepare a report for each Board meeting. Financial systems are audited by the Trust's Internal Auditors, consistently gaining a rating of either full or substantial assurance.

The Trust monitors performance against quality standards via a performance framework, reporting through Board committees to the Board. These standards include quality of care, efficiency of service delivery, performance against national standards, contract delivery and finance. Where indicated recovery plans are formulated, actioned and monitored.

The Trust has a strong track record in relation to Value for Money and no matters have been brought to the attention of our External Auditors in this regard.

Fraud

The Trust has been rated as 'green' overall on anti-fraud arrangements, which means the Trust meets the requirements of national anti-fraud standards.

Information Governance

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The Trust has robust measures in place to protect both paper and electronic personal confidential data held by the Trust.

The Trust completes the Data Security and Protection Toolkit (DSPT) which sets out the National Data Guardian's (NDG) data security standards. By completing this Toolkit self-assessment, the Trust provides evidence to demonstrate that it is working towards or meeting the NDG standards. The NDG standards are aligned to the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018.

Through the Data Security and Protection Assurance Group and reporting framework the Trust Board receives assurance that progress is being made and is also notified of any risks regarding data protection and security. The Data Security and Protection Assurance Framework includes several sub-groups whose membership include specialist staff who can support assessment and testing of the robustness of the systems employed. All Trust issued electronic devices issued by the Trust are encrypted and have their access appropriately managed to protect against unauthorised personnel accessing data.

For 2022/23 the Trust achieved 'Standards Met' for the DSPT assessment.

Data quality and governance

The directors are required under the Health Act 2009 and the National Health Service (Quality Accounts) Regulations 2010 (as amended) to prepare Quality Accounts for each financial year.

This account looks back at performance in the last year and sets priorities for the following year. The Board approves the account prior to publication. Arrangements are in place via service delivery groups and trust wide groups to report quality and safety matters to the Quality and Safety Committee, which in turn reports to the Board. This includes progress against the priorities set out in the Quality Account.

Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust recognises the importance of reliable information as a fundamental requirement for the speedy and effective treatment of patients.

Data quality is crucial, and the availability of complete, accurate and timely data is important in supporting key functions such as patient care and healthcare planning.

The following are some of the key points that support data quality processes:

- Data quality checks using a wide spectrum of measures and indicators, which ensure that data is meaningful and fit for purpose.
- Data Quality/Validation exercises are undertaken with services on both a regular and ad hoc basis.
- Functionality within RiO, the Trust's main clinical system, allows services to monitor and manage certain data quality items real time and manage waiting lists and Referral to Treatment via the front end.
- Compliance with the Data Security and Protection Toolkit.
- An Information Quality Assurance policy exists defining roles and responsibilities for data quality including audits.
- There is a Data Quality Subgroup that reports to the Information Governance Operational Group
- Information Systems and any associated procedures are updated in line with national requirements e.g., Information Standards Board (ISB) notifications.
- External Data Quality metrics are reviewed, and recovery plans implemented where the position is off track.

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- Data Quality KPIs are reported through subgroups and to Committees/Board.

Review of effectiveness

As Accountable Officer, I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors, clinical audit and the executive managers and clinical leads within the NHS trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework. I have drawn on the information provided in this annual report and other performance information available to me. My review is also informed by comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports. I have been advised on the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board, the Audit Committee, the Quality and Safety Committee, the People Committee and the Resource and Performance Committee. A plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control

Internal Audit 2022/23

During 2022/23 the Trust's internal auditors undertook the following audits to provide an overview of the effectiveness of the controls in place for the full year. The following reports were issued for this financial year:

- Incidents, Complaints and Lessons Learned
- Appraisals
- Recruitment and Retention
- DSP Toolkit
- Cyber Security
- Key Financial Systems
- RTT Waiting Times
- HFMA Financial Sustainability.

The internal audit work for the 12-month period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 was carried out in accordance with the internal audit plan approved by management and the Audit Committee. The plan was based upon discussions held with management and was constructed in such a way as to gain a level of assurance on the main financial and management systems reviewed. There were no restrictions placed upon the scope of the audit and the work complied with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

Head of Internal Audit Opinion

The role of internal audit is to provide an opinion to the Board, through the Audit Committee (AC), on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system to ensure the achievement of the organisation's objectives in the areas reviewed. Overall, the Head of Internal Audit opinion was one of 'Moderate Assurance' that there is sound system of internal control, designed to meet the Trust's objectives and that controls are being applied consistently. This view was based on the following:

- The Trust is expected to report a sound financial position, with financial targets to be met
- Internal audit has issued two Substantial and four Moderate Control Design Opinions and one Substantial, four Moderate and one Limited Control Effectiveness Opinions over the year. This included Moderate and above reports for Incidents, Complaints and Lessons Learned; Recruitment and Retention; Cyber Security; Key Financial Systems and RTT Waiting Times. There are areas

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for greater focus such as Appraisals where a Moderate/Moderate Opinion was issued

- The auditors also completed an advisory piece on HFMA Financial Sustainability and found one area of focus; to ensure that Cost Improvements Plans are identified both through a 'top down' and bottom-up process. The process should allow direction into areas that may have been identified by analysis at organisational level or may address areas that cut across the organisation
- The Trust engages with the follow up process and performance has been mixed with some good engagement but with clear areas for improvement with over fifty percent non-compliance on previous year recommendations (this has improved from the prior year). There are still several recommendations outstanding from 2021/22 which have not been implemented
- Overall, the Trust have a 'Good' rating with the Care Quality Commission and there are no known material financial issues. This supports our overall conclusion of Moderate Assurance.

The Trust has accepted the recommendations made by auditors in respect of all the internal audit reviews during the year and has put in place action plans to address the recommendations made. These recommendations are tracked for completion and re-audited where appropriate.

The systems for providing assurance that risks are being managed effectively are monitored by the Audit Committee. Assurance sources include:

- Audit Committee programmes and reviews
- Internal and External Audits
- Counter Fraud and Security Management
- Risk Management Reports
- Staff and Patient Surveys
- Clinical Audit Reports
- CQC Self-Assessment, inspections and reviews
- Counter Fraud Reports
- Management Reports
- Performance and Quality Reports
- Review of Governance Arrangements
- Ensuring that policies and procedures are embedded and acted on locally

Conclusion

It is therefore concluded that there were no significant gaps in control or significant internal control issues identified during 2022/23. The Trust continued to implement robust processes to address all recommendations arising from reviews undertaken



Chief Executive
26 June 2023

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Modern Slavery Act 2015 – Annual Statement for 2022/23

Background

The Modern Slavery Act was passed into UK law on 26th March 2015. The Act introduces offences relating to holding another person in slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour and about human trafficking. It also makes provision for the protection of victims.

Organisations such as Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust, that supply goods or services, and have a total turnover of £36m or more are required under Part 6, (Transparency in supply chains), to publish an annual statement setting out the steps that they have taken to ensure that slavery and human trafficking do not exist in their business OR their supply chains.

Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust

Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust provides community health services from well over 50 sites within Shropshire and the West Midlands.

We are committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in any part of our activity and where possible, to requiring our suppliers to subscribe to a similar ethos. Any incidence will be acted upon immediately, and any required local or national reporting carried out.

All consumable goods and most contracts are purchased through Shropshire Healthcare Procurement Service (SHPS), a consortium of Shropshire healthcare providers, hosted by the Shrewsbury and Telford Hospitals NHS Trust.

Estates maintenance services are provided by Midlands Partnership NHS Foundation Trust for Trust properties, except for some larger properties shared with multiple healthcare providers which are managed by NHS Property Services.

Arrangements in place

Procurement: All contracts established by SHPS use either NHS Framework Agreements for the Supply of Goods and Services, the NHS Terms and Conditions for Supply of Goods, or the NHS Terms for Supply of services. All have Anti-Slavery clauses, which require providers/contractors to comply with Law and Guidance, use Industry Good Practice and to notify the authority if they become aware of any actual or suspected incident of slavery or human trafficking.

In addition to the above SHPS will investigate any concern raised with the service. This could be by national or local media publicity, through supply chain contacts or by individuals.

Estates: Midlands Partnership NHS Foundation Trust, our provider of estates services, have produced a statement regarding slavery setting out measures they have in place to ensure that slavery and trafficking do not exist in their activity.

Employment: As an NHS Employer we are required to comply with the NHS employment check standard for all directly recruited staff.

The six checks which make up the NHS Employment Check Standards are:

1. Verification of identity checks
2. Right to work checks

3. Professional registration and qualification checks
4. Employment history and reference checks
5. Criminal record checks
6. Occupational health checks

No individual is permitted to commence employment with the Trust without these checks having been completed. The checks are carried out centrally by the recruitment team and recorded on the Trust workforce information system (ESR).

All recruiting managers are trained in safer recruitment practices. Where other staffing methods (e.g., agency) are used, contracts include a requirement to comply with the NHS employment check standard.

Training and Awareness: All SHPS staff have, or are working towards, professional purchasing qualifications.

The issues relating to Modern Slavery have been raised through articles in the Trust staff magazine Inform and by other briefing mechanisms. These will be repeated periodically. If staff have concerns about the supply chain or any other suspicions related to modern slavery they will be encouraged to raise these concerns through line management and report the issues to appropriate agencies. This will be raised particularly with clinical staff that may be in contact with vulnerable people.

Conclusion

This statement is made pursuant to section 54(1) of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and constitutes our slavery and human trafficking statement for the financial year ending 31 March 2023.

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Accountability Report: Remuneration & Staff Report

Remuneration Report

This report describes the remuneration of Very Senior Managers (VSM) at the Trust, namely members of the Board.

The remuneration of the Chair and Non-Executive Directors is determined during the year by NHS England (NHSE), which is responsible for non-executive appointments to NHS trusts on behalf of the Secretary of State for Health.

Remuneration of the Chief Executive and Trust Directors takes place within the interim *Guidance on Pay for Very Senior managers in NHS Trusts and Foundation Trusts*, issued March 2018.

The combined population of Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin is used as a guide for setting the salary of the Chief Executive. Other VSM salaries are determined as a proportion of the Chief Executive salary as defined in the *Guidance*, although flexibility is exercised in recruiting to hard-to-fill director posts. VSM salaries are scrutinised and approved by the Nomination, Appointments and Remuneration Committee (more details about this committee can be found in the Corporate Governance Report).

Performance review and appraisal of the Chair was undertaken during the year by the Chair of NHSI on behalf of the Secretary of State for Health in accordance with appraisal guidance provided by the NHSI. Performance review and appraisal of Non-Executive Directors is carried out by the Chair with guidance provided by NHSI. Performance review and appraisal of the Chief Executive is carried out by the Trust Chair in accordance with criteria set by the Remuneration Committee and guidance from the Department of Health. Performance review and appraisal of Directors is carried out by the Chief Executive in accordance with criteria set by the Remuneration Committee and guidance from the Department of Health.

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the remuneration of the highest-paid Director/Member in their organisation and the median remuneration of the organisation's workforce. The information provided on 'pay multiples' is subject to audit.

More detail about the salary and pension entitlements for the Trust's VSMs for the year 2022/23 can be found in the Annual Accounts section of this report.

Accountability Report: Remuneration & Staff Report

Senior Manager Remuneration

The table below shows details about remuneration for 2022/23 (this information is subject to audit).

| Remuneration : 2022/23 | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Name and title | Dates in Post | Salary (bands of £5,000) | Taxable expense payments (to nearest £100) | Performance pay & bonuses (bands of £5,000) | Long term performance pay/bonuses (bands of £5,000) | All pension related benefits (bands of £2,500) | Total (bands of £5,000) |
| | | £000 | £00 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Patricia Davies (Chief Executive) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 155-160 | | | | 40.0-42.5 | 200-205 |
| Sarah Lloyd (Director of Finance) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 120-125 | | | | 97.5-100.0 | 220-225 |
| Jane Povey (Medical Director) | 01/04/22 - 16/10/22 | 60-65 | | | | 0.0-2.5 | 65-70 |
| Dr Mahadeva Ganesh (Acting Medical Director) | 17/10/22 - 31/03/23 | 75-80 | | | | 0 | 75-80 |
| Angela Wallace (Chief Operating Officer) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 115-120 | | | | 32.5-35.0 | 145-150 |
| Clair Hobbs (Director of Nursing and Workforce) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 115-120 | | | | 80.0-82.5 | 195-200 |
| Shelley Ramtuhul (Director of Governance and Company Secretary) | 01/10/22 - 31/03/23 | 45-50 | | | | 0 | 45-50 |
| Nuala O'Kane (Chairman) | 01/04/22 - 16/02/23 | 35-40 | | | | 0 | 35-40 |
| Tina Long (Acting Chairman) | 16/02/23-31/03/23 | 5-10 | | | | 0 | 5-10 |
| Harmesh Darbhanga (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Peter Featherstone (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Tina Long (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-15/02/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Cathy Purt (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Alison Sargent (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Jill Barker (Associate Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |

Notes

- All pension related benefits comprise the NHS Pensions Agency assessment of future pension benefits, excluding inflation, less employee contributions.
- There was no remuneration waived by directors or allowances paid in lieu to directors in 2022/23.
- There were no payments/awards to past directors, or compensation on early retirement or loss of service.
- Jane Povey left the employment of the Trust on 16th October 2022.
- The remuneration for Jane Povey includes her STP Interim Clinical Director role (£5-10k) as well as her Medical Director Board position (£55-60k).
- Dr Mahadeva Ganesh started employment with the Trust on 17th October 2022.
- The remuneration for Mahadeva Ganesh includes his clinical medical consultant role (£25-30k) as well as his Medical Director Board position (£45-50k).
- Shelly Ramtuhul started employment with the Trust on 1st October 2022.
- Nuala O'Kane left the employment of the Trust on 16th February 2023.

Accountability Report: Remuneration & Staff Report

The table below shows details about remuneration for 2021/22

| Remuneration : 2021/22 | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Name and title | Dates in Post | Salary (bands of £5,000) | Taxable expense payments (to nearest £100) | Performance pay & bonuses (bands of £5,000) | Long term performance pay/bonuses (bands of £5,000) | All pension related benefits (bands of £2,500) | Total (bands of £5,000) |
| | | £000 | £00 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Patricia Davies (Chief Executive) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 150-155 | | | | 52.5-55.0 | 205-210 |
| Sarah Lloyd (Director of Finance) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 110-115 | | | | 140.0-142.5 | 250-255 |
| Jane Povey (Medical Director) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 85-90 | | | | 20.0-22.5 | 140-145 |
| Steve Gregory (Director of Nursing & Ops) | 01/04/21 - 30/09/21 | 55-60 | | | | 0 | 55-60 |
| Wasique Chaudhry (Director of Strategy) | 01/04/21 - 23/07/21 | 15-20 | | | | 0 | 15-20 |
| Angela Wallace (Chief Operating Officer) | 01/11/21 - 31/03/22 | 45-50 | | | | 25.0-27.5 | 70-75 |
| Clair Hobbs (Director of Nursing) | 01/11/21 - 31/03/22 | 45-50 | | | | 42.5-45.0 | 90-95 |
| Victoria Rankin (Director of People) | 01/04/21 - 28/05/21 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Michael Wuesterfeld-Gray (Interim Director of Governance and Corporate Secretary) | 01/04/21 - 19/05/21 | 25-30 | | | | 0 | 25-30 |
| Greg Moores (Interim Director of People and Corporate Service) | 01/06/21 - 31/03/22 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 |
| Nuala O'Kane (Chairman) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 35-40 | | | | 0 | 35-40 |
| Peter Phillips (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21 - 30/09/21 | 5-10 | | | | 0 | 5-10 |
| Hamesh Darbhanga (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Peter Featherstone (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Tina Long (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Cathy Purt (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21-31/03/22 | 10-15 | | | | 0 | 10-15 |
| Mike McDonald (Non-Executive Director) | 01/04/21-31/12/21 | 5-10 | | | | 0 | 5-10 |
| Alison Sargent (Non-Executive Director) | 04/01/22 -31/03/22 | 0-5 | | | | 0 | 0-5 |
| Jill Barker (Associate Non-Executive Director) | 04/01/22 -31/03/22 | 0-5 | | | | 0 | 0-5 |

Notes

- All pension related benefits comprise the NHS Pensions Agency assessment of future pension benefits, excluding inflation, less employee contributions.
- There was no remuneration waived by directors or allowances paid in lieu to directors in 2021/22.
- There were no payments/awards to past directors, or compensation on early retirement or loss of service.
- Steve Gregory left the employment of the Trust on 30th September 2021.
- Wasique Chaudhry left the employment of the Trust on 27th July 2021.
- Victoria Rankin left the employment of the Trust on 19th May 2021.
- Michael Wuesterfeld-Gray left the employment of the Trust on 19th May 2021.
- Peter Phillips left the employment of the Trust on 30th September 2021.
- Mike McDonald left the employment of the Trust on 31st December 2021.
- Greg Moores was seconded from Stockport Foundation Trust and per agreement pay costs were not recharged to the Trust.
- Both Angela Wallace and Clair Hobbs started employment with the Trust on 1st November 2021.
- Both Alison Sargent and Jill Barker started employment with the Trust on 4th January 2022.

Accountability Report: Remuneration & Staff Report

Pension Entitlements

The table below shows information about pension entitlements (this information is subject to audit).

| Pension entitlements 2022/23 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Name and title | Dates in Post | Real increase in pension at pension age (bands of £2,500) | Real increase in pension lump sum at pension age (bands of £2,500) | Total accrued pension at 31 March 2022 (bands of £5,000) | Lump sum at pension age re accrued pension at 31 March 2022 (bands of £5,000) | Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2022 | Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31 March 2023 | Real increase in Cash Equivalent Transfer Value | |
| | | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | |
| Patricia Davies (Chief Executive) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 2.5-5.0 | 0 | 55-60 | 105-110 | 970 | 1,064 | 41 | |
| Sarah Lloyd (Director of Finance) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 5.0-7.5 | 7.5-10.0 | 45-50 | 100-105 | 760 | 894 | 93 | |
| Jane Povey (Medical Director) | 01/04/22 - 16/10/22 | 0.0-2.5 | 0 | 30-35 | 65-70 | 588 | 620 | 2 | |
| Dr Mahadeva Ganesh (Dr Mahadeva Ganesh) | 17/10/22 - 31/03/23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Angela Wallace (Chief Operating Officer) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 0.0-2.5 | 0.0-2.5 | 35-40 | 60-65 | 636 | 705 | 32 | |
| Clair Hobbs (Director of Nursing and Workforce) | 01/04/22-31/03/23 | 2.5-5.0 | 5.0-7.5 | 30-35 | 65-70 | 458 | 549 | 62 | |
| Shelley Ramtuhul (Director of Governance and Company Secretary) | 01/10/22 - 31/03/23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Notes

- As Non-Executive directors do not receive pensionable remuneration, there are no entries in respect of pensions for these directors.
- There are no additional benefits that will become receivable by the individual if they retire early.
- There were no employer's contributions to stakeholder pensions.
- Jane Povey left her role as Medical Director on the 16th of October 2022 the real increase is only for the proportion relating to this post.
- Dr Mahadeva Ganesh has taken his pension so no pension entitlement to report for 2022/23
- Shelley Ramtuhul chose not to be covered by the pension arrangements during the reporting year
- Cash Equivalent Transfer Values:** A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capital value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's (or other allowable beneficiary's) pension payable from the scheme. CETVs are calculated in accordance with [SI 2008 No.1050 Occupational Pension Schemes \(Transfer Values\) Regulations 200823](#).
- Real Increase in CETV:** This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It does not include the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (including the value of any benefits transferred from another scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.
- CETV figures are calculated using the guidance on discount rates for calculating unfunded public service pension contribution rates that was extant on 31 March 2023. HM Treasury published updated guidance on 27 April 2023; this guidance will be used in the calculation of 2023 to 24 CETV figures.

Accountability Report: Remuneration & Staff Report

Fair pay disclosures

Reporting bodies are required to disclose the relationship between the remuneration of the highest-paid Director/Member in their organisation and the median remuneration of the organisation’s workforce. The information provided on ‘pay multiples’ is subject to audit.

The banded remuneration of the highest paid Director/Member in Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust in the financial year 22/23 was £157,500* (2021/22 - £152,500).

- This was 3.6 times (2021/22 - 3.8) the 75th percentile remuneration of the workforce, which was £43,842 (2021/22 - £40,168).
- This was 4.5 times (2021/22 - 4.7) the median remuneration of the workforce, which was £35,226 (2021/22 - £32,694).
- This was 6.0 times (2021/22 – 6.5) the 25th percentile remuneration of the workforce, which was £26,193 (2021/22 - £23,545).

The percentage change in remuneration from the previous financial year in respect of the highest paid director was 3.3% (2021/22 - 3.4%). The average percentage change in remuneration from the previous financial year in respect of employees of the entity was 9.2% (2021/22 3.1%). This increase is due to the national pay award of 4.8% and the inclusion of agency remuneration in the pay analysis as per the guidance, this was omitted in 2021/22.

In 2022/23, two (2021/22, one) employees received remuneration more than the highest paid Director/Member. Remuneration ranged from £19,946 to £226,109 (2021/22 £17,991 to £170,228).

Total remuneration includes salary, non-consolidated performance-related pay, benefits-in-kind, but not severance payments. It does not include employer pension contributions and the cash equivalent transfer value of pensions.

(*Banded remuneration is the mid-point between £155,000 and £160,000, which is the band within which the remuneration of the highest paid Director falls).

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Accountability Report: Remuneration and Staff Report

Staff Report

We employ nearly 1,600 people who provide a wide range of services from locations across Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin and surrounding areas.

This report provides information about the make-up of our workforce, which at the end of the year 2022/23 had a headcount of 1,690.

Staff Numbers

| 2023 | Female | | Male | | All | |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| | FTE | Headcount | FTE | Headcount | FTE | Headcount |
| Executive Directors | 4.0 | 4.0 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| Very Senior Managers | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Senior Managers | 67.3 | 73.0 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 89.3 | 96.0 |
| <i>Band 8A</i> | 44.0 | 49.0 | 10.4 | 11.0 | 54.4 | 60.0 |
| <i>Band 8B</i> | 11.3 | 12.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 16.3 | 17.0 |
| <i>Band 8C</i> | 9.0 | 9.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| <i>Band 8D</i> | 2.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| <i>Band 9</i> | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Other Staff | 1124.0 | 1428.0 | 134.5 | 160.0 | 1258.5 | 1588.0 |
| All Employees | 1196.3 | 1506.0 | 156.9 | 184.0 | 1353.2 | 1690.0 |

Staff Numbers

Average number of employees (WTE basis)

| | Permanent Number | Other Number | 2022/23 Total number | 2021/22 Total number |
|---|------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Medical and dental | 23 | 2 | 25 | 23 |
| Ambulance staff | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Administration and estates | 318 | 29 | 347 | 385 |
| Healthcare assistants and other support staff | 294 | 41 | 335 | 248 |
| Nursing, midwifery and health visiting staff | 458 | 60 | 517 | 514 |
| Nursing, midwifery and health visiting learners | - | - | - | - |
| Scientific, therapeutic and technical staff | 192 | 9 | 201 | 204 |
| Healthcare science staff | - | - | - | 2 |
| Social care staff | - | - | - | - |
| Other | 7 | - | 7 | 7 |
| Total average numbers | 1,294 | 143 | 1,437 | 1,384 |

Accountability Report: Remuneration and Staff Report

Staff Costs (the analysis of staff costs below is subject to audit)

Staff costs

| | Permanent £000 | Other £000 | 2022/23 Total £000 | 2021/22 Total £000 |
|--|-------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Salaries and wages | 52,368 | 1,871 | 54,239 | 48,150 |
| Social security costs | 4,588 | - | 4,588 | 4,069 |
| Apprenticeship levy | 227 | - | 227 | 215 |
| Employer's contributions to NHS pension scheme | 9,198 | - | 9,198 | 8,841 |
| Pension cost - other | 35 | - | 35 | 25 |
| Other post employment benefits | - | - | - | - |
| Other employment benefits | - | - | - | - |
| Termination benefits | - | - | - | - |
| Temporary staff | - | 4,669 | 4,669 | 2,917 |
| Total gross staff costs | 66,416 | 6,540 | 72,956 | 64,217 |
| Recoveries in respect of seconded staff | - | - | - | - |
| Total staff costs | 66,416 | 6,540 | 72,956 | 64,217 |

Staff Sickness Absence –

| Figures Converted by DH to Best Estimates of Required Data Items | | | Statistics Published by NHS Digital from ESR Data Warehouse | |
|--|--|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Average FTE for 2022 | Adjusted FTE days lost to Cabinet Office definitions | Average Sick Days per FTE | FTE-Days Available | FTE-Days recorded Sickness Absence |
| 1,288 | 18,059 | 14.0 | 470,149 | 29,296 |

Source: NHS Digital - Sickness Absence and Workforce Publications - based on data from the ESR Data Warehouse

Period covered: January to December 2022

Data items: ESR does not hold details of the planned working/non-working days for employees, so days lost and days available are reported based upon a 365-day year. For the Annual Report and Accounts the following figures are used:

The number of FTE-days available has been taken directly from ESR. This has been converted to FTE years in the first column by dividing by 365.

The number of FTE-days lost to sickness absence has been taken directly from ESR. The adjusted FTE days lost has been calculated by multiplying by 225/365 to give the Cabinet Office measure.

The average number of sick days per FTE has been estimated by dividing the FTE Days by the FTE days lost and multiplying by 225/365 to give the Cabinet Office measure. This figure is replicated on returns by dividing the adjusted FTE days lost by Average FTE.

We recognise our people are our most valuable resource and the approach taken by the Trust to reduce sickness absence goes together with promoting staff health and wellbeing. Managers are supported by Human Resources and Occupational Health in effectively managing sickness absence. Our sickness absence target is 4.5%.

We have several health and wellbeing initiatives to support our people which include (but not limited to):

- Confidential staff counselling
- Fast track Physiotherapy
- Access to the system wellbeing hub
- Menopause clinics
- Mens Health Clinics
- Access to Sleep School

Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

Over the last twelve months, we have continued to make progress with the equality, diversity and inclusion agenda. There has been progress, however, we acknowledge there is still much to do.

We have completed our first cohort of our reverse mentoring programme with plans in place to launch our second cohort in 2023/24. The feedback from programme members has shown that the programme has been a success. We have heard that ‘the programme has increased my confidence’, ‘it has made a real difference to me’, ‘I would definitely recommend it (the reverse mentoring programme)’.

Our staff support networks have worked hard to raise awareness by organising events such as This is me: Disability Awareness and they are also instrumental in the organisation of a system wide celebration event for Cultural Diversity Day. The networks have supported the development of reasonable adjustment guidelines for managers and reviewed our data to support the development of our relevant action plans to improve equality diversity and inclusion supporting all our staff to feel that they belong in the NHS, and at ShropCom.

Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES)

The Trust reports against the nine indicators of the Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES) on an annual basis and acts where there is evidence of disadvantage and inequality. The WRES data enables us to understand how well we are performing to ensure employees from black, Asian and minority ethnic backgrounds have equal access to career opportunities and receive fair treatment in the workplace. The Trust has developed a prioritised WRES action plan which it is implementing.

Gender Pay Gap

The Gender Pay Gap Regulations (2017 update to the Equality Act 2010) introduced a requirement for listed public authorities and private sector organisations with 250 or more employees to publish information relating to the difference between the pay of female and male employees. For public authorities, reporting on the Gender Pay Gap took place for the first time on 30 March 2018. This information is being used alongside other equality monitoring information to inform initiatives to promote gender equality in pay and career progression.

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Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust Annual Report and Accounts 2022/23
Workforce Disability Equality Standard (WDES)

The Workforce Disability Equality Standard (WDES) aims to promote and inform initiatives to address the national finding that disabled people in the workforce often have poorer experiences of employment than their colleagues who are not disabled. An action plan has been produced with the disability network.

Our Human Resources policies are developed with our values in mind and in particular our Safer Recruitment Policy and supporting management training is designed to eliminate discrimination on all grounds, which include disability.

Our Policy and Procedure on Equality and Diversity 'Everyone Counts' explains how the Trust will not discriminate against any member of staff with regards to training, promotion and career development.

There is more information available on the Trusts website regarding its work to promote equality, diversity and inclusion, in particular with regard to patient services which can be found via the following link:

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Trade Union Facility Time

Table 1: Relevant union officials

What was the total number of your employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period?

| <i>Number of employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period</i> | <i>Full-time equivalent employee number</i> |
|---|---|
| 8 | 6.71 |

Table 2: Percentage of time spent on facility time

How many of your employees who were relevant union officials employed during the relevant period spent a) 0%, b) 1%-50%, c) 51%-99% or d) 100% of their working hours on facility time?

| <i>Percentage of time</i> | <i>Number of employees</i> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0% | 1 |
| 1-50% | 7 |
| 51%-99% | 0 |
| 100% | 0 |

Table 3: Percentage of pay bill spent on facility time

Provide the figures requested in the first column of the table below to determine the percentage of your total pay bill spent on paying employees who were relevant union officials for facility time during the relevant period.

| <i>First Column</i> | <i>Figures</i> |
|---|----------------|
| Provide the total cost of facility time | £9,190 |
| Provide the total pay bill | £72,956,270 |
| Provide the percentage of the total pay bill spent on facility time, calculated as: (total cost of facility time ÷ total pay bill) x 100 | 0.01% |

Table 4: Paid Trade Union activities

As a percentage of total paid facility time hours, how many hours were spent by employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period on paid trade union activities?

| | |
|---|--------|
| <i>Total hours spent on paid facility time</i> | 427.5 |
| <i>Total hours spent on paid union activities</i> | 52.5 |
| <i>Time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of total paid trade union facility time by relevant union officials during the relevant period ÷ total paid facility time hours) x 100</i> | 12.28% |

Off-Payroll Arrangements

The table below shows arrangements that the Trust had during the year with individuals who provided services for which they were paid on a self-employed basis or through their own companies. Employment through agencies is not included. Only arrangements lasting six months or more, with a value of more than £245 per day, are shown.

Table 1: Off-payroll engagements longer than 6 months

For all off-payroll engagements as of 31 March 2023, for more than £245 per day and that last longer than six months:

| | Number |
|--|--------|
| Number of existing engagements as of 31 March 2023 | 0 |

The standard contract for off payroll workers contains binding clauses requiring the contractor to comply with all relevant statutes and regulations relating to income tax and national insurance contributions in respect of fees paid by the Trust and indemnifying the Trust against any liabilities incurred in respect of such contributions.

It also requires the contractor to demonstrate to the Trust his/her compliance with such legislation on request.

Deductions are made for PAYE for off payroll workers where appropriate in accordance with IR35 guidance.

The contractor's agreement to these terms is judged to constitute an appropriate level of risk assessment and management.

Table 2: New Off-payroll engagements

For all new off-payroll engagements, or those that reached six months in duration, between 1 April 2022 and March 2023, for more than £245 per day and that last for longer than six months

| | Number |
|--|--------|
| No. of new engagements, or those that reached six months in duration, between 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023 | 0 |
| <i>Of which...</i> | |
| No. assessed as caught by IR35 | 0 |
| No. assessed as not caught by IR35 | 0 |
| No. engaged directly (via PSC contracted to department) and are on the departmental payroll | 0 |
| No. of engagements reassessed for consistency / assurance purposes during the year. | 0 |
| No. of engagements that saw a change to IR35 status following the consistency review | 0 |

Accountability Report: Remuneration and Staff Report

Table 3: Off-payroll board member/senior official engagements

For any off-payroll engagements of board members, and/or, senior officials with significant financial responsibility, between 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023

| | Number |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Number of off-payroll engagements of board members, and/or senior officers with significant financial responsibility, during the financial year. | 0 |
| Total no. of individuals on payroll and off-payroll that have been deemed "board members, and/or, senior officials with significant financial responsibility", during the financial year. This figure must include both on payroll and off-payroll engagements. | 0 off-payroll 14 on payroll |

There are currently 12 Board members as set out earlier in this report. The disclosure above showing 14 individuals reflects changes during the year where some officers held post for part of the year.

Exit Packages

The information relating to Exit Packages is subject to audit. Redundancy and other departure costs are paid in accordance with the provisions of NHS Agenda for Change rules on pay. Exit costs are accounted for in full in the year of departure. Where the Trust has agreed early retirements, the additional costs are met by the Trust and not by the NHS Pensions scheme. Ill-health retirement costs are met by the NHS Pensions scheme. In 2022/23 three redundancy payments were agreed totaling £220,858. In 2021/22 two contractual payments in lieu of notice were made totaling £6,721.

Reporting of compensation scheme – exit packages 2022/23

Three Redundancy payments were agreed in the period

| Exit package cost band (including any special payment element) | Number of compulsory redundancies Number | Number of other departures agreed Number | Total number of exit packages Number |
|--|---|---|---|
| <£10,000 | - | - | - |
| £10,000 - £25,000 | - | - | - |
| £25,001 - 50,000 | - | - | - |
| £50,001 - £100,000 | 3 | - | 3 |
| £100,001 - £150,000 | - | - | - |
| £150,001 - £200,000 | - | - | - |
| >£200,000 | - | - | - |
| Total number of exit packages by type | 3 | - | 3 |
| Total cost (£) | 220,858 | £0 | £220,858 |

Exit Packages 2021/22

Two contractual payments in lieu of notice were agreed and paid in 2021/22

| Exit package cost band (including any special payment element) | Number of compulsory redundancies Number | Number of other departures agreed Number | Total number of exit packages Number |
|--|---|---|---|
| <£10,000 | - | 2 | 2 |
| £10,000 - £25,000 | - | - | - |
| £25,001 - 50,000 | - | - | - |
| £50,001 - £100,000 | - | - | - |
| £100,001 - £150,000 | - | - | - |
| £150,001 - £200,000 | - | - | - |
| >£200,000 | - | - | - |
| Total number of exit packages by type | - | 2 | 2 |
| Total cost (£) | £0 | 6,721 | £6,721 |

Exit packages: other (non-compulsory) departure payments

| | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Payments agreed Number | Total value of agreements £000 | Payments agreed Number | Total value of agreements £000 |
| Voluntary redundancies including early retirement contractual costs | - | - | - | - |
| Mutually agreed resignations (MARS) contractual costs | - | - | - | - |
| Early retirements in the efficiency of the service contractual costs | - | - | - | - |
| Contractual payments in lieu of notice | - | - | 2 | 7 |
| Exit payments following Employment Tribunals or court orders | - | - | - | - |
| Non-contractual payments requiring HMT approval | - | - | - | - |
| Total | - | - | 2 | 7 |
| Of which: | | | | |
| Non-contractual payments requiring HMT approval made to individuals where the payment value was more than 12 months' of their annual salary | - | - | - | - |

Other departures

A single exit package can be made up of several components each of which need to be counted for separately.

There were no non-contractual payments made to individuals where the payment value was more than 12 months of their annual salary.

Expenditure on Consultancy

Expenditure on consultancy totaled £174,000 for 2022/23, compared to £150,000 for 2021/22. This covered 16 programmes of work, with the highest cost on an individual programme being £25,000. All programmes were progressed following the appropriate approval processes.



Chief Executive
26 June 2023

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Accountability Report:

Trust Accounts Consolidation (TAC) Summarisation Schedules for Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2023

Summarisation schedules numbers TAC01 to TAC34 and accompanying WGA sheets for 2022/23 have been completed and this certificate accompanies them.

Finance Director Certificate

1. I certify that the attached TAC schedules have been compiled and are in accordance with:
 - the financial records maintained by the NHS trust
 - accounting standards and policies which comply with the Department of Health and Social Care's Group Accounting Manual and
 - the template accounting policies for NHS trusts issued by NHS England, or any deviation from these policies has been fully explained in the Confirmation questions in the TAC schedules.
2. I certify that the TAC schedules are internally consistent and that there are no validation errors.
3. I certify that the information in the TAC schedules is consistent with the financial statements of the NHS Trust.



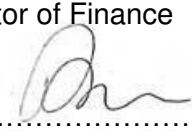
Signature:

Sarah Lloyd,
Director of Finance
26 June 2023

Chief Executive Certificate

1. I acknowledge the attached TAC schedules, which have been prepared and certified by the Finance Director, as the TAC schedules which the Trust is required to submit to NHS England.
2. I have reviewed the schedules and agree the statements made by the Director of Finance above.

Signature:



Patricia Davies,
Chief Executive
26 June 2023

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Independent auditor's report to the directors of Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust (the 'Trust') for the year ended 31 March 2023, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the accounts, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Accounts Directions issued under Schedule 15 of the National Health Service Act 2006, as interpreted and adapted by the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at 31 March 2023 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with international accounting standards as interpreted and adapted by the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the National Health Service Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law, as required by the Code of Audit Practice (2020) ("the Code of Audit Practice") approved by the Comptroller and Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, and in accordance with the expectation set out within the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23 that the Trust's financial statements shall be prepared on a going concern basis, we considered the inherent risks associated with the continuation of services provided by the Trust. In doing so we had regard to the guidance provided in Practice Note 10 Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom (Revised 2022) on the application of ISA (UK) 570 Going Concern to public sector entities. We assessed the reasonableness of the basis of preparation used by the Trust and the Trust's disclosures over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to

continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report and accounts, other than the financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report and accounts. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other information we are required to report on by exception under the Code of Audit Practice

Under the Code of Audit Practice published by the National Audit Office in April 2020 on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General (the Code of Audit Practice) we are required to consider whether the Governance Statement does not comply with the guidance issued by NHS England, or is misleading or inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit. We are not required to consider whether the Governance Statement addresses all risks and controls or that risks are satisfactorily addressed by internal controls.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters required by the Code of Audit Practice

In our opinion:

- the parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23; and
- based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements, the other information published together with the financial statements in the annual report and accounts for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Code of Audit Practice, we are required to report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we refer a matter to the Secretary of State under Section 30 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 because we have reason to believe that the Trust, or an officer of the Trust, is about to make, or has made, a decision which involves or would involve the body incurring unlawful expenditure, or is about to take, or has begun to take a course of action which, if followed to its conclusion, would be unlawful and likely to cause a loss or deficiency; or
- we make a written recommendation to the Trust under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the accounts set out on page 28, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in the form and on the basis set out in the Accounts Directions and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they have been informed by the relevant national body of the intention to dissolve the Trust without the transfer of its services to another public sector entity.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Trust and determined that the most significant which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those related to the reporting frameworks (international accounting standards and the National Health Service Act 2006, as interpreted and adapted by the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23).
- We enquired of management and the Audit Committee, concerning the Trust's policies and procedures relating to:
 - the identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
 - the detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
 - the establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We enquired of management, internal audit and the Audit Committee, whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or whether they had any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Trust's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, evaluating management's incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included the evaluation of the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure recognition. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to:
 - large and unusual journals and those journals with a direct impact on the financial performance of the Trust; and
 - potential management bias in determining accounting estimates, especially in relation to the land and building valuations, expenditure accruals, provisions, depreciation expense and IFRS 16 operating lease balances.
- Our audit procedures involved:
 - evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls that management has in place to prevent and detect fraud;
 - journal entry testing, with a focus on large and unusual items and significant journals at the end of the financial year which impacted the Trust's financial performance;

- challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in its significant accounting estimates in respect of land and building valuations, expenditure accruals, provisions, depreciation expense and IFRS 16 operating lease balances; and
- assessing the extent of compliance with the relevant laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement item.
- These audit procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error and detecting irregularities that result from fraud is inherently more difficult than detecting those that result from error, as fraud may involve collusion, deliberate concealment, forgery or intentional misrepresentations. Also, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.
- The team communications in respect of potential non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including the potential for fraud in revenue and/or expenditure recognition, and the significant accounting estimates related to land and building valuations, expenditure accruals, provisions, depreciation expense and IFRS 16 operating lease balances.
- Our assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included consideration of the engagement team's.
 - understanding of, and practical experience with audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation
 - knowledge of the health sector and economy in which the Trust operates
 - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the Trust including:
 - the provisions of the applicable legislation
 - NHS England's rules and related guidance
 - the applicable statutory provisions.
- In assessing the potential risks of material misstatement, we obtained an understanding of:
 - The Trust's operations, including the nature of its income and expenditure and its services and of its objectives and strategies to understand the classes of transactions, account balances, expected financial statement disclosures and business risks that may result in risks of material misstatement.
 - The Trust's control environment, including the policies and procedures implemented by the Trust to ensure compliance with the requirements of the financial reporting framework.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements –the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

Matter on which we are required to report by exception – the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

Under the Code of Audit Practice, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, we have not been able to satisfy ourselves that the Trust has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Our work on the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources is not yet complete. The outcome of our work will be reported in our commentary on the Trust's arrangements in our Auditor's Annual Report. If we identify any significant weaknesses in these arrangements, they will be reported by exception in a further auditor's report. We are satisfied that this work does not have a material effect on our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

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Responsibilities of the Accountable Officer

As explained in the Statement of the Chief Executive's Responsibilities as the Accountable Officer of the Trust set out on page 29, the Chief Executive, as Accountable Officer, is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of the Trust's resources.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

We are required under Section 21(2A)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to be satisfied that the Trust has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

We undertake our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in January 2023. This guidance sets out the arrangements that fall within the scope of 'proper arrangements'. When reporting on these arrangements, the Code of Audit Practice requires auditors to structure their commentary on arrangements under three specified reporting criteria:

- Financial sustainability: how the Trust plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance: how the Trust ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: how the Trust uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

We document our understanding of the arrangements the Trust has in place for each of these three specified reporting criteria, gathering sufficient evidence to support our risk assessment and commentary in our Auditor's Annual Report. In undertaking our work, we consider whether there is evidence to suggest that there are significant weaknesses in arrangements.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements – Delay in certification of completion of the audit

We cannot formally conclude the audit and issue an audit certificate for Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice until we have completed our work on the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the directors of the Trust, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trust's directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trust's directors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Avtar Sohal

Signature:

Avtar Sohal, Key Audit Partner

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Local Auditor

Birmingham

Date: 29 June 2023

Independent auditor's report to the directors of Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust

In our auditor's report issued on 29 June 2023, we explained that we could not formally conclude the audit and issue an audit certificate for the Trust for the year ended 31 March 2023, in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice, until we had completed our work on the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We have now completed this work, and the results of our work are set out below.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our auditor's report for the year ended 31 March 2023 issued on 29 June 2023 we reported that, in our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at 31 March 2023 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with international accounting standards as interpreted and adapted by the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual 2022-23; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the National Health Service Act 2006.

No matters have come to our attention since 29 June 2023 that would have a material impact on the financial statements on which we gave this opinion.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements - the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

Matter on which we are required to report by exception – the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

Under the Code of Audit Practice, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, we have not been able to satisfy ourselves that the Trust has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2023.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matter.

Responsibilities of the Accountable Officer

The Chief Executive, as Accountable Officer, is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of the Trust's resources.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources

We are required under section 21(2A)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to be satisfied that the Trust has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Trust's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in January 2023. This guidance sets out the arrangements that fall within the scope of 'proper arrangements'. When reporting on these arrangements, the Code of Audit Practice requires auditors to structure their commentary on arrangements under three specified reporting criteria:

- Financial sustainability: how the Trust plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance: how the Trust ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: how the Trust uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

We have documented our understanding of the arrangements the Trust has in place for each of these three specified reporting criteria, gathering sufficient evidence to support our risk assessment and commentary in our Auditor's Annual Report. In undertaking our work, we have considered whether there is evidence to suggest that there are significant weaknesses in arrangements.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements – Audit certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of Shropshire Community Healthcare NHS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the directors of the Trust, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trust's directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trust's directors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Avtar Sohal

Avtar Sohal, Key Audit Partner
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Local Auditor

Birmingham
24 August 2023

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**Annual accounts for the year ended
31 March 2023**

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Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| Note | £000 | £000 |
| Operating income from patient care activities | 3 100,323 | 93,824 |
| Other operating income | 4 5,157 | 5,796 |
| Operating expenses | 6, 8 (104,419) | (96,644) |
| Operating surplus/(deficit) from continuing operations | 1,061 | 2,976 |
| Finance income | 10 495 | 21 |
| Finance expenses | 11 (80) | 0 |
| PDC dividends payable | (638) | (595) |
| Net finance costs | (223) | (574) |
| Other gains / (losses) | 12 (5) | (13) |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year | 833 | 2,389 |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Will not be reclassified to income and expenditure: | | |
| Impairments | 7 (3,098) | (247) |
| Revaluations | 16 1,502 | 1,853 |
| Other reserve movements | 0 | 1 |
| Total comprehensive income / (expense) for the period | (763) | 3,996 |

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Statement of Financial Position

| | | 31 March 2023 | 31 March 2022 |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| | Note | £000 | £000 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 18 | 41 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 14 | 29,308 | 30,553 |
| Right of use assets | 17 | 9,094 | 0 |
| Receivables | 19 | 248 | 137 |
| Other assets | | 0 | 0 |
| Total non-current assets | | 38,668 | 30,731 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 18 | 612 | 606 |
| Receivables | 19 | 5,070 | 3,824 |
| Non-current assets for sale and assets in disposal groups | 20 | 189 | 189 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 21 | 18,580 | 18,664 |
| Total current assets | | 24,451 | 23,283 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 22 | (11,601) | (10,687) |
| Borrowings | 23 | (1,215) | 0 |
| Provisions | 24 | (236) | (617) |
| Other liabilities | | 0 | 0 |
| Total current liabilities | | (13,052) | (11,304) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 50,067 | 42,710 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 23 | (6,713) | 0 |
| Provisions | 24 | (1,310) | (1,149) |
| Total non-current liabilities | | (8,023) | (1,149) |
| Total assets employed | | 42,044 | 41,561 |
| Financed by | | | |
| Public dividend capital | | 2,368 | 2,368 |
| Revaluation reserve | | 6,727 | 8,709 |
| Income and expenditure reserve | | 32,949 | 30,484 |
| Total taxpayers' equity | | 42,044 | 41,561 |

The notes on pages 7 to 54 form part of these accounts.

| | |
|----------|-----------------|
| Name | Patricia Davies |
| Position | Chief Executive |
| Date | 26 June 2023 |



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

| | Public dividend capital | Revaluation reserve | Income and expenditure reserve | Total |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Taxpayers' and others' equity at 1 April 2022 - brought forward | 2,368 | 8,709 | 30,484 | 41,561 |
| Implementation of IFRS 16 on 1 April 2022 | 0 | 0 | 1,246 | 1,246 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | 0 | 0 | 833 | 833 |
| Transfer from revaluation reserve to income and expenditure reserve for impairments arising from consumption of economic benefits | 0 | (378) | 378 | 0 |
| Impairments | 0 | (3,098) | 0 | (3,098) |
| Revaluations | 0 | 1,502 | 0 | 1,502 |
| Transfer to retained earnings on disposal of assets | 0 | (8) | 8 | 0 |
| Public dividend capital received | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Taxpayers' and others' equity at 31 March 2023 | 2,368 | 6,727 | 32,949 | 42,044 |

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

| | Public dividend capital | Revaluation reserve | Income and expenditure reserve | Total |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Taxpayers' and others' equity at 1 April 2021 - brought forward | 1,766 | 7,448 | 27,749 | 36,963 |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year | 0 | 0 | 2,389 | 2,389 |
| Transfer from revaluation reserve to income and expenditure reserve for impairments arising from consumption of economic benefits | 0 | (338) | 338 | 0 |
| Impairments | 0 | (247) | 0 | (247) |
| Revaluations | 0 | 1,853 | 0 | 1,853 |
| Transfer to retained earnings on disposal of assets | 0 | (7) | 7 | 0 |
| Public dividend capital received | 602 | 0 | 0 | 602 |
| Taxpayers' and others' equity at 31 March 2022 | 2,368 | 8,709 | 30,484 | 41,561 |

Information on reserves

Public dividend capital

Public dividend capital (PDC) is a type of public sector equity finance based on the excess of assets over liabilities at the time of establishment of the predecessor NHS organisation. Additional PDC may also be issued to trusts by the Department of Health and Social Care. A charge, reflecting the cost of capital utilised by the trust, is payable to the Department of Health as the public dividend capital dividend.

Revaluation reserve

Increases in asset values arising from revaluations are recognised in the revaluation reserve, except where, and to the extent that, they reverse impairments previously recognised in operating expenses, in which case they are recognised in operating income. Subsequent downward movements in asset valuations are charged to the revaluation reserve to the extent that a previous gain was recognised unless the downward movement represents a clear consumption of economic benefit or a reduction in service potential.

Income and expenditure reserve

The balance of this reserve is the accumulated surpluses and deficits of the trust.

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Statement of Cash Flows

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Note | £000 | £000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Operating surplus / (deficit) | 1,061 | 2,976 |
| Non-cash income and expense: | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 6 3,524 | 1,919 |
| Net impairments | 7 220 | 188 |
| Income recognised in respect of capital donations | 4 (137) | 0 |
| (Increase) / decrease in receivables and other assets | (1,255) | (2,047) |
| (Increase) / decrease in inventories | (6) | 53 |
| Increase / (decrease) in payables and other liabilities | 2,009 | (508) |
| Increase / (decrease) in provisions | (220) | 1,414 |
| Net cash flows from / (used in) operating activities | 5,196 | 3,995 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Interest received | 424 | 11 |
| Purchase of intangible assets | 0 | (13) |
| Purchase of PPE and investment property | (3,739) | (3,254) |
| Sales of PPE and investment property | 6 | 10 |
| Initial direct costs or up front payments in respect of new right of use assets | (8) | 0 |
| Receipt of cash donations to purchase assets | 137 | 0 |
| Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities | (3,180) | (3,246) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Public dividend capital received | 0 | 602 |
| Capital element of lease liability repayments | (1,344) | 0 |
| Interest element of lease liability repayments | (80) | 0 |
| PDC dividend (paid) / refunded | (676) | (525) |
| Net cash flows from / (used in) financing activities | (2,100) | 77 |
| Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (84) | 826 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April - brought forward | 18,664 | 17,838 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March | 18,580 | 18,664 |

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Notes to the Accounts

Note 1 Accounting policies and other information

Note 1.1 Basis of preparation

The Department of Health and Social Care has directed that the financial statements of the Trust shall meet the accounting requirements of the Department of Health and Social Care Group Accounting Manual (GAM), which shall be agreed with HM Treasury. Consequently, the following financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the GAM 2022/23 issued by the Department of Health and Social Care. The accounting policies contained in the GAM follow International Financial Reporting Standards to the extent that they are meaningful and appropriate to the NHS, as determined by HM Treasury, which is advised by the Financial Reporting Advisory Board. Where the GAM permits a choice of accounting policy, the accounting policy that is judged to be most appropriate to the particular circumstances of the Trust for the purpose of giving a true and fair view has been selected. The particular policies adopted are described below. These have been applied consistently in dealing with items considered material in relation to the accounts.

Note 1.1.1 Accounting convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to account for the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and certain financial assets and financial liabilities.

Note 1.2 Going concern

These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The financial reporting framework applicable to NHS bodies, derived from the HM Treasury Financial Reporting Manual, defines that the anticipated continued provision of the entity's services in the public sector is normally sufficient evidence of going concern. The directors have a reasonable expectation that this will continue to be the case.

Note 1.3 Consolidation

NHS Charitable Fund

Under the provisions of IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, those charitable funds that fall under common control with NHS Trusts are consolidated within the entity's financial statements. As the Trust is the corporate trustee of the linked NHS Charity (Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust General Charitable Fund), it effectively has the power to exercise control so as to obtain economic benefits. However, the balance and transactions are immaterial in the context of the group and transactions have not been consolidated. Details of the transactions with the charity are included in Note 29: related party transactions.

The charitable fund's statutory accounts are prepared to 31 March in accordance with the UK Charities Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) which is based on UK Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 102.

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Note 1.4 Revenue from contracts with customers

Where income is derived from contracts with customers, it is accounted for under IFRS 15. The GAM expands the definition of a contract to include legislation and regulations which enables an entity to receive cash or another financial asset that is not classified as a tax by the Office of National Statistics (ONS).

Revenue in respect of goods/services provided is recognised when (or as) performance obligations are satisfied by transferring promised goods/services to the customer and is measured at the amount of the transaction price allocated to those performance obligations. At the year end, the Trust accrues income relating to performance obligations satisfied in that year. Where the Trust's entitlement to consideration for those goods or services is unconditional a contract receivable will be recognised. Where entitlement to consideration is conditional on a further factor other than the passage of time, a contract asset will be recognised. Where consideration received or receivable relates to a performance obligation that is to be satisfied in a future period, the income is deferred and recognised as a contract liability.

The Trust has a very small number of contracts that cross financial years with most of the income and performance obligations satisfied in year. Performance obligations are invoiced monthly with 30-day credit terms and hence the contract balances at year end mainly relate to obligations completed in March.

This year end the Trust has had some performance obligations with NHS Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin ICB, NHS England, Health Education England, Shropshire Council and Telford Council for specific projects, the Clinical Research Network for Research and Development funding and Shropshire Local Pharmaceutical Committee.

Revenue from NHS contracts

The main source of income for the Trust is contracts with commissioners for health care services. Funding envelopes are set at an Integrated Care System (ICS) level. The majority of the Trust's income is earned from NHS commissioners in the form of fixed payments to fund an agreed level of activity.

In 2022/23 NHS Shropshire, Telford and Wrekin agreed to operate under an "intelligent fixed payment" approach. This is a block income arrangement where all organisations agreed to take a share of the planned system deficit.

The Trust also receives income from commissioners under Commissioning for Quality Innovation (CQUIN) and Best Practice Tariff (BPT) schemes. Delivery under these schemes is part of how care is provided to patients. As such CQUIN and BPT payments are not considered distinct performance obligations in their own right; instead they form part of the transaction price for performance obligations under the overall contract with the commissioner. In 2022/23 payment under these schemes is included in fixed payments from commissioners based on assumed achievement of criteria.

NHS injury cost recovery scheme

The Trust receives income under the NHS injury cost recovery scheme, designed to reclaim the cost of treating injured individuals to whom personal injury compensation has subsequently been paid, for instance by an insurer. The Trust recognises the income when performance obligations are satisfied. In practical terms this means that treatment has been given, it receives notification from the Department of Work and Pension's Compensation Recovery Unit, has completed the NHS2 form and confirmed there are no discrepancies with the treatment. The income is measured at the agreed tariff for the treatments provided to the injured individual, less an allowance for unsuccessful compensation claims and doubtful debts in line with IFRS 9 requirements of measuring expected credit losses over the lifetime of the asset.

Note 1.5 Other forms of income

Grants and donations

Government grants are grants from government bodies other than income from commissioners or trusts for the provision of services. Where a grant is used to fund revenue expenditure it is taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income to match that expenditure. Where the grants is used to fund capital expenditure, it is credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income once conditions attached to the grant have been met. Donations are treated in the same way as government grants.

Apprenticeship service income

The value of the benefit received when accessing funds from the Government's apprenticeship service is recognised as income at the point of receipt of the training service. Where these funds are paid directly to an accredited training provider from the Trust's Digital Apprenticeship Service (DAS) account held by the Department for Education, the corresponding notional expense is also recognised at the point of recognition for the benefit.

Note 1.6 Expenditure on employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages and employment-related payments such as social security costs and the apprenticeship levy are recognised in the period in which the service is received from employees. The cost of annual leave entitlement earned but not taken by employees at the end of the period is recognised in the financial statements to the extent that employees are permitted to carry-forward leave into the following period.

Pension costs

NHS Pension Scheme

Past and present employees are covered by the provisions of the two NHS Pension Schemes. Both schemes are unfunded, defined benefit schemes that cover NHS employers, general practices and other bodies, allowed under the direction of Secretary of State for Health and Social Care in England and Wales. The scheme is not designed in a way that would enable employers to identify their share of the underlying scheme assets and liabilities. Therefore, the scheme is accounted for as though it is a defined contribution scheme: the cost to the trust is taken as equal to the employer's pension contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period. The contributions are charged to operating expenses as and when they become due.

Additional pension liabilities arising from early retirements are not funded by the scheme except where the retirement is due to ill-health. The full amount of the liability for the additional costs is charged to the operating expenses at the time the trust commits itself to the retirement, regardless of the method of payment.

Note 1.7 Expenditure on other goods and services

Expenditure on goods and services is recognised when, and to the extent that they have been received, and is measured at the fair value of those goods and services. Expenditure is recognised in operating expenses except where it results in the creation of a non-current asset such as property, plant and equipment.

Note 1.8 Property, plant and equipment

Recognition

Property, plant and equipment is capitalised where:

- it is held for use in delivering services or for administrative purposes
- it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to, or service potential be provided to, the trust
- it is expected to be used for more than one financial year
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably
- the item has cost of at least £5,000, or
- collectively, a number of items have a cost of at least £5,000 and individually have cost of more than £250, where the assets are functionally interdependent, had broadly simultaneous purchase dates, are anticipated to have similar disposal dates and are under single managerial control.

Where a large asset, for example a building, includes a number of components with significantly different asset lives, e.g., plant and equipment, then these components are treated as separate assets and depreciated over their own useful lives.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an increase in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that additional future economic benefits or service potential deriving from the cost incurred to replace a component of such item will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the item can be determined reliably. Where a component of an asset is replaced, the cost of the replacement is capitalised if it meets the criteria for recognition above. The carrying amount of the part replaced is de-recognised. Other expenditure that does not generate additional future economic benefits or service potential, such as repairs and maintenance, is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which it is incurred.

Measurement

Valuation

All property, plant and equipment assets are measured initially at cost, representing the costs directly attributable to acquiring or constructing the asset and bringing it to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Assets are measured subsequently at valuation. Assets which are held for their service potential and are in use (i.e. operational assets used to deliver either front line services or back office functions) are measured at their current value in existing use. Assets that were most recently held for their service potential but are surplus with no plan to bring them back into use are measured at fair value where there are no restrictions on sale at the reporting date and where they do not meet the definitions of investment properties or assets held for sale.

Revaluations of property, plant and equipment are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that carrying values are not materially different from those that would be determined at the end of the reporting period. Current values in existing use are determined as follows:

- Land and non-specialised buildings – market value for existing use
- Specialised buildings – depreciated replacement cost on a modern equivalent asset basis.

For specialised assets, current value in existing use is interpreted as the present value of the asset's remaining service potential, which is assumed to be at least equal to the cost of replacing that service potential. Specialised assets are therefore valued at their depreciated replacement cost (DRC) on a modern equivalent asset (MEA) basis. An MEA basis assumes that the asset will be replaced with a modern asset of equivalent capacity and meeting the location requirements of the services being provided.

Properties in the course of construction for service or administration purposes are carried at cost, less any impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, where capitalised in accordance with IAS 23, borrowings costs. Assets are revalued and depreciation commences when the assets are brought into use.

IT equipment, transport equipment, furniture and fittings, and plant and machinery that are held for operational use are valued at depreciated historic cost where these assets have short useful lives or low values or both, as this is not considered to be materially different from current value in existing use. Where a piece of equipment has a life of more than 10 years and a net book value in excess of £30,000 it is indexed using the inflation figure quoted in the NHS planning guidance for the year.

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Depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their remaining useful lives in a manner consistent with the consumption of economic or service delivery benefits. Freehold land is considered to have an infinite life and is not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment which has been reclassified as 'held for sale' cease to be depreciated upon the reclassification. Assets in the course of construction are not depreciated until the asset is brought into use.

Revaluation gains and losses

Revaluation gains are recognised in the revaluation reserve, except where, and to the extent that, they reverse a revaluation decrease that has previously been recognised in operating expenses, in which case they are recognised in operating expenditure.

Revaluation losses are charged to the revaluation reserve to the extent that there is an available balance for the asset concerned, and thereafter are charged to operating expenses.

Gains and losses recognised in the revaluation reserve are reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as an item of 'other comprehensive income'.

Impairments

In accordance with the GAM, impairments that arise from a clear consumption of economic benefits or of service potential in the asset are charged to operating expenses. A compensating transfer is made from the revaluation reserve to the income and expenditure reserve of an amount equal to the lower of (i) the impairment charged to operating expenses; and (ii) the balance in the revaluation reserve attributable to that asset before the impairment.

An impairment that arises from a clear consumption of economic benefit or of service potential is reversed when, and to the extent that, the circumstances that gave rise to the loss is reversed. Reversals are recognised in operating expenditure to the extent that the asset is restored to the carrying amount it would have had if the impairment had never been recognised. Any remaining reversal is recognised in the revaluation reserve. Where, at the time of the original impairment, a transfer was made from the revaluation reserve to the income and expenditure reserve, an amount is transferred back to the revaluation reserve when the impairment reversal is recognised.

Other impairments are treated as revaluation losses. Reversals of 'other impairments' are treated as revaluation gains.

De-recognition

Assets intended for disposal are reclassified as 'held for sale' once the criteria in IFRS 5 are met. The sale must be highly probable and the asset available for immediate sale in its present condition.

Following reclassification, the assets are measured at the lower of their existing carrying amount and their 'fair value less costs to sell'. Depreciation ceases to be charged and the assets are not revalued, except where the 'fair value less costs to sell' falls below the carrying amount. Assets are de-recognised when all material sale contract conditions have been met.

Property, plant and equipment which is to be scrapped or demolished does not qualify for recognition as 'held for sale' and instead is retained as an operational asset and the asset's useful life is adjusted. The asset is de-recognised when scrapping or demolition occurs.

Donated and grant funded assets

Donated and grant funded property, plant and equipment assets are capitalised at their fair value on receipt. The donation/grant is credited to income at the same time, unless the donor has imposed a condition that the future economic benefits embodied in the grant are to be consumed in a manner specified by the donor, in which case, the donation/grant is deferred within liabilities and is carried forward to future financial years to the extent that the condition has not yet been met.

The donated and grant funded assets are subsequently accounted for in the same manner as other items of property, plant and equipment.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Useful lives reflect the total life of an asset and not the remaining life of an asset. The range of useful lives are shown in the table below:

| | Min life Years | Max life Years |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Land | - | - |
| Buildings, excluding dwellings | 4 | 83 |
| Dwellings | - | - |
| Plant & machinery | 5 | 15 |
| Transport equipment | 7 | 7 |
| Information technology | 3 | 10 |
| Furniture & fittings | 10 | 10 |

The minimum useful economic life on Buildings is skewed by Lease Terms

The useful economic life for Information technology is usually 2 to 8 years. However, telephone systems have a life of 10 years which has skewed the maximum life.

Note 1.9 Intangible assets

Recognition

Intangible assets are non-monetary assets without physical substance which are capable of being sold separately from the rest of the trust's business or which arise from contractual or other legal rights. They are recognised only where it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to, or service potential be provided to, the trust and where the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets

Internally generated goodwill, brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer lists and similar items are not capitalised as intangible assets.

Expenditure on research is not capitalised. Expenditure on development is capitalised where it meets the requirements set out in IAS 38.

Software

Software which is integral to the operation of hardware, e.g. an operating system, is capitalised as part of the relevant item of property, plant and equipment. Software which is not integral to the operation of hardware, e.g. application software, is capitalised as an intangible asset.

Measurement

Intangible assets are recognised initially at cost, comprising all directly attributable costs needed to create, produce and prepare the asset to the point that it is capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Subsequently intangible assets are measured at current value in existing use. Where no active market exists, intangible assets are valued at the lower of depreciated replacement cost and the value in use where the asset is income generating. Revaluations gains and losses and impairments are treated in the same manner as for property, plant and equipment. An intangible asset which is surplus with no plan to bring it back into use is valued at fair value where there are no restrictions on sale at the reporting date and where they do not meet the definitions of investment properties or assets held for sale.

Intangible assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

Amortisation

Intangible assets are amortised over their expected useful lives in a manner consistent with the consumption of economic or service delivery benefits.

Useful lives of intangible assets

Useful lives reflect the total life of an asset and not the remaining life of an asset. The range of useful lives are shown in the table below:

| | Min life Years | Max life Years |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Software licences | 2 | 5 |
| Other - Website | 5 | 5 |

Note 1.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is measured using the first in, first out (FIFO) method. This is considered to be a reasonable approximation to fair value due to the high turnover of stocks.

The Trust received inventories including personal protective equipment from the Department of Health and Social Care at nil cost. In line with the GAM and applying the principles of the IFRS Conceptual Framework, the Trust has accounted for the receipt of these inventories at a deemed cost, reflecting the best available approximation of an imputed market value for the transaction based on the cost of acquisition by the Department.

Note 1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is cash in hand and deposits with any financial institution repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are investments that mature in 3 months or less from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and that form an integral part of the Trust's cash management. Cash, bank and overdraft balances are recorded at current values.

Note 1.12 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities arise where the Trust is party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument, and as a result has a legal right to receive or a legal obligation to pay cash or another financial instrument. The GAM expands the definition of a contract to include legislation and regulations which give rise to arrangements that in all other respects would be a financial instrument and do not give rise to transactions classified as a tax by ONS.

This includes the purchase or sale of non-financial items (such as goods or services), which are entered into in accordance with the Trust's normal purchase, sale or usage requirements and are recognised when, and to the extent which, performance occurs, i.e., when receipt or delivery of the goods or services is made.

Classification and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus or minus directly attributable transaction costs except where the asset or liability is not measured at fair value through income and expenditure. Fair value is taken as the transaction price, or otherwise determined by reference to quoted market prices or valuation techniques.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are those held with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows and where cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. This includes cash equivalents, contract and other receivables, trade and other payables, rights and obligations under lease arrangements and loans receivable and payable.

After initial recognition, these financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment (for financial assets). The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Interest revenue or expense is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or amortised cost of a financial liability and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and a financing income or expense.

Impairment of financial assets

For all financial assets measured at amortised cost including lease receivables, contract receivables and contract assets, the Trust recognises an allowance for expected credit losses.

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The Trust adopts the simplified approach to impairment for contract and other receivables, contract assets and lease receivables, measuring expected losses as at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses. For other financial assets, the loss allowance is initially measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (stage 1) and subsequently at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk assessed for the financial asset significantly increases (stage 2).

DHSC group bodies will not recognise stage 1 or stage 2 impairments. This is due to the fact DHSC will provide a guarantee of last resort against the debts of DHSC group bodies. Therefore, receivables relating to NHS bodies will not be impaired. With Non-NHS debt the Trust will use the expected loss model of impairment. This model will use historical receivable information as at 31st March in previous years to compile expected loss rates. These expected loss rates will be applied to aged receivables at year end adjusting for any forward-looking information available at this time to calculate the lifetime expected loss allowance as at the year end.

For financial assets that have become credit impaired since initial recognition (stage 3), expected credit losses at the reporting date are measured as the difference between the asset's gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Expected losses are charged to operating expenditure within the Statement of Comprehensive Income and reduce the net carrying value of the financial asset in the Statement of Financial Position.

Derecognition

Financial assets are de-recognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or the Trust has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Note 1.13 Leases

A lease is a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. An adaptation of the relevant accounting standard by HM Treasury for the public sector means that for NHS bodies, this includes lease-like arrangements with other public sector entities that do not take the legal form of a contract. It also includes peppercorn leases where consideration paid is nil or nominal (significantly below market value) but in all other respects meet the definition of a lease. The trust does not apply lease accounting to new contracts for the use of intangible assets.

The Trust determines the term of the lease term with reference to the non-cancellable period and any options to extend or terminate the lease which the Trust is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Trust as a lessee

Recognition and initial measurement

At the commencement date of the lease, being when the asset is made available for use, the Trust recognises a right of use asset and a lease liability.

The right of use asset is recognised at cost comprising the lease liability, any lease payments made before or at commencement, any direct costs incurred by the lessee, less any cash lease incentives received. It also includes any estimate of costs to be incurred restoring the site or underlying asset on completion of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future lease payments discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. Lease payments includes fixed lease payments, variable lease payments dependent on an index or rate and amounts payable under residual value guarantees. It also includes amounts payable for purchase options and termination penalties where these options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

Where an implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Trust's incremental borrowing rate is applied. This rate is determined by HM Treasury annually for each calendar year. A nominal rate of 0.95% applied to new leases commencing in 2022 and 3.51% to new leases commencing in 2023.

The Trust does not apply the above recognition requirements to leases with a term of 12 months or less or to leases where the value of the underlying asset is below £5,000, excluding any irrecoverable VAT. Lease payments associated with these leases are expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Irrecoverable VAT on lease payments is expensed as it falls due.

Subsequent measurement

As required by a HM Treasury interpretation of the accounting standard for the public sector, the Trust employs a revaluation model for subsequent measurement of right of use assets, unless the cost model is considered to be an appropriate proxy for current value in existing use or fair value, in line with the accounting policy for owned assets. Where consideration exchanged is identified as significantly below market value, the cost model is not considered to be an appropriate proxy for the value of the right of use asset.

The Trust subsequently measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount for interest arising which is also charged to expenditure as a finance cost and reducing the carrying amount for lease payments made. The liability is also remeasured for changes in assessments impacting the lease term, lease modifications or to reflect actual changes in lease payments. Such remeasurements are also reflected in the cost of the right of use asset. Where there is a change in the lease term or option to purchase the underlying asset, an updated discount rate is applied to the remaining lease payments.

The Trust as a lessor

The Trust assesses each of its leases and classifies them as either a finance lease or an operating lease. Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Trust is an intermediate lessor, classification of the sublease is determined with reference to the right of use asset arising from the headlease.

Finance leases

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Trust's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Trust's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Operating leases

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Income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the term of the lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial application of IFRS 16

IFRS 16 Leases as adapted and interpreted for the public sector by HM Treasury has been applied to these financial statements with an initial application date of 1 April 2022. IFRS 16 replaces *IAS 17 Leases*, *IFRIC 4 Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease* and other interpretations.

The standard has been applied using a modified retrospective approach with the cumulative impact recognised in the income and expenditure reserve on 1 April 2022. Upon initial application, the provisions of IFRS 16 have only been applied to existing contracts where they were previously deemed to be a lease or contain a lease under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4. Where existing contracts were previously assessed not to be or contain a lease, these assessments have not been revisited.

The Trust as lessee

For continuing leases previously classified as operating leases, a lease liability was established on 1 April 2022 equal to the present value of future lease payments discounted at the Trust's incremental borrowing rate of 0.95%. A right of use asset was created equal to the lease liability and adjusted for prepaid and accrued lease payments and deferred lease incentives recognised in the statement of financial position immediately prior to initial application. Hindsight has been used in determining the lease term where lease arrangements contain options for extension or earlier termination.

No adjustments have been made on initial application in respect of leases with a remaining term of 12 months or less from 1 April 2022 or for leases where the underlying assets has a value below £5,000. No adjustments have been made in respect of leases previously classified as finance leases.

The Trust as lessor

Leases of owned assets where the Trust is lessor were unaffected by initial application of IFRS 16.

2021/22 comparatives

Comparatives for leasing transactions in these accounts have not been restated on an IFRS 16 basis. Under IAS 17 the classification of leases as operating or finance leases still applicable to lessors under IFRS 16 also applied to lessees. In 2021/22 lease payments made by the Trust in respect of leases previously classified as operating leases were charged to expenditure on a straight line basis.

Note 1.14 Provisions

The Trust recognises a provision where it has a present legal or constructive obligation of uncertain timing or amount; for which it is probable that there will be a future outflow of cash or other resources; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount. The amount recognised in the Statement of Financial Position is the best estimate of the resources required to settle the obligation.

The Trust has not applied the Treasury's discount rates to the majority of the provisions as settlement is expected within one year and the impact of discounting is not material

The provision arising from the 2019/20 clinicians' pensions scheme is calculated by NHS England using the Treasury's discount rates as cashflows are expected later than than one year.

Early retirement provisions and injury benefit provisions both use the HM Treasury's pension discount rate of 1.70% in real terms (prior year: minus 1.30%).

Clinical negligence costs

NHS Resolution operates a risk pooling scheme under which the trust pays an annual contribution to NHS Resolution, which, in return, settles all clinical negligence claims. Although NHS Resolution is administratively responsible for all clinical negligence cases, the legal liability remains with the Trust. The total value of clinical negligence provisions carried by NHS Resolution on behalf of the trust is disclosed at note 24.2 but is not recognised in the Trust's accounts.

Non-clinical risk pooling

The trust participates in the Property Expenses Scheme and the Liabilities to Third Parties Scheme. Both are risk pooling schemes under which the trust pays an annual contribution to NHS Resolution and in return receives assistance with the costs of claims arising. The annual membership contributions, and any excesses payable in respect of particular claims are charged to operating expenses when the liability arises.

Note 1.15 Contingencies

Contingent assets (that is, assets arising from past events whose existence will only be confirmed by one or more future events not wholly within the entity's control) are not recognised as assets, but are disclosed in note 25 where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised, but are disclosed in note 25, unless the probability of a transfer of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent liabilities are defined as:

- possible obligations arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the entity's control; or
- present obligations arising from past events but for which it is not probable that a transfer of economic benefits will arise or for which the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

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Note 1.16 Public dividend capital

Public dividend capital (PDC) is a type of public sector equity finance based on the excess of assets over liabilities at the time of establishment of the predecessor NHS organisation. HM Treasury has determined that PDC is not a financial instrument within the meaning of IAS 32.

The Secretary of State can issue new PDC to, and require repayments of PDC from, the trust. PDC is recorded at the value received.

A charge, reflecting the cost of capital utilised by the trust, is payable as public dividend capital dividend. The charge is calculated at the rate set by HM Treasury (currently 3.5%) on the average relevant net assets of the trust during the financial year. Relevant net assets are calculated as the value of all assets less the value of all liabilities, with certain additions and deductions as defined by the Department of Health and Social Care.

This policy is available at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-on-financing-available-to-nhs-trusts-and-foundation-trusts>.

In accordance with the requirements laid down by the Department of Health and Social Care (as the issuer of PDC), the dividend for the year is calculated on the actual average relevant net assets as set out in the “pre-audit” version of the annual accounts. The dividend calculated is not revised should any adjustment to net assets occur as a result the audit of the annual accounts.

Note 1.17 Value added tax

Most of the activities of the trust are outside the scope of VAT and, in general, output tax does not apply and input tax on purchases is not recoverable. Irrecoverable VAT is charged to the relevant expenditure category or included in the capitalised purchase cost of fixed assets. Where output tax is charged or input VAT is recoverable, the amounts are stated net of VAT.

Note 1.18 Third party assets

Assets belonging to third parties in which the Trust has no beneficial interest (such as money held on behalf of patients) are not recognised in the accounts. However, they are disclosed in a separate note to the accounts in accordance with the requirements of HM Treasury’s *FReM*.

Note 1.19 Losses and special payments

Losses and special payments are items that Parliament would not have contemplated when it agreed funds for the health service or passed legislation. By their nature they are items that ideally should not arise. They are therefore subject to special control procedures compared with the generality of payments. They are divided into different categories, which govern the way that individual cases are handled. Losses and special payments are charged to the relevant functional headings in expenditure on an accruals basis.

The losses and special payments note is compiled directly from the losses and compensations register which reports on an accrual basis with the exception of provisions for future losses.

Note 1.20 Early adoption of standards, amendments and interpretations

No new accounting standards or revisions to existing standards have been early adopted in 2022/23.

Note 1.21 Standards, amendments and interpretations in issue but not yet effective or adopted

Other standards, amendments and interpretations

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (replacing IFRS 4) – is expected to apply to the public sector from 2022, this has not yet been adopted by the FReM: early adoption is not therefore permitted. This is unlikely to have a material impact on the Trust.

Note 1.22 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below) that management has made in the process of applying the trust accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

In the application of the Trust’s accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates and the estimates and underlying assumptions are continually reviewed. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

1. Determining whether charitable funds are a subsidiary of the Trust, and whether they are material, to determine whether or not to consolidate.
2. Determining that the Electronic Patient Record (EPR) software is integral to the operation of the purchased hardware so is classed as a tangible asset.

Note 1.23 Sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are assumptions about the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

1.1 Land and Buildings £24.9m are valued periodically by an external valuation specialist who makes assumptions concerning values, and estimates are also made concerning the remaining lives of these assets. If the valuations were 1% different, this would amount to £0.25m. The valuations would have to be different by 7.2% (£1.8m) to be considered material.

1.2 Peppercorn Land and Buildings £1.2m are also valued periodically by an external valuation specialist who makes assumptions concerning values. If the valuations were 1% different, this would amount to £0.01m.

2. Lease terms have been estimated as a number of Leases do not have formal documentation or do not have written agreements (mainly with NHS Property Services). In this case a judgement on Lease Terms has been made to match business plans or commercial reality. The valuation of Leases using the cost model at the 31st March 2023 is £7.9m. If the lease term or the cost model valuation were 1% different, this would amount to £0.08m. The valuations would have to be different by 23% (£1.8m) to be considered material.

Note 1.24 Auditors Liability

The auditor’s liability under the Shared Business Services Framework - Lot 1 subject to clauses 12.2, 13.1, 13.3, and 13.5 of schedule 2 of the standard framework, the total liability of each Party to the other under or in connection with the Framework Agreement whether arising in contract, tort, negligence, breach of statutory duty or otherwise shall be limited in aggregate to two million GBP (£2,000,000).

Note 2 Operating segments

The Trust has one operating segment being healthcare services, this is in line with the organisations management reporting structure.

Note 3 Operating income from patient care activities

All income from patient care activities relates to contract income recognised in line with accounting policy 1.4

| Note 3.1 Income from patient care activities (by nature) | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Community services | | |
| Income from commissioners | 85,799 | 82,378 |
| Income from other sources (e.g. local authorities) | 8,887 | 8,759 |
| All services | | |
| Agenda for change pay award central funding*** | 2,831 | 0 |
| Additional pension contribution central funding** | 2,806 | 2,687 |
| Other clinical income | 0 | 0 |
| Total income from activities | 100,323 | 93,824 |

**The employer contribution rate for NHS pensions increased from 14.3% to 20.6% (excluding administration charge) from 1 April 2019. Since 2019/20, NHS providers have continued to pay over contributions at the former rate with the additional amount being paid over by NHS England on providers' behalf. The full cost and related funding have been recognised in these accounts.

*** 'In March 2023 the government announced an additional pay offer for 2022/23, in addition to the pay award earlier in the year. Additional funding was made available by NHS England for implementing this pay offer for 2022/23 and the income and expenditure has been included in these accounts as guided by the Department of Health and Social Care and NHS England. In May 2023 the government confirmed this offer will be implemented as a further pay award in respect of 2022/23 based on individuals in employment at 31 March 2023

Note 3.2 Income from patient care activities (by source)

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Income from patient care activities received from: | | |
| NHS England | 14,960 | 10,690 |
| Clinical commissioning groups | 19,369 | 74,375 |
| Integrated care boards | 57,107 | |
| Department of Health and Social Care | 0 | 0 |
| Other NHS providers | 963 | 974 |
| NHS other | 0 | 0 |
| Local authorities | 7,118 | 7,024 |
| Non-NHS: private patients | 0 | 0 |
| Non-NHS: overseas patients (chargeable to patient) | 0 | 0 |
| Injury cost recovery scheme | 92 | 40 |
| Non NHS: other | 714 | 721 |
| Total income from activities | 100,323 | 93,824 |
| Of which: | | |
| Related to continuing operations | 100,323 | 93,824 |
| Related to discontinued operations | 0 | 0 |

From the 1st July 2022 the Clinical Commissioning Groups were replaced by Integrated Care Boards

Note 4 Other operating income

| | 2022/23 | | | 2021/22 | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | Contract income | Non-contract income | Total | Contract income | Non-contract income | Total |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Research and development | 173 | 0 | 173 | 124 | 0 | 124 |
| Education and training | 1,320 | 137 | 1,457 | 958 | 129 | 1,087 |
| Non-patient care services to other bodies | 31 | 0 | 31 | 82 | 0 | 82 |
| Reimbursement and top up funding | 1,180 | 0 | 1,180 | 2,141 | 0 | 2,141 |
| Income in respect of employee benefits accounted on a gross basis | 31 | 0 | 31 | 80 | 0 | 80 |
| Receipt of capital grants and donations and peppercorn leases | 0 | 137 | 137 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Charitable and other contributions to expenditure | 0 | 128 | 128 | 0 | 193 | 193 |
| Revenue from operating leases | 0 | 178 | 178 | 0 | 175 | 175 |
| Other income | 1,842 | 0 | 1,842 | 1,914 | 0 | 1,914 |
| Total other operating income | 4,577 | 580 | 5,157 | 5,299 | 497 | 5,796 |
| Of which: | | | | | | |
| Related to continuing operations | | | 5,157 | | | 5,796 |
| Related to discontinued operations | | | 0 | | | 0 |

An additional analysis of significant items of income included in 22/23 Other operating income - £1842k (21/22 £1914k) : Property Rentals £323k (21/22 £330k), Catering £34k (21/22 £23k), DHSC IT Grant £0k (21/22 £66k), Local Authority Contributions to Running Costs £76k (21/22 £76k), Estates Recharge to Foundation Trust £65k (21/22 £70k), Occupational Health Income Generation Scheme £261k (21/22 £459k), IT Funding - UTF DA Seed Funding £0K (21/22 £250K), Pharmacy Staffing Income £463K (21/22 £165K), FCP Physio Staffing Income £120K (21/22 £109k), Admiral Nursing Funding £176K (21/22 £0K)

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Note 5 Operating leases - Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust as lessor

This note discloses income generated in operating lease agreements where Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust is the lessor.

The Trust has applied IFRS 16 to account for lease arrangements from 1 April 2022 without restatement of comparatives. Comparative disclosures in this note are presented on an IAS 17 basis. This includes a different maturity analysis of future minimum lease receipts under IAS 17 compared to IFRS 16.

There are 6 properties that the Trust leases out being Bridgnorth Health Centre with 82 years remaining, Wem Professional Centre 0.4 years remaining, Bridgnorth and Whitchurch Maternity Units 1 year remaining, Hadley Health Centre 0.25 years remaining and Whitchurch Hospital 0.08 years remaining.

Note 5.1 Operating lease income

| | 2022/23 £000 | 2021/22 £000 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Lease receipts recognised as income in year: | | |
| Minimum lease receipts | 178 | 175 |
| Variable lease receipts / contingent rents | 0 | 0 |
| Other | | 0 |
| Total in-year operating lease income | <u>178</u> | <u>175</u> |

Note 5.2 Future lease receipts

| | 31 March 2023 £000 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Future minimum lease receipts due at 31 March 2023: | |
| - not later than one year | 157 |
| - later than one year and not later than two years | 45 |
| - later than two years and not later than three years | 45 |
| - later than three years and not later than four years | 45 |
| - later than four years and not later than five years | 45 |
| - later than five years | 3,459 |
| Total | <u>3,796</u> |
| | 31 March 2022 £000 |
| Future minimum lease receipts due at 31 March 2022: | |
| - not later than one year; | 158 |
| - later than one year and not later than five years; | 183 |
| - later than five years. | 3,504 |
| Total | <u>3,845</u> |

Note 6 Operating expenses

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Purchase of healthcare from NHS and DHSC bodies | 3,128 | 3,045 |
| Purchase of healthcare from non-NHS and non-DHSC bodies | 876 | 719 |
| Purchase of social care | 0 | 0 |
| Staff and executive directors costs | 72,735 | 64,217 |
| Remuneration of non-executive directors | 131 | 124 |
| Supplies and services - clinical (excluding drugs costs) | 9,543 | 12,266 |
| Supplies and services - general | 728 | 570 |
| Drug costs (drugs inventory consumed and purchase of non-inventory drugs) | 1,305 | 1,168 |
| Inventories written down | 1 | 0 |
| Consultancy costs | 174 | 150 |
| Establishment | 3,618 | 2,603 |
| Premises | 5,905 | 5,885 |
| Transport (including patient travel) | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment and right of use assets | 3,501 | 1,896 |
| Amortisation on intangible assets | 23 | 23 |
| Net impairments | 220 | 188 |
| Movement in credit loss allowance: contract receivables / contract assets | 14 | (5) |
| Movement in credit loss allowance: all other receivables and investments | 0 | 0 |
| Increase/(decrease) in other provisions | (278) | 126 |
| Change in provisions discount rate(s) | 0 | 0 |
| Fees payable to the external auditor | | |
| audit services- statutory audit | 76 | 74 |
| other auditor remuneration (external auditor only) | 0 | 0 |
| Internal audit costs | 91 | 53 |
| Clinical negligence | 239 | 199 |
| Legal fees | 92 | 66 |
| Insurance | 101 | 79 |
| Research and development | 90 | 101 |
| Education and training | 640 | 793 |
| Expenditure on short term leases (current year only) | 23 | 0 |
| Expenditure on low value leases (current year only) | 0 | 0 |
| Variable lease payments not included in the liability (current year only) | 0 | 0 |
| Operating lease expenditure (comparative only) | 0 | 1,487 |
| Early retirements | 0 | 0 |
| Redundancy | 221 | 0 |
| Car parking & security | 139 | 68 |
| Hospitality | 11 | 1 |
| Losses, ex gratia & special payments | 1 | 3 |
| Grossing up consortium arrangements | 0 | 0 |
| Other services, e.g. external payroll | 419 | 258 |
| Other | 652 | 487 |
| Total | 104,419 | 96,644 |
| Of which: | | |
| Related to continuing operations | 104,419 | 96,644 |
| Related to discontinued operations | 0 | 0 |

An additional analysis of significant items of expenditure included in 22/23 Other £650k (21/22 £487k): Ministry of Justice Bed watch & Escort Scheme £439k (21/22 £226k), Care Quality Commission Subscription £65k (21/22 £61k), Other Organization Subscriptions £44k (21/22 £70k) , Mayfair Centre Revenue Grant £55k (21/22 £48k)

Note 7 Impairment of assets

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|--------------|------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Net impairments charged to operating surplus / deficit resulting from: | | |
| Changes in market price | 220 | 188 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Total net impairments charged to operating surplus / deficit | 220 | 188 |
| Impairments charged to the revaluation reserve | 3,098 | 247 |
| Total net impairments | 3,318 | 435 |

The impairment of £3,318k relates to a reduction in the valuation of property following a desktop revaluation by the District Valuer as at 31.03.2023. The £220k relates to the revaluation of tenant improvements that were not covered by the revaluation reserve, at Craven Arms (£96k), Newport Cottage (£101k) and Wem Clinic (£15K), this also includes a reduction in the valuation of a Peppercorn lease at Donnington (£8k). The £3,098k mainly relates to a reduction in the valuation of capital works carried out by the Trust at Bridgnorth Hospital (£1,769k) and Whitchurch Hospital (£1,022k) as these works did not increase the value of the properties.

Note 8 Employee benefits

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | Total | Total |
| | £000 | £000 |
| Salaries and wages | 54,239 | 48,150 |
| Social security costs | 4,588 | 4,069 |
| Apprenticeship levy | 227 | 215 |
| Employer's contributions to NHS pensions | 9,198 | 8,841 |
| Pension cost - other | 35 | 25 |
| Other post employment benefits | 0 | 0 |
| Other employment benefits | 0 | 0 |
| Termination benefits | 0 | 0 |
| Temporary staff (including agency) | 4,669 | 2,917 |
| Total gross staff costs | 72,956 | 64,217 |
| Recoveries in respect of seconded staff | 0 | 0 |
| Total staff costs | 72,956 | 64,217 |
| Of which | | |
| Costs capitalised as part of assets | 0 | 0 |

Note 8.1 Retirements due to ill-health

During 2022/23 there were 2 early retirements from the trust agreed on the grounds of ill-health (6 in the year ended 31 March 2022). The estimated additional pension liabilities of these ill-health retirements is £12k (£555k in 2021/22).

These estimated costs are calculated on an average basis and will be borne by the NHS Pension Scheme.

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Note 9 Pension costs

Past and present employees are covered by the provisions of the two NHS Pension Schemes. Details of the benefits payable and rules of the Schemes can be found on the NHS Pensions website at www.nhsbsa.nhs.uk/pensions. Both are unfunded defined benefit schemes that cover NHS employers, GP practices and other bodies, allowed under the direction of the Secretary of State in England and Wales. They are not designed to be run in a way that would enable NHS bodies to identify their share of the underlying scheme assets and liabilities. Therefore, each scheme is accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme: the cost to the NHS body of participating in each scheme is taken as equal to the contributions payable to that scheme for the accounting period.

In order that the defined benefit obligations recognised in the financial statements do not differ materially from those that would be determined at the reporting date by a formal actuarial valuation, the FReM requires that "the period between formal valuations shall be four years, with approximate assessments in intervening years". An outline of these follows:

a) Accounting valuation

A valuation of scheme liability is carried out annually by the scheme actuary (currently the Government Actuary's Department) as at the end of the reporting period. This utilises an actuarial assessment for the previous accounting period in conjunction with updated membership and financial data for the current reporting period, and is accepted as providing suitably robust figures for financial reporting purposes. The valuation of the scheme liability as at 31 March 2023, is based on valuation data as at 31 March 2022, updated to 31 March 2023 with summary global member and accounting data. In undertaking this actuarial assessment, the methodology prescribed in IAS 19, relevant FReM interpretations, and the discount rate prescribed by HM Treasury have also been used.

The latest assessment of the liabilities of the scheme is contained in the report of the scheme actuary, which forms part of the annual NHS Pension Scheme Accounts. These accounts can be viewed on the NHS Pensions website and are published annually. Copies can also be obtained from The Stationery Office.

b) Full actuarial (funding) valuation

The purpose of this valuation is to assess the level of liability in respect of the benefits due under the schemes (taking into account recent demographic experience), and to recommend contribution rates payable by employees and employers.

The latest actuarial valuation undertaken for the NHS Pension Scheme was completed as at 31 March 2016. The results of this valuation set the employer contribution rate payable from April 2019 at 20.6% of pensionable pay.

The actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2020 is currently underway and will set the new employer contribution rate due to be implemented from April 2024.

Note 10 Finance income

Finance income represents interest received on assets and investments in the period.

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Interest on bank accounts | 495 | 21 |
| Total finance income | 495 | 21 |

Note 11 Finance expenditure

Finance expenditure represents interest and other charges involved in the borrowing of money or asset financing.

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Interest expense: | | |
| Interest on lease obligations | 80 | 0 |
| Total finance costs | 80 | 0 |

Note 12 Other gains / (losses)

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|------------|-------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Gains on disposal of assets | 6 | 10 |
| Losses on disposal of assets | (11) | (23) |
| Total gains / (losses) on disposal of assets | (5) | (13) |
| Other gains / (losses) | 0 | 0 |
| Total other gains / (losses) | (5) | (13) |

Note 13.1 Intangible assets - 2022/23

| | Software licences £000 | Intangible assets under construction £000 | Other (purchased) £000 | Total £000 |
|---|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|
| Valuation / gross cost at 1 April 2022 - brought forward | 95 | 0 | 17 | 112 |
| Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Valuation / gross cost at 31 March 2023 | 95 | 0 | 17 | 112 |
| Amortisation at 1 April 2022 - brought forward | 65 | 0 | 6 | 71 |
| Provided during the year | 19 | 0 | 4 | 23 |
| Impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amortisation at 31 March 2023 | 84 | 0 | 10 | 94 |
| Net book value at 31 March 2023 | 11 | 0 | 7 | 18 |
| Net book value at 1 April 2022 | 30 | 0 | 11 | 41 |

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Note 13.2 Intangible assets - 2021/22

| | Software licences £000 | Intangible assets under construction £000 | Other (purchased) £000 | Total £000 |
|--|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|
| Valuation / gross cost at 1 April 2021 - as previously stated | 152 | 0 | 17 | 169 |
| Additions | 13 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | (70) | 0 | 0 | (70) |
| Valuation / gross cost at 31 March 2022 | 95 | 0 | 17 | 112 |
| Amortisation at 1 April 2021 - as previously stated | 115 | 0 | 3 | 118 |
| Provided during the year | 20 | 0 | 3 | 23 |
| Impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | (70) | 0 | 0 | (70) |
| Amortisation at 31 March 2022 | 65 | 0 | 6 | 71 |
| Net book value at 31 March 2022 | 30 | 0 | 11 | 41 |
| Net book value at 1 April 2021 | 37 | 0 | 14 | 51 |

Note 14.1 Property, plant and equipment - 2022/23

| | Land £000 | Buildings excluding dwellings £000 | Assets under construction £000 | Plant & machinery £000 | Transport equipment £000 | Information technology £000 | Furniture & fittings £000 | Total £000 |
|---|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Valuation/gross cost at 1 April 2022 - brought forward | 4,300 | 21,861 | 1,409 | 3,649 | 24 | 4,306 | 22 | 35,571 |
| IFRS 16 implementation - reclassification of existing finance leased assets to right of use assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Additions | 0 | 825 | 1,074 | 140 | 0 | 605 | 0 | 2,644 |
| Impairments | 0 | (3,191) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (3,191) |
| Reversals of impairments | 0 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93 |
| Revaluations | 323 | (126) | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 213 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 1,272 | (1,580) | (1) | 0 | 309 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers to / from assets held for sale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | (340) | 0 | (271) | 0 | (611) |
| Valuation/gross cost at 31 March 2023 | 4,623 | 20,734 | 903 | 3,464 | 24 | 4,949 | 22 | 34,719 |
| Accumulated depreciation at 1 April 2022 - brought forward | 0 | 433 | 0 | 2,456 | 24 | 2,085 | 20 | 5,018 |
| IFRS 16 implementation - reclassification of existing finance leased assets to right of use assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Provided during the year | 0 | 1,066 | 0 | 231 | 0 | 738 | 0 | 2,035 |
| Impairments | 0 | 212 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 212 |
| Reversals of impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | (1,258) | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1,254) |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers to / from assets held for sale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | (329) | 0 | (271) | 0 | (600) |
| Accumulated depreciation at 31 March 2023 | 0 | 453 | 0 | 2,362 | 24 | 2,552 | 20 | 5,411 |
| Net book value at 31 March 2023 | 4,623 | 20,281 | 903 | 1,102 | 0 | 2,397 | 2 | 29,308 |
| Net book value at 1 April 2022 | 4,300 | 21,428 | 1,409 | 1,193 | 0 | 2,221 | 2 | 30,553 |

Note 14.2 Property, plant and equipment - 2021/22

| | Land £000 | Buildings excluding dwellings £000 | Assets under construction £000 | Plant & machinery £000 | Transport equipment £000 | Information technology £000 | Furniture & fittings £000 | Total £000 |
|--|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Valuation / gross cost at 1 April 2021 - as previously stated | 4,095 | 19,401 | 823 | 3,580 | 24 | 4,375 | 57 | 32,355 |
| Additions | 0 | 1,103 | 1,409 | 162 | 0 | 1,673 | 0 | 4,347 |
| Impairments | 0 | (247) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (247) |
| Reversals of impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 205 | 803 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,018 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 823 | (823) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers to / from assets held for sale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | (22) | 0 | (103) | 0 | (1,742) | (35) | (1,902) |
| Valuation/gross cost at 31 March 2022 | 4,300 | 21,861 | 1,409 | 3,649 | 24 | 4,306 | 22 | 35,571 |
| Accumulated depreciation at 1 April 2021 - as previously stated | 0 | 91 | 0 | 2,355 | 24 | 3,124 | 54 | 5,648 |
| Provided during the year | 0 | 991 | 0 | 201 | 0 | 703 | 1 | 1,896 |
| Impairments | 0 | 188 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 188 |
| Reversals of impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | 0 | (835) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (835) |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers to / from assets held for sale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | (2) | 0 | (100) | 0 | (1,742) | (35) | (1,879) |
| Accumulated depreciation at 31 March 2022 | 0 | 433 | 0 | 2,456 | 24 | 2,085 | 20 | 5,018 |
| Net book value at 31 March 2022 | 4,300 | 21,428 | 1,409 | 1,193 | 0 | 2,221 | 2 | 30,553 |
| Net book value at 1 April 2021 | 4,095 | 19,310 | 823 | 1,225 | 0 | 1,251 | 3 | 26,707 |

Note 14.3 Property, plant and equipment financing - 31 March 2023

| | Land | Buildings excluding dwellings | Assets under construction | Plant & machinery | Transport equipment | Information technology | Furniture & fittings | Total |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Owned - purchased | 4,623 | 19,623 | 903 | 620 | 0 | 2,397 | 2 | 28,168 |
| Owned - donated/granted | 0 | 658 | 0 | 482 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,140 |
| Total net book value at 31 March 2023 | 4,623 | 20,281 | 903 | 1,102 | 0 | 2,397 | 2 | 29,308 |

Note 14.4 Property, plant and equipment financing - 31 March 2022

| | Land | Buildings excluding dwellings | Assets under construction | Plant & machinery | Transport equipment | Information technology | Furniture & fittings | Total |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Owned - purchased | 4,300 | 20,999 | 1,409 | 623 | 0 | 2,221 | 2 | 29,554 |
| Finance leased | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Owned - donated/granted | 0 | 429 | 0 | 570 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 999 |
| Total net book value at 31 March 2022 | 4,300 | 21,428 | 1,409 | 1,193 | 0 | 2,221 | 2 | 30,553 |

Note 14.5 Property plant and equipment assets subject to an operating lease (Trust as a lessor) - 31 March 2023

| | Land | Buildings excluding dwellings | Assets under construction | Plant & machinery | Transport equipment | Information technology | Furniture & fittings | Total |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Subject to an operating lease | 393 | 991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,384 |
| Not subject to an operating lease | 4,230 | 19,290 | 903 | 1,102 | 0 | 2,397 | 2 | 27,924 |
| Total net book value at 31 March 2023 | 4,623 | 20,281 | 903 | 1,102 | 0 | 2,397 | 2 | 29,308 |

Note 15 Donations of property, plant and equipment

The Trust received cash donations for the purchase of plant and equipment during the year from the League of Friends (LoF) as follows:

| | 2022/23 |
|---|------------|
| | £,000 |
| Whitchurch Hospital End of Life Suite - LoF | 130 |
| Ludlow Hospital Bladder scanner - LoF | 7 |
| Total Donated PPE | 137 |

The end of Life Suite at Whitchurch cost £162k in total with the remaining £32k being funded by the Trust

Note 16 Revaluations of property, plant and equipment

The last 5 yearly full land and buildings revaluation was undertaken by the Valuation Office Agency (VOA) with an effective date of 31st March 2019. The next full revaluation is due on the 31st March 2024.

A desktop valuation exercise was carried out in year with a valuation date of 31 March 2023 which included valuations for Land, Buildings and the majority of the Trust's tenant improvements. This included a revision to the useful lives of the Buildings and Tennant improvements.

Of the £23.2m net book value of land and buildings subject to valuation by the Valuer, £4.6m relates to land and £18.5m relates to specialised assets valued on a depreciated replacement cost basis. Here the valuer bases their assessment on the cost to the Trust of replacing the service potential of the assets. £0.1m relates to non specialised assets and these are valued at Existing Use Value (EUV).

Land values include £1,130k for non-operational land at Ludlow.

BCIS indices, provided to the Trust by the Valuation Office Agency were used to reflect changes in value of other building assets with the Net Book Value of £0.96m and that are over a year old increasing the Net Book value to £1.04m. Those Building assets purchased in year have not been revalued with most assets procured in the last quarter of 2022/23.

Land and buildings revaluation amounted to a change in value of land of £323k and a decrease of £2,257k (revaluation £1,053k and impairment of £3,310k) for buildings and increase for buildings indexed using BCIS indices of £79k. Revaluation values overall decreased by 10.8% for buildings and for buildings that were indexed the BCIS indices was 8.3%. An impairment of £3,098k for buildings was charged to the revaluation reserve in relation to the desktop valuation by the District valuer and £212k was charged to I&E (see note 6 - Impairment of assets £3,318k (£8k relates to impairment of a peppercorn lease)).

Peppercorn Leases for Land were also revalued as at the 31.03.2023 and this increased the valuation by £35k.

The gross carrying amount of fully depreciated assets still in use was £2.8m.

Indexation of 4.0% was applied to equipment assets with a net book value of £30k and an economic life greater than 10 years, being 3 assets resulting in an increase of £12k.

Note 17 Leases - Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust as a lessee

This note details information about leases for which the Trust is a lessee.

The majority of the leases the Trust has as a lessee are for buildings. These are for both fixed rental agreements which are not dependant on an index or rate and a Peppercorn lease agreement where no rent is paid.

The Trust has a number of Peppercorn Leases for Land and also Transport equipment leases for Pool cars and Vans

The Trust has applied IFRS 16 to account for lease arrangements from 1 April 2022 without restatement of comparatives. Comparative disclosures in this note are presented on an IAS 17 basis.

Note 17.1 Right of use assets - 2022/23

| | Property (land and buildings) £000 | Plant & machinery £000 | Transport equipment £000 | Total £000 | Of which: leased from DHSC group bodies £000 |
|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| IFRS 16 implementation - adjustments for existing operating leases / subleases | 10,065 | 4 | 72 | 10,141 | 7,615 |
| Additions | 358 | 0 | 21 | 379 | 0 |
| Remeasurements of the lease liability | 13 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 3 |
| Movements in provisions for restoration / removal costs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reversal of impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | (27) | 0 | 0 | (27) | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Valuation/gross cost at 31 March 2023 | 10,409 | 4 | 93 | 10,506 | 7,618 |
| IFRS 16 implementation - adjustments for existing subleases | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Provided during the year | 1,415 | 3 | 48 | 1,466 | 1,035 |
| Impairments | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Reversal of impairments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations | (62) | 0 | 0 | (62) | 0 |
| Reclassifications | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals / derecognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Accumulated depreciation at 31 March 2023 | 1,361 | 3 | 48 | 1,412 | 1,035 |
| Net book value at 31 March 2023 | 9,048 | 1 | 45 | 9,094 | 6,583 |
| Net book value of right of use assets leased from other NHS providers | | | | | 726 |
| Net book value of right of use assets leased from other DHSC group bodies | | | | | 5,857 |

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Note 17.2 Revaluations of right of use assets

The Trust has 7 peppercorn leases, 6 for Land and 1 for a building. The buildings on the land leases are valued in PPE as tenant improvements see note 16.

With peppercorn leases the cost model is not an appropriate proxy for current value in existing use. In these cases the Trust has used the revaluation model under IFRS 16 to establish a valuation. The Valuation Office Agency (VOA) valued these leases at 1st April 2022 (£1,246k) and the 31st March 2023 (£1,218k). The Land Leases increased by £34k with the building lease decreasing by £8k which was charged to I&E.

Note 17.3 Reconciliation of the carrying value of lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are included within borrowings in the statement of financial position. A breakdown of borrowings is disclosed in note 23.

| | 2022/23 |
|--|--------------|
| | £000 |
| Carrying value at 31 March 2022 | 0 |
| IFRS 16 implementation - adjustments for existing operating leases | 8,888 |
| Transfers by absorption | 0 |
| Lease additions | 371 |
| Lease liability remeasurements | 13 |
| Interest charge arising in year | 80 |
| Early terminations | 0 |
| Lease payments (cash outflows) | (1,424) |
| Other changes | 0 |
| Carrying value at 31 March 2023 | 7,928 |

Lease payments for short term leases, leases of low value underlying assets and variable lease payments not dependent on an index or rate are recognised in operating expenditure.

These payments are disclosed in Note 6. Cash outflows in respect of leases recognised on-SoFP are disclosed in the reconciliation above.

Note 17.4 Maturity analysis of future lease payments at 31 March 2023

| | Total | Of which leased from DHSC group bodies: |
|---|--------------|--|
| | 31 March | 31 March |
| | 2023 | 2023 |
| | £000 | £000 |
| Undiscounted future lease payments payable in: | | |
| - not later than one year; | 1,283 | 919 |
| - later than one year and not later than five years; | 4,121 | 3,193 |
| - later than five years. | 2,828 | 2,781 |
| Total gross future lease payments | 8,232 | 6,893 |
| Finance charges allocated to future periods | (304) | (280) |
| Net lease liabilities at 31 March 2023 | 7,928 | 6,613 |
| Of which: | | |
| Leased from other NHS providers | | 729 |
| Leased from other DHSC group bodies | | 5,884 |

Note 17.5 Commitments in respect of operating leases at 31 March 2022 (IAS 17 basis)

This note discloses costs incurred in 2021/22 and commitments as at 31 March 2022 for leases the trust previously determined to be operating leases under IAS 17.

| | 2021/22 |
|--|---------------------|
| | £000 |
| Operating lease expense | |
| Minimum lease payments | 1,487 |
| Contingent rents | - |
| Less sublease payments received | - |
| Total | <u>1,487</u> |
| | |
| | 31 March |
| | 2022 |
| | £000 |
| Future minimum lease payments due: | |
| - not later than one year; | 1,542 |
| - later than one year and not later than five years; | 1,787 |
| - later than five years. | 908 |
| Total | <u>4,237</u> |
| Future minimum sublease payments to be received | - |

Note 17.7 Initial application of IFRS 16 on 1 April 2022

IFRS 16 as adapted and interpreted for the public sector by HM Treasury has been applied to leases in these financial statements with an initial application date of 1 April 2022.

The standard has been applied using a modified retrospective approach without the restatement of comparatives. Practical expedients applied by the Trust on initial application are detailed in the leases accounting policy in note 13.

Lease liabilities created for existing operating leases on 1 April 2022 were discounted using the weighted average incremental borrowing rate determined by HM Treasury as 0.95%.

Reconciliation of operating lease commitments as at 31 March 2022 to lease liabilities under IFRS 16 as at 1 April 2022

| | 1 April 2022 |
|--|--------------|
| | £000 |
| Operating lease commitments under IAS 17 at 31 March 2022 | 4,237 |
| Impact of discounting at the incremental borrowing rate | (262) |
| IAS 17 operating lease commitment discounted at incremental borrowing rate | 3,975 |
| Less: | |
| Commitments for short term leases | (104) |
| Commitments for leases of low value assets | 0 |
| Commitments for leases that had not commenced as at 31 March 2022 | 0 |
| Irrecoverable VAT previously included in IAS 17 commitment | (46) |
| Services included in IAS 17 commitment not included in the IFRS 16 liability | 0 |
| Other adjustments: | |
| Differences in the assessment of the lease term | 5,248 |
| Public sector leases without full documentation previously excluded from operating lease commitments | 0 |
| Variable lease payments based on an index or rate | 0 |
| Rent increases/(decreases) reflected in the lease liability, not previously reflected in the IAS 17 commitment | (185) |
| Amounts payable under residual value guarantees | 0 |
| Termination penalties not previously included in commitment | 0 |
| Finance lease liabilities under IAS 17 as at 31 March 2022 | 0 |
| Other adjustments | 0 |
| Total lease liabilities under IFRS 16 as at 1 April 2022 | 8,888 |

Note 18 Inventories

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Drugs | 0 | 0 |
| Work In progress | 0 | 0 |
| Consumables | 295 | 305 |
| Energy | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 317 | 301 |
| Total inventories | 612 | 606 |
| of which: | | |
| Held at fair value less costs to sell | 0 | 0 |

Inventories recognised in expenses for the year were £3,536k (2021/22: £3,634k). Write-down of inventories recognised as expenses for the year were £1k (2021/22: £0k).

In response to the COVID 19 pandemic, the Department of Health and Social Care centrally procured personal protective equipment and passed these to NHS providers free of charge. During 2022/23 the Trust received £128k of items purchased by DHSC (2021/22: £193k).

These inventories were recognised as additions to inventory at deemed cost with the corresponding benefit recognised in income. The utilisation of these items is included in the expenses disclosed above.

Note 19.1 Receivables

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Current | | |
| Contract receivables | 4,052 | 3,026 |
| Allowance for impaired contract receivables / assets | (26) | (17) |
| Prepayments (non-PFI) | 704 | 639 |
| Interest receivable | 81 | 10 |
| PDC dividend receivable | 47 | 9 |
| VAT receivable | 114 | 85 |
| Other receivables | 98 | 72 |
| Total current receivables | <u>5,070</u> | <u>3,824</u> |
| Non-current | | |
| Allowance for impaired contract receivables / assets | (19) | (23) |
| Prepayments (non-PFI) | 51 | 8 |
| Other receivables | 216 | 152 |
| Total non-current receivables | <u>248</u> | <u>137</u> |
| Of which receivable from NHS and DHSC group bodies: | | |
| Current | 3,448 | 1,722 |
| Non-current | 143 | 76 |

The increase in contract receivables mainly relates to the central funding for the Agenda for change pay offer of £2,831k -see note 3.1

Note 19.2 Allowances for credit losses

| | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 | |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| | Contract receivables and contract assets | All other receivables | Contract receivables and contract assets | All other receivables |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Allowances as at 1 April - brought forward | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| New allowances arising | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reversals of allowances | 0 | 0 | (5) | 0 |
| Utilisation of allowances (write offs) | (9) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Allowances as at 31 Mar 2023 | 45 | 0 | 40 | 0 |

The credit losses in 2022/23 also include an allowance of £42k for unsuccessful compensation claims in relation to the NHS injury cost recovery scheme.

Note 19.3 Exposure to credit risk

Credit loss provision - Non NHS contract receivables

| | Amount | Expected |
|------------------------|------------|----------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Days past invoice date | | |
| 0-30 days | 468 | 0 |
| 31-60 days | 62 | 0 |
| 61-90 days | 5 | 0 |
| Over 90 days | 21 | 1 |
| Total | 556 | 1 |

Note 20 Non-current assets held for sale and assets in disposal groups

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| NBV of non-current assets for sale and assets in disposal groups at 1 April | | |
| Assets sold in year | 189 | 189 |
| | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| NBV of non-current assets for sale and assets in disposal groups at 31 March | <u><u>189</u></u> | <u><u>189</u></u> |

The non current asset held for sale relates to Much Wenlock Clinic - Lady Forester. This asset has a net book value of £189k consisting of £152k land and £37k buildings. Services are no longer carried out at this site and management have made the decision to sell the asset. This asset was sold in April 2023.

Note 21 Cash and cash equivalents movements

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, in hand and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible investments of known value which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| At 1 April | 18,664 | 17,838 |
| Prior period adjustments | | 0 |
| At 1 April (restated) | 18,664 | 17,838 |
| Transfers by absorption | 0 | 0 |
| Net change in year | (84) | 826 |
| At 31 March | 18,580 | 18,664 |
| Broken down into: | | |
| Cash at commercial banks and in hand | 4 | 5 |
| Cash with the Government Banking Service | 18,576 | 18,659 |
| Deposits with the National Loan Fund | 0 | 0 |
| Other current investments | 0 | 0 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents as in SoFP | 18,580 | 18,664 |
| Bank overdrafts (GBS and commercial banks) | 0 | 0 |
| Drawdown in committed facility | 0 | 0 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents as in SoCF | 18,580 | 18,664 |

Note 22 Trade and other payables

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Current | | |
| Trade payables | 1,736 | 2,702 |
| Capital payables | 502 | 1,597 |
| Accruals | 2,547 | 3,424 |
| Receipts in advance and payments on account | 1,394 | 733 |
| Social security costs | 695 | 667 |
| VAT payables | 0 | 0 |
| Other taxes payable | 480 | 431 |
| PDC dividend payable | 0 | 0 |
| Pension contributions payable | 876 | 839 |
| Other payables | 3,371 | 294 |
| Total current trade and other payables | <u>11,601</u> | <u>10,687</u> |
| | | |
| Of which payables from NHS and DHSC group bodies: | | |
| Current | 2,573 | 3,346 |
| Non-current | 0 | 0 |

The increase in other payables relates to £2,944k for the Agenda for change pay

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Note 23 Borrowings

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current | | |
| Bank overdrafts | 0 | 0 |
| Drawdown in committed facility | 0 | 0 |
| Loans from DHSC | 0 | 0 |
| Other loans | 0 | 0 |
| Lease liabilities* | 1,215 | 0 |
| Total current borrowings | 1,215 | 0 |
| Non-current | | |
| Loans from DHSC | 0 | 0 |
| Other loans | 0 | 0 |
| Lease liabilities* | 6,713 | 0 |
| Total non-current borrowings | 6,713 | 0 |

* The Trust has applied IFRS 16 to lease arrangements within these accounts from 1 April 2022 without restatement of comparatives. More information about leases and the impact of this change in accounting policy can be found in note 17.

Note 23.1 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities - 2022/23

| | Loans from DHSC £000 | Other loans £000 | Lease Liability £000 | Total £000 |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Carrying value at 1 April 2022 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cash movements: | | | | |
| Financing cash flows - payments and receipts of principal | 0 | 0 | (1,344) | (1,344) |
| Financing cash flows - payments of interest | 0 | 0 | (80) | (80) |
| Non-cash movements: | | | | |
| Impact of implementing IFRS 16 on 1 April 2022 | 0 | 0 | 8,888 | 8,888 |
| Transfers by absorption | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Additions | 0 | 0 | 371 | 371 |
| Lease liability remeasurements | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 |
| Application of effective interest rate | 0 | 0 | 80 | 80 |
| Change in effective interest rate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Changes in fair value | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Early terminations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other changes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Carrying value at 31 March 2023 | 0 | 0 | 7,928 | 7,928 |

Note 24.1 Provisions for liabilities and charges analysis

| | Pensions: early departure costs £000 | Pensions: injury benefits £000 | Legal claims £000 | Re- structuring £000 | Equal Pay (including Agenda for Change) £000 | Redundancy £000 | Other £000 | Total £000 |
|---|--|---|----------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| At 1 April 2022 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,676 | 1,766 |
| IFRS 16 implementation - adjustments for onerous lease provisions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers by absorption | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Change in the discount rate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (126) | (126) |
| Arising during the year | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 241 | 252 |
| Utilised during the year | 0 | 0 | (10) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (10) |
| Reclassified to liabilities held in disposal groups | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reversed unused | 0 | 0 | (75) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (264) | (339) |
| Unwinding of discount | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| At 31 March 2023 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,530 | 1,546 |
| Expected timing of cash flows: | | | | | | | | |
| - not later than one year; | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 236 |
| - later than one year and not later than five years; | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 570 | 570 |
| - later than five years. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 740 | 740 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,530 | 1,546 |

The provisions in the "Legal Claims" class relate to expected NHS Resolution Employers/Public Liability Claims

The provision in Other (£1,530k) relates to 3 provisions:

- 1) £1,215k relates to dilapidation provisions for leased properties.
- 2) £171k is the estimated probable impact of service reviews.
- 3) A £144k provision relating to the 2019/20 clinicians' pensions scheme and this is the Trusts estimated liability as at 31 March 2023 provided by NHS England.

Note 24.2 Clinical negligence liabilities

At 31 March 2023, £822k was included in provisions of NHS Resolution in respect of clinical negligence liabilities of Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust (31 March 2022: £357k).

Note 25 Contingent assets and liabilities

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Value of contingent liabilities | | |
| NHS Resolution legal claims | (9) | (6) |
| Employment tribunal and other employee related litigation | 0 | 0 |
| Redundancy | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Gross value of contingent liabilities | (9) | (6) |
| Amounts recoverable against liabilities | 0 | 0 |
| Net value of contingent liabilities | (9) | (6) |
| Net value of contingent assets | 0 | 0 |

Note 26 Contractual capital commitments

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 312 | 829 |
| Intangible assets | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 312 | 829 |

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Note 27 Financial instruments

Note 27.1 Financial risk management

Financial reporting standard IFRS 7 requires disclosure of the role that financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks a body faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the continuing service provider relationship that the Trust has with commissioners and the way those commissioners are financed, the Trust is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Also financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of listed companies, to which the financial reporting standards mainly apply. The Trust has limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds and financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities rather than being held to change the risks facing the Trust in undertaking its activities.

The Trust's treasury management operations are carried out by the finance department, within parameters defined formally within the Trust's standing financial instructions and policies agreed by the board of directors. Trust treasury activity is subject to review by the Trust's internal auditors.

Since the financial instruments are all short term in nature, the Trust considers that the carrying amounts disclosed are a reasonable approximation of fair value and no further estimate of fair value is reported.

Currency risk

The Trust is principally a domestic organisation with the great majority of transactions, assets and liabilities being in the UK and sterling based. The Trust has no overseas operations. The Trust therefore has low exposure to currency rate fluctuations.

Interest rate risk

Currently the Trust has no loans with the only borrowings for Lease Liabilities. However, it could borrow from the government for capital expenditure, subject to affordability as confirmed by NHS England and NHS Improvement. The borrowings would be for 1 – 25 years, in line with the life of the associated assets, and interest is charged at the National Loans Fund rate, fixed for the life of the loan. The Trust therefore has a very low exposure to interest rate fluctuations.

Credit risk

Because the majority of the Trust's revenue comes from contracts with other public sector bodies, the Trust has low exposure to credit risk. The maximum exposures as at 31 March 2023 are in receivables from customers, as disclosed in the trade and other receivables note.

Liquidity risk

The Trust's operating costs are incurred under contracts with clinical commissioning organisations, which are financed from resources voted annually by Parliament. The Trust funds its capital expenditure from funds obtained within its prudential borrowing limit. The Trust is not, therefore, exposed to significant liquidity risks.

Note 27.2 Carrying values of financial assets

| | Held at amortised cost £000 | Held at fair value through I&E £000 | Held at fair value through OCI £000 | Total book value £000 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Carrying values of financial assets as at 31 March 2023 | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables excluding non financial assets | 4,321 | 0 | 0 | 4,321 |
| Other investments / financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 18,580 | 0 | 0 | 18,580 |
| Total at 31 March 2023 | 22,901 | 0 | 0 | 22,901 |

| | Held at amortised cost £000 | Held at fair value through I&E £000 | Held at fair value through OCI £000 | Total book value £000 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Carrying values of financial assets as at 31 March 2022 | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables excluding non financial assets | 3,208 | 0 | 0 | 3,208 |
| Other investments / financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 18,664 | 0 | 0 | 18,664 |
| Total at 31 March 2022 | 21,872 | 0 | 0 | 21,872 |

Note 27.3 Carrying values of financial liabilities

| | Held at amortised cost £000 | Held at fair value through I&E £000 | Total book value £000 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Carrying values of financial liabilities as at 31 March 2023 | | | |
| Obligations under leases | 7,928 | 0 | 7,928 |
| Trade and other payables excluding non financial liabilities | 8,156 | 0 | 8,156 |
| Provisions under contract | 1,546 | 0 | 1,546 |
| Total at 31 March 2023 | 17,630 | 0 | 17,630 |

| | Held at amortised cost £000 | Held at fair value through I&E £000 | Total book value £000 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Carrying values of financial liabilities as at 31 March 2022 | | | |
| Trade and other payables excluding non financial liabilities | 8,011 | 0 | 8,011 |
| Provisions under contract | 1,766 | 0 | 1,766 |
| Total at 31 March 2022 | 9,777 | 0 | 9,777 |

Note 27.4 Maturity of financial liabilities

The following maturity profile of financial liabilities is based on the contractual undiscounted cash flows. This differs to the amounts recognised in the statement of financial position which are discounted to present value.

| | 31 March 2023 £000 | 31 March 2022 £000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| In one year or less | 9,675 | 8,628 |
| In more than one year but not more than five years | 4,691 | 750 |
| In more than five years | 3,568 | 399 |
| Total | <u>17,934</u> | <u>9,777</u> |

The Maturity profile of Financial Liabilities has increased from March 2022 because of the adoption of IFRS 16. The Trust now has a £7.9m Lease obligation as at 31st March 2023 which it did not have in the 2021/22 financial year.

Note 28 Losses and special payments

| | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Total number of cases Number | Total value of cases £000 | Total number of cases Number | Total value of cases £000 |
| Losses | | | | |
| Cash losses | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Fruitless payments and constructive losses | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bad debts and claims abandoned | 539 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Total losses | 539 | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| Special payments | | | | |
| Ex-gratia payments | 2 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Total special payments | 2 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Total losses and special payments | 541 | 9 | 7 | 3 |
| Compensation payments received | | | | |

The vast majority of abandoned bad debt relates to Prescription charges at the Trusts Minor Injury Units with 527 cases at a cost of £5k.

Note 29 Related parties

During the year none of the Department of Health and Social Care Ministers, Trust board members or members of the key management staff, or parties related to any of them, has undertaken any material transactions with the Trust.

The Department of Health and Social Care is regarded as a related party. During the year the Trust has had a significant number of material transactions with the Department, and with other entities for which the Department is regarded as the parent Department. These entities are:

- Health Education England
- Midlands Partnership NHS Foundation Trust
- NHS England and Improvement
- NHS Pension Scheme
- NHS Property Services
- The Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
- Shrewsbury & Telford Hospitals NHS Trust
- Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin ICB
- HM Revenue and Customs

In addition, the Trust has had a number of material transactions with other government departments and other central and local government bodies. Most of these transactions have been with Shropshire Council and Telford & Wrekin Council.

The Trust has also received revenue payments from charitable funds, the trustees for which are also members of the Trust board by way of corporate trustee. The charitable funds are not consolidated into the Trust accounts as there is a separate annual accounts and annual report for the charity.

Note 30 Better Payment Practice code

| | 2022/23 Number | 2022/23 £000 | 2021/22 Number | 2021/22 £000 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Non-NHS Payables | | | | |
| Total non-NHS trade invoices paid in the year | 26,295 | 27,440 | 21,724 | 25,676 |
| Total non-NHS trade invoices paid within target | 25,824 | 27,047 | 21,259 | 25,375 |
| Percentage of non-NHS trade invoices paid within target | 98.2% | 98.6% | 97.9% | 98.8% |
| NHS Payables | | | | |
| Total NHS trade invoices paid in the year | 817 | 16,063 | 839 | 14,261 |
| Total NHS trade invoices paid within target | 787 | 15,716 | 816 | 13,965 |
| Percentage of NHS trade invoices paid within target | 96.3% | 97.8% | 97.3% | 97.9% |

The Better Payment Practice code requires the NHS body to aim to pay all valid invoices by the due date or within 30 days of receipt of valid invoice, whichever is later.

Note 31 External financing limit

The trust is given an external financing limit against which it is permitted to underspend

| | 2022/23 £000 | 2021/22 £000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cash flow financing | (1,260) | (224) |
| Leases taken out in year (finance leases in prior year) | | |
| Other capital receipts | | |
| External financing requirement | (1,260) | (224) |
| External financing limit (EFL) | (1,260) | (224) |
| Under / (over) spend against EFL | 0 | 0 |

Note 32 Capital Resource Limit

| | 2022/23 £000 | 2021/22 £000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Gross capital expenditure | 3,036 | 4,360 |
| Less: Disposals | (11) | (23) |
| Less: Donated and granted capital additions | (137) | 0 |
| Plus: Loss on disposal from capital grants in kind | 0 | 0 |
| Charge against Capital Resource Limit | 2,888 | 4,337 |
| Capital Resource Limit | 2,888 | 4,337 |
| Under / (over) spend against CRL | 0 | 0 |

Note 33 Breakeven duty financial performance

| | 2022/23 £000 | 2021/22 £000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Adjusted financial performance surplus / (deficit) (control total basis) | 1,092 | 2,761 |
| Breakeven duty financial performance surplus / (deficit) | 1,092 | 2,761 |

Adjusted financial performance (control total basis):

| | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Surplus / (deficit) for the period | 833 | 2,389 |
| Remove net impairments not scoring to the Departmental expenditure limit | 220 | 188 |
| Remove I&E impact of capital grants and donations | 42 | 128 |
| Remove net impact of inventories received from DHSC group bodies for COVID response | (3) | 56 |
| Adjusted financial performance surplus / (deficit) | 1,092 | 2,761 |

Note 34 Breakeven duty rolling assessment

| | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 |
|--|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Breakeven duty in-year financial performance | | 0 | 0 | 1,397 | 1,496 | 234 | 352 | 1,355 |
| Breakeven duty cumulative position | - | 0 | 0 | 1,397 | 2,893 | 3,127 | 3,479 | 4,834 |
| Operating income | | 0 | 0 | 80,802 | 79,679 | 76,105 | 75,286 | 78,940 |
| Cumulative breakeven position as a percentage of operating income | | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.7% | 3.6% | 4.1% | 4.6% | 6.1% |
| | | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 | 2022/23 |
| | | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Breakeven duty in-year financial performance | | 2,596 | 2,758 | 2,492 | 971 | 244 | 2,761 | 1,092 |
| Breakeven duty cumulative position | | 7,430 | 10,188 | 12,680 | 13,651 | 13,895 | 16,656 | 17,748 |
| Operating income | | 79,377 | 77,861 | 80,942 | 88,443 | 96,552 | 99,620 | 105,480 |
| Cumulative breakeven position as a percentage of operating income | | 9.4% | 13.1% | 15.7% | 15.4% | 14.4% | 16.7% | 16.8% |

Adjustments are made in respect of accounting policy changes (impairments and the removal of the donated assets) to maintain comparability year to year.

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